MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1992

Legislative Document

No. 2460

S.P. 974

In Senate, February 29, 1992

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator COLLINS of Aroostook (GOVERNOR'S BILL).

Cosponsored by Senator BOST of Penobscot, Representative CASHMAN of Old Town and Representative KERR of Old Orchard Beach.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO

An Act to Encourage the Development of Business and Infrastructure through the Extension of State Tax Increment Financing.



	Be it	enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2		Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
4	606,	Pt. A, §2 and affected by §4, is repealed.
6		Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA $\S5252$, sub- $\S\S1$ -B and 2-A are enacted to read:
8	prece	1-B. Base period. "Base period" means the 3 calendar years eding the calendar year in which an application for approval
10	of a	state tax increment financing district is submitted to the ssioner of Economic and Community Development by
12		cipality.
14	busin	2-A. Designated business. "Designated business" means and the second sec
16	and d	designated by the municipality as a "designated business" for esses of state tax increment financing.
18		Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§8-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
20	606,	Pt. A, §2 and affected by §4, is repealed.
22	431,	Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §5254, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c. §8, is further amended to read:
24		
26	•	B. Annually set aside all tax increment revenues or retained captured assessed values and all state tax increment revenues payable to the municipality for public
28		purposes and deposit all tax-inerement such revenues to the appropriate development program fund account in the
30		following priority:
3.2		(1) To the development sinking fund account, an amount sufficient, together with estimated future revenues to
34		be deposited to the account and earnings on the amount,
36		to satisfy all annual debt service on bonds and notes issued under section 5257 and the financial plan; and
38		(2) To the project cost account, an amount sufficient,
40		together with estimated future revenues to be deposited to the account and earnings on the amount, to satisfy
42		all annual project costs to be paid from the account;

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA $\S5254$ -A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 606, Pt. A, $\S3$ and affected by $\S4$, is amended to read:

§5254-A. State tax increment financing

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 Eligibility. Any tax increment financing district, ereated <u>designated</u> by a municipality and duly-designated <u>approved</u> by the State, in which Commissioner of Economic and Community Development under section 5253, subsection 1, paragraph F provided captured assessed value within the district is created after the effective date of this section July 30, 1991, is eligible to be approved as a state tax increment financing district. Municipalities must demonstrate that without the approval as a state tax increment financing district. Municipalities must demonstrate that without the approval as a state tax increment financing district the project will not generate new sales tax revenues of create new jobs that will not generate new sales tax revenues of create new jobs that will result in new individual income taxes. Upon determination by the designating authority shall approve the municipal creation of the state tax increment financing district.

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- 1-A. Procedure for establishing state tax increment financing district. A municipality desiring to establish a state tax increment financing district must apply to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development for approval of the proposed state tax increment financing district. The procedure for application is as follows.
 - A. The proposed state tax increment financing district must be approved locally by vote of the municipal officers of the municipality within which the proposed district will be located. Before approving a state tax increment financing district, the municipal officers shall hold at least one public hearing. Notice of the hearing must be published at least 10 days before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the municipality is located.

B. The municipal officers shall adopt for the proposed state tax increment financing district a development program that identifies all designated businesses within the district and sets forth the amount of sales tax paid by designated businesses in connection with operations within the proposed district, the number of employees at designated businesses and the total state income taxes withheld by designated business for the base period. The development program may be combined with or integrated into the development program for the underlying municipal development district or may be separately stated, maintained and implemented. The development program may specify the allocable shares of the municipality and each designated business for liability for refund of the state tax increment revenues resulting from an audit. That allocation may be made by any means determined by the municipal officers to reasonably reflect the economic benefit derived from operation of the district.

		C. Prior to approval of the proposed state tax increment
, 2		financing district, the Commissioner of Administrative and
		Financial Services shall estimate the annual amount to be
4		deposited in the state tax increment contingent account for
		all existing state tax increment financing districts,
6		including the proposed district, and that estimate must be
		used in determining compliance with the limitations imposed
8		under subsection 4, paragraphs D and E.
10		D. The municipality, acting through its municipal officers
,		or their designee, shall submit an application to the
12.		Commissioner of Economic and Community Development on such
		form or forms and with such supporting data as the
14		commissioner requires for approval of the proposed state tax
		increment financing district, including without limitation
16		certifications by the designated businesses as to the
_ • .4.		average annual number of persons employed by each designated
18		business within the boundaries of the proposed district, the
		average total state income taxes withheld by designated
20		businesses during the base period and the average annual
20		amount of sales tax remittances paid by each designated
22		business from operations within the boundaries of the
22		proposed district during the base period.
24		proposed district during the base period.
27		E. Upon approval of the state tax increment financing
26	•	district, the Commissioner of Economic and Community
.20		Development shall issue a certificate of approval.
28	;	beveropment sharr issue a certificate of approvar.
20		1 B Critoria for approval Dries to ignuing a contificate
30	of a	1-B. Criteria for approval. Prior to issuing a certificate pproval for any state tax increment financing district, the
30		
32		issioner of Economic and Community Development must determine
3 4	that	<u>.</u>
2.4		3 The comming described in the described
34		A. The economic development described in the development
36		program will not go forward without the approval of the
30		state tax increment financing district. This requirement
าก		does not apply to the addition of state tax increment
3.8	٠	financing provisions to municipal development districts
40	• •	created prior to the effective date of this subsection;
40		D. Who consider the size of the contraction of the
4.3		B. The proposed district will make a contribution to the
42		economic growth of the State, the control of pollution in
		the State or the betterment of the health, welfare or safety
44		of the inhabitants of the State; and
4.5		
46	٠.	C. The economic development described in the development
4.0		program will not result in a substantial detriment to
48	1	existing businesses in the State. In order to make this
	100	determination, the Commissioner of Economic and Community

Development shall consider, pursuant to Title 5, chapter

375, subchapter II, those factors the commissioner determines necessary to measure and evaluate the effect of the proposed district on existing businesses, including:

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(1) Whether a proposed district should be approved if, as a result of the benefits to designated businesses, there will not be sufficient demand within the market area of the State to be served by the project to employ the efficient capacity of existing businesses; and

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(2) Whether any adverse economic effect of the proposed district on existing businesses is outweighed by the contribution described in paragraph B.

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The municipality has the burden of demonstrating that the proposed district will not result in a substantial detriment to existing businesses in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph, including rules adopted in accordance with this paragraph, except that when no interested parties object to the proposed district, the requirements of this paragraph are deemed satisfied. Interested parties must be given an opportunity, with or without a hearing at the discretion of the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, to present their objections to the proposed district on grounds that the proposed district will result in a substantial detriment to existing businesses. If any interested party presents objections with reasonable specificity and persuasiveness, the commissioner may divulge any information concerning the economic development described in the development program that the commissioner considers necessary for a fair presentation by the objecting party and an evaluation of those objections. If the commissioner finds that the municipality has failed to meet its burden as specified in this paragraph, the application must be denied.

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2. Retained state tax revenues. On--an--annual--basis, designated-businesses-within-the-district-shall-report-the-amount ef--new--sales--tax--and--number--of--new--employees--and--their eempensation-levels,--above-the-average-level--of-the-previous-3 years --- The - State -- Tax - Assessor -- shall - determine - the - net -- annual gain--in-state--tax--revenues--through--newly-generated--individual income-and-sales-taxes---The-municipality-may-receive-up-to-25% of-the-total-of-new-sales-tax-revenues-and-up-to-25%-of-the-total of--new--individual--income-taxes-generated-by--each--designated business-within-the-district,-as-determined-by-the-State-Tax Assesser-subject-to-the-further-limitations-in-subsection-4,--The municipality-shall-then-place-this-state-tax-increment-financing revenue-in-the-development-sinking-fund-established-in-accordance with-section-5254,-subsection-3. The following provisions govern retained state tax revenues.

2	A. On or before April 15th of each year, designated
	businesses located within a state tax increment financing
4	district shall report the amount of sales tax paid in
	connection with operations within the district, the number
6	of employees, the state income taxes withheld for the
	immediately preceding calendar year and any further
8	information the State Tax Assessor may reasonably require.
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10	On or before June 30th of each year, the State Tax Assessor
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10	shall determine, based on a comparison of the current
12	reports and the base-period reports contained in the
	application to the Commissioner of Economic and Community
14	Development for approval of a state tax increment financing
	district, the net annual gain in sales tax paid in
16	connection with operations within the district and the state
	income taxes withheld. The net annual gain is referred to
18	as the state tax increment.
20	B. A municipality may receive up to 25% of the state tax
	increment generated by or at designated businesses within a
22	state tax increment financing district as determined by the
	State Tax Assessor subject to the further limitations in
24	subsection 4 and that amount is referred to as retained
-	state tax increment revenues.
26	beaco can increment lovement.
20	2-A. Calculation of state tax increment. The State Tax
28	Assessor shall take the following into account when calculating
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2.0	state tax increments.
3.0	
	A. In determining the state tax increment for a particular
32	<u>district, the State Tax Assessor shall consider the</u>
	following factors:
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	(1) The incremental change in sales tax revenues and
36	income taxes withheld pursuant to Title 36, section
	5250 attributable to each designated business within
38	the district, taking into consideration tax revenues
	attributable to businesses affiliated with designated
40	businesses. For purposes of this subsection, 2
	businesses are affiliated if one owns 50% or more of
42	the stock or controlling interest in the other or if
	50% or more of the stock or controlling interest in
44	each business is directly or indirectly owned by a
	common owner or owners;
46	Common Office Of Offices
χU	(2) The growth in calca tay revenues and income tayer
4.0	(2) The growth in sales tax revenues and income taxes
48	withheld pursuant to Title 36, section 5250
	actriputable to all pusinesses Within the district! and

	(3) The growth in sales tax revenues and income taxes
2	withheld pursuant to Title 36, section 5250 in the
	State as a whole.
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	B. In calculating the state tax increment attributable to
6	retail business operations within a state tax increment
	financing district, the State Tax Assessor shall make an
8	annual calculation of the state tax increment that consists
	of sales tax revenues determined to be in addition to total
10	state sales tax revenues that would have been collected in
	the absence of the state tax increment financing district.
12	In determining the state tax increment attributable to
	retail business operations, the State Tax Assessor shall
14	make calculations necessary to establish the sales tax
	incremental revenues attributable to the district and remove
16	all retail sales that may have shifted from other
	locations. The base period for making projections of
18	taxable retail sales is the last full calendar year
	preceding the initial capital improvements financed by the
20	state tax increment financing revenue. The State Tax
	Assessor may consider the factors contained in paragraph A,
22	except the individual income taxes withheld by retail
	businesses pursuant to Title 36, section 5250. In addition,
24	the State Tax Assessor may consider any factors appropriate
	to the determination of the state tax increment attributable
26	to retail business operations, including the following
2.0	factors:
28	
30	(1) The amount of taxable sales in the district during
30	the base period and in all subsequent periods;
32	(2) The amount of taxable sales during the base period
J Z	and in all subsequent periods in the geographic region
34	in which the district is located;
JI	in which the district is located,
36	(3) The amount of taxable sales in the State during
	the base period and in all subsequent periods; and
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	(4) The existence of more than one state tax increment
40	financing district in the same geographic region, in
	which case any state tax increment may be prorated
42	among them based on their taxable sales.
44	C. The incremental sales and income tax revenues
	attributable to a particular designated business are equal
46	to the margin, if any, by which the business's growth caused
	by the state tax increment financing investment exceeds the
48	higher of the growth rate of the State as a whole and the
	growth rate of any affiliated businesses.

D. Designated businesses with a negative sales and income tax increment serve to offset those with a positive increment.

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- State tax increment contingent account created. At-the end--of On or before June 30th of each fiscal year, the Commissioner of Finance Administrative and Financial Services shall deposit up-to-25%-of-the-net-annual-qain-in-sales-and individual-income-tax-revenues-as-determined-by-the-State-Tax Assesser an amount equal to the total retained state tax increment revenues for the preceding calendar year for approved state tax increment financing districts in the state contingent account <u>established</u>, <u>maintained</u> increment administered by the commissioner. The-State-Controller-shall-pay the--funds--te--municipalities--as--certified--by--the--State--Tax Assesser On or before July 31st of each year, the commissioner shall pay to each municipality an amount equal to the retained state tax increment revenues for the preceding calendar year from all state tax increment financing districts located within that municipality.
- 22 <u>3-A. Application of payment to municipalities.</u> All retained state tax increment revenues paid to a municipality must be deposited in the appropriate development program fund established in section 5254, subsection 3 and invested, used and applied in the manner described in the development program.
 - 4. Limitations. The following limitations apply.
 - A. A state tax increment financing district may apply only to benefitted <u>designated</u> businesses involved in nonretail commercial activities, including but not limited manufacturing, wholesaling, warehousing, distribution, office, administration and other service-related commercial Notwithstanding this paragraph, a state tax activities. increment financing district may apply to designated businesses involved in retail commercial activities pursuant to subsection 4-A. The state tax increment must be calculated pursuant to this section.

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A-1. A development program for a state tax increment financing district must identify all designated businesses within the district and specify the direct financial benefits to be provided to the designated businesses, if any. A municipality may designate a business relocating from another location in this State, when that relocation involves moving the locus of employment and sales, only if the municipal officers find that the relocation will result in an increase in the amount of sales or the number of employees of the business above the average annual sales and

		employment levels at the prior rotation during the base
2		period. When such a relocating business is designated, the
		sales tax, the number of employees and the state income
4		taxes withheld for the base period must be those reported in
		the development program for that business at its prior
6		location.
8		BA-business-relocating-from-another-location-in-this
		State, -moving-employment-and-sales, -is-not-eligible-for-the
10		state-tax-inerement-financing.
12		C A-business-must-demonstrate-that-the-operation-within-a
		tax-increment-financing-district-will-have-no-adverse-effect
14		on-other-businesses-in-the-State-nor-will-it-create-an
		unfair-competitive-advantage-in-relation-to-other-businesses
1.6		in-the-State.
18		D. Astatetaxincrementfinancingdistrictmaynet
		designateanaggregateamountof The retained state tax
20		increment revenues greater than attributable to an
		individual state tax increment financing district may not
22		exceed 10% of the aggregated total allowed within the state
		tax increment contingent account.
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		E. At no time may the aggregate annual liability retained
26		state tax increment revenues for all state tax increment
		financing districts exceed \$20,000,000.
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		F. A transfer of ownership of interest in or any of the
30		assets of an existing business may not be construed as
		creating newly generated state tax revenues except to the
32		extent of actual increase in the amount of sales or the
		number of employees above the average annual sales and
34		employment levels during the base period.
36		G. State tax increment revenues received by a municipality
		pursuant to subsection 2 may not be used by the municipality
38	. •	to cover tax increment financing obligations arising under
		section 5254.
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		H. State tax increment revenues received by a municipality
42		with respect to a particular state tax increment financing
		district pursuant to subsection 2 may not exceed the amount
44		of estimated state tax increment revenues contained in the
		district's development program approved by the Commissioner
46		of Economic and Community Development pursuant to subsection
		1-A.
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		4-A. Districts containing retail business operations. The
50	Comm.	issioner of Economic and Community Development shall approve

a state tax increment financing district in which a retail business operation is a designated business upon making a factual determination that the following conditions are satisfied:

A. The district will result in total annual sales tax revenues equal to or greater than \$3,000,000 or the district involves, aids or otherwise relates to downtown redevelopment. For purposes of this subsection, "downtown redevelopment" means any rehabilitation or improvement of an area described in the development program that has been used primarily for retail trade and related purposes for at least 25 years, is identified in the municipality's comprehensive plan or zoning ordinance as an area designated for retail trade and related uses and is a blighted area or an area in need of rehabilitation or redevelopment; and

B. A state tax increment is likely to result from the district and that increment will not include sales tax revenues derived from a transferring or shifting of retail sales from another geographic area within the State to the district.

The municipality making the application bears the burden of proving to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development by a preponderance of the evidence that the district satisfies the criteria under paragraphs A and B. For purposes of this subsection, "retail business operation" means a business location engaged in making retail sales of consumer goods for household use to consumers who personally visit the location to purchase the goods.

5. Duration of state designation. State tax increment financing districts have a maximum duration of 10 years.

- 6. Program; administration. The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall administer ——a— the state tax increment financing program. The commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act for implementation of the program, including, but not limited to, rules for determining and certifying eligibility and, in consultation with the State Tax Assessor, the amount of the tax increment attributable to particular districts. The commissioner may also establish by rule fees for administration of the program, including fees payable to the State Tax Assessor for obligations under this Part. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection must be deposited into the General Fund.
- 7. Repeal of state tax increment financing districts. The designation of new state tax increment financing districts ceases 2-years-after-the-effective-date-of-this-section June 30, 1994,

	subject to review by the joint standing committees of the
. 2	Legislature having jurisdiction over economic development and taxation matters. Designation of new state tax increment
4	financing districts may only be resumed by act of the Legislature.
6	8. Confidential information. The following records are designated as confidential for purposes of Title 1, section 402,
8	subsection 3, paragraph A:
10	A. Any record obtained or developed by a municipality, the
12	Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the State Tax Assessor for designation or approval of a state tax increment financing district. After receipt by the
14	municipality, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the State Tax Assessor of the application or
16	proposal, a record pertaining to the application or proposal is not considered confidential unless it meets the
18	requirements of paragraphs B to F;
20	B. Any record obtained or developed by a municipality, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the
22	State Tax Assessor that meets one of the following:
24	(1) A person, which may include a municipality, to whom the record belongs or pertains has requested that
26	the record be designated confidential; or
28	(2) The municipality has determined that information in the record gives the owner or a user of that
30	information an opportunity to obtain business or competitive advantage over another person who does not
32	have access to the information or that access to the information by others would result in a business or
34	competitive disadvantage, loss of business or other significant detriment to any person to whom the record
36	belongs or pertains;
38	C. Any record, including any financial statement or tax return, obtained or developed by the municipality, the
40	Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the State Tax Assessor, the disclosure of which would constitute
42	an invasion of personal privacy, as determined by the governmental entity in possession of that record or
44	information:
46	D. Any record, including any financial statement or tax return, obtained or developed by the municipality, the
48	Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the State Tax Assessor in connection with any monitoring or
50	servicing activity by the municipality, the Commissioner of

-	onomic and Community Development or the State Tax Assessor at pertains to a state tax increment financing district;
<u>Car</u>	ac percains to a state tax increment linanting district,
	Any record obtained or developed by the municipality,
	<u>e Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or</u>
	<u>e State Tax Assessor that contains an assessment by a</u>
	rson who is not employed by that municipality or the State
	the creditworthiness or financial condition of any person
or	project; and
E?	Any financial statement if a person to whom the
	atement belongs or pertains has requested that the record
	<u>designated confidential.</u>
ne	designaced confidencial.
À perso	n may not knowingly divulge or disclose records declared
	ntial by this subsection.
<u>9.</u>	Audit process. Nothing in this section may be construed
	t the State Tax Assessor's authority to conduct an audit
	taxpayer included as a designated business in a
	ment program pursuant to subsection 1-A, paragraph B. If
	utions are made to a municipality with respect to a state
	crement financing district, the designated businesses
	that district are subject to audit. When it is determined
	State Tax Assessor upon audit that a municipality has
	d a distribution larger than that to which it is entitled
	this section, the overpayment must be applied against
-	ent distributions. When there is no subsequent
	ution, the designated business or businesses to which ments were made are liable for the amount of the
	ments and may be assessed pursuant to Title 36.
- ACT Day	ments and may be assessed parsuant to trete so.
Sec	c.6. 30-A MRSA §5261 is enacted to read:
§5261.	Unorganized territory
<u>Fo</u> :	r the purposes of this chapter, a county may act as a
	ality for the unorganized territory within the county and
	<u>signate development districts within the unorganized</u>
	ry. When a county acts under this section, the county
	ioners act as the municipality and as the municipal
	tive body, the State Tax Assessor acts as the municipal
	r and the unorganized territory fund receives the funds
	ted for the municipal general fund. A development
	t created under this section is not eligible for state tax
	nt financing under section 5254-A. For purposes of
section	5255, the State acts as the municipal assessing authority.
	STATEMENT OF FACT
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Page 11-LR3896(1) L.D.2460

This bill accomplishes the following.

1. It establishes a base period from which growth within a state tax increment financing district is measured. Currently, the law provides for a "floating" base period, which necessitates that a municipality wishing to make use of the state increment financing program experience continued growth in order to receive state tax increment financing revenues.

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2. It defines "designated business." This term is used repeatedly throughout the state tax increment financing laws but is not defined.

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- 3. It enacts the procedure for establishing state tax increment financing districts.
- 16 4. It enables tax increment financing districts to be created in the unorganized territory.