MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

(Filing No. H- 1090)
(FIIIING NO. H- 1050)
CONTACTOR AND AN ATAINS
STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 115TH LEGISLATURE
SECOND REGULAR SESSION
COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1671, L.D. 2347, Bill, "An Act to Amend the Radioactive Waste Laws"
Amend the bill by striking out all of section 2 and inserting in its place the following:
'Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §1540, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 480, §17, is further amended to read:
1. Strict liability. Notwithstanding any provision of law
to the contrary, <u>except as otherwise expressly provided in</u> <u>section 1540-A</u> , any person, including the authority, engaged in low-level radioactive waste disposal or storage activities
provided in this chapter,shallbe is subject to liability without fault for property damage, bodily injury or death
resulting from those activities. Any defendant in an action under this subsection may be jeintly-and-severally liable for
actual damages only as provided in section 1540-A.
Further amend the bill by striking out all of sections 6 and 7 and inserting in their place the following:
Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §1540-A is enacted to read:
§1540-A. Liability scheme
The liability imposed under section 1540 for damages caused by low-level radioactive waste is apportioned as follows.
1. Liability for low-level radioactive waste prior to
authority possession. Prior to authority possession of low-level
radioactive waste, each generator, owner or transporter of
low-level radioactive waste is liable for actual damages caused

by the low-level radioactive waste of that generator, owner or

46

48

transporter.

2. Liability for low-level radioactive waste in authority 2 possession. Following the authority taking possession of low-level radioactive waste, liability for actual damages caused by the low-level radioactive waste is apportioned in the 4 following order. б A. The authority is strictly liable for any damages up to 8 the level of insurance coverage secured by the authority as required under section 1540, subsection 4 and the level of any self-insurance fund established by the authority under 10 section 1540, subsection 4 on the date of the filing of any action pursuant to section 1540, subsection 1. 1.2 B. Siting, design and construction contractors and site 14 operators retained by the authority are liable for their own negligent acts or omissions proximately causing injury or 16 damage to persons or property for damages not satisfied 18 pursuant to paragraph A. C. Generators or owners of low-level radioactive waste are 20 strictly liable for damages not satisfied pursuant to 22 paragraphs A and B in proportion to the volume and curie content, calculated in the same manner as user fees under section 1536, subsection 2, of the waste shipped to the 24 low-level radioactive waste storage or disposal facility. 26 D. The authority is strictly liable for damages not 28 satisfied pursuant to paragraphs A to C but only up to the level of the amount recoverable by the authority through 30 supplemental fees under section 1542. The authority is not required to pay any amount under this paragraph until it 32 actually collects that amount through supplemental fees under section 1542. 34 E. If damages remain unsatisfied after liability is imposed and apportioned under paragraphs A to D, the State accepts 36 liability for any property damage, bodily injury or death resulting from the low-level radioactive waste disposal or 38 storage activities provided in this chapter. 40 3. Right of contribution. Any person who has been assessed 42 and has paid damages pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 may sue to recover those damages from any person whose negligent act or 44 omission proximately caused those damages. The authority shall pursue any reasonable remedies, considering the 46 cost-effectiveness of pursuing these remedies, that it has against any negligent party to recover damages paid out under

subsection 2, paragraph A. All damages recovered under this subsection by the authority must be placed in the self-insurance

48

fund established under section 1540 to the extent that the self-insurance fund was depleted to pay damages under subsection 2, paragraph A. Any further damages recovered by the authority under this subsection may be used to reimburse any commercial insurer of the authority for damages paid by that insurer under subsection 2, paragraph A, to the extent reimbursement is required by the policy of that insurer. All other damages recovered by the authority under this subsection must be placed in the self-insurance fund.

10

12

14

16

18

20

2

б

8

- 4. Out-of-state disposal. Notwithstanding section 1540, subsection 1, the liability scheme set forth in this chapter does not apply to the disposal of low-level radioactive waste at a facility located outside the State, even if the authority helped to negotiate an agreement or operated as a billing agent for the compact or contract payments.
- Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §1542, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 530, §4, is amended to read:

§1542. Supplemental fee

22

24

28

30

34

36

38

40

42

Except-fer-costs-attributable-to-negligence-by-the-authority er-its-contractors,-if If the eest costs of post-closure care, authority liability for actual damages under section 1540-A, including a contribution action under section 1540-A, subsection 3, and long-term institutional control, including mitigation of any environmental problems that may develop at the site, execeds exceed the available funds available to the authority, including enforcement of a an existing judgment, federal assistance and the reserve for unforeseen contingencies provided in sections 1535 and 1536, the authority may assess generators of low-level radioactive waste a supplemental fee to cover that--eest those costs, in proportion to the volume and fadioactivity-of-the portion-of-the-waste-generated-by-each-generator-which-remains-in the-waste-stream curie content, calculated in the same manner as user fees under section 1536, subsection 2, of the waste shipped to the low-level radioactive waste storage or disposal facility. In the event that a generator has insufficient assets at that time, the owners of that generator shall--be are jointly and severally liable for the supplemental fee of that generator. If any owner pays more than his the owner's proportional share of the costs under this subsection, that owner shall--have has a cause of action to recover that excess from other owners who paid less than their share.'

46

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1671, L.D. 2347

8

10

20

26

44

3/11/92

STATEMENT OF FACT

_	
	This amendment readjusts the apportionment of liability for
4	damages caused by low-level radioactive waste in the possession
	of the Maine Low-level Radioactive Waste Authority. Under this
6	amendment:

- The authority is first strictly liable for any claims for actual damages up to the level of its self-insurance fund and whatever commercial insurance it has;
- 2. Siting, design and construction contractors and site operators are next liable for unsatisfied damage claims for their own negligence;
- 3. Generators or owners of low-level radioactive waste are next strictly liable for unsatisfied damage claims in proportion to the volume and curie content of the waste each shipped to the low-level radioactive waste storage or disposal facility;
- 4. The authority is next strictly liable for any unsatisfied damage claims up to the level of any amount that it can recover through supplemental fees imposed on generators and owners of generators; and
 - 5. Finally, any remaining liability is accepted by the State.
- This amendment allows a right-of-contribution action to be brought by any entity that has paid damages under the liability apportionment scheme against any person whose negligence caused those damages. This amendment also requires the authority to pursue cost-effective and reasonable remedies against negligent parties. Damages recovered by the authority are required first to be used to replenish the self-insurance fund, then to pay claims of its commercial insurer. Any further damages recovered are placed in the self-insurance fund.
- Finally, this amendment clarifies the provision of law that allows the authority to assess supplemental fees. It also allows the authority to assess supplemental fees to cover costs of liability imposed under the liability apportionment scheme, including any contribution action brought against the authority for negligence.

orted by the Committee on Energy and Material a

Reported by the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House

(Filing No. H-1090)