MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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115th WAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1992

Legislative Document

No. 2097

H.P. 1485

House of Representatives, January 7, 1992

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative MARSH of West Gardiner.
Cosponsored by Representative MICHAUD of East Millinocket.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO

An Act to Implement a Toxic Control Strategy for Maine Waters.



2	
4	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA $\$420\text{-A}$, as amended by PL 1991, c. 66, Pt. A, $\$9$ and affected by $\$43$, is repealed.
6	Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §420-B is enacted to read:
8	§420-B Toxics monitoring program
LO	In order to determine the nature of toxic contamination in the waters and fisheries of the State, the department shall
. 2	<pre>conduct a one-year monitoring program as described in this section.</pre>
.4	1. Toxics defined. As used in this section, the term
16	"toxics" means any chlorinated organic compound or other toxic
8.	compound as listed in the United States Environmental Protection Agency water quality criteria.
0.	2. Monitoring locations and subjects. The department shall:
2	A. Select a representative sample of wastewater treatment
4	plant effluents from municipal wastewater treatment plants, bleached pulp mills and other industries in the State.
· ·	These facilities must be selected on the basis of known or
6	likely toxic contamination of their discharged effluent.
28	The total number of facilities may not exceed 100;
	B. Sample and test the effluents of these facilities for
0	toxic contamination at least once during each month of the
	year. The department shall specify which toxics will be
32	analyzed; and
14	C. Sample and test for toxics contamination a selection of
	fish representative of those species present in the
6	receiving waters. Sufficient numbers of fish must be
	analyzed to provide a reasonable estimate of the level of
8	contamination in the population of each water body affected.
10	3. Coordination of monitoring. The commissioner shall coordinate the monitoring program established under this section
2	with other toxic monitoring programs conducted by the department,
	the United States Environmental Protection Agency or dischargers
4	of wastewater and other programs determined relevant. The
	commissioner shall seek to integrate the results of these other
6	programs, as relevant, into the reports required by this section.
8	4. Fees assessed. The commissioner shall assess the
	selected facilities for the costs of sample collection and
0	analysis. Fees received under this section must be credited to

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

	the Maine Environmental Protection Fund. Payment of these fee
2	is a condition of the discharge license issued under this Titl
	for continued operation of the selected facilities.
4	
_	5. Discharge limitations. Information gained during the
б	toxics study may be used to determine allowable effluen
	concentration of discharges of toxic substances to the State's
8	waters. Discharge limitation must be established and required in
10	accordance with Title 38, sections 413 and 420.
10	Sec. 3. Report. The department shall report by December 31.
12	1993, on the results of the monitoring program under Title 38
12	§420-B to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having
14	jurisdiction over natural resources. The final report must
T-Z	contain the department's conclusions as to the levels of toxics
16	contamination in the sample subjects and the likely scope of
10	toxics contamination in the State's waters.
18	coales concentracton in the peace s waters.
	Sec. 4. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the
20	Maine Environmental Protection Fund to carry out the purposes of
	this Act.
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	1992-9 3
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	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,
26	DEPARTMENT OF
20	Wilson On Par Clarate II
28	Water Quality Control
30	All Other \$1,000,000
30	All Other
32	Provides funds to conduct the
52	toxics monitoring program in
34	Maine rivers.
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	STATEMENT OF FACT
38	
	This bill provides funds to enable the Department of
40	Environmental Protection to collect wastewater discharges and
	fish taken from surface waters associated with wastewater
42	discharges. These samples will be analyzed in order to assess
	levels of toxic pollutants being discharged to the waters of the
44	State. Waste discharges associated with the use of chlorine may
	result in the formation or discharge of complex chlorinated
46	compounds that may have toxic environmental effects if their
	concentrations in rivers and streams are excessive. The bill is
48	an extension of legislative efforts to assess the impact of
	dioxin discharges in Maine waters. Costs of campling and

analysis are assessed to selected industrial and municipal wastewater treatment plants that have been shown in previous

studies to discharge chemicals such as dioxin or other toxics.

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