# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

# SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1992

## Legislative Document

No. 2100

H.P. 1488

House of Representatives, January 7, 1992

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 26. Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative LUTHER of Mexico. Cosponsored by Representative RAND of Portland.

### STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO

An Act to Make Revisions in Workers' Compensation Employment Rehabilitation.



Be i	t	enacted	by	the	Peop	ple	of	the	State	of	Maine	as	follow	7S:
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39 MRSA §86, as amended by PL 1989, c. 580, §12, is further amended to read:

### §86. Rehabilitation priorities

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Alternative rehabilitation plans must be evaluated on the basis of each plan's likelihood of returning the employee, to the maximum extent practicable, to employment that is as similar as possible to the employee's skill level and wage level at the time of injury. The following priorities shall must be used in evaluating alternative rehabilitation plans. Retraining may be allowed within any priority. No higher numbered priority may be utilized unless all lower numbered priorities have determined by the rehabilitation counselor to be unlikely to result in a suitable job placement for the injured employee that is consistent with the priorities listed in this section.

18 20 lower numbered priority is clearly inappropriate employee, the next higher numbered priority shall must be utilized as follows:

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ı. Former job. Return of the employee his to employee's preinjury job with the same employer. The employee may be retrained if necessary to achieve this return;

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Modified job. Return of the employee to his employee's preinjury job with the same employer. The tasks or the workplace may be modified and the employee retrained if necessary to achieve this return;

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New job. 3. Return to employment with the preinjury employer in a different position that maximizes the employee's potential up to the skill level and wage level of the employee's preinjury job. The employee may be retrained if necessary;

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On-the-job training with preinjury employer. Return to employment with the preinjury employer for on-the-job training that maximizes the employee's potential up to the skill level and wage level of the employee's preinjury job;

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employer. Employment with а new Retraining for a position that maximizes the employee's potential up to the skill level and wage level of the employee's preinjury job may be allowed if necessary;

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On-the-job training with new employer. training with a new employer in a position that maximizes the employee's potential up to the skill level and wage level of the employee's preinjury job; or

7. Career retraining. A goal-oriented period of formal training which that is designed to lead to employment in another career field and maximizes the employee's potential up to the skill level and wage level of the employee's preinjury job. Retraining may include education of the employee when appropriate.

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### STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to ensure that alternative rehabilitation plans for injured workers under the workers'

compensation laws are evaluated on the basis of each plan's likelihood of returning the employee to employment that is as similar as possible to the employee's skill level and wage level at the time of injury.