## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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(Filing No. H-510) STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 8 115TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION 10 12 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 1138, L.D. 1663, Bill, "An Act to Preserve the Confidentiality of Communications by 14 Interpreters for the Deaf" 16 Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in its 18 place the following: 20 'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §48, sub-§1, ¶¶A-1, A-2 and E-1 are enacted to 22 read: 24 A-1. "Client" means a person who is deaf, hearing impaired or hearing who is rendered interpreting services by a 26 privileged interpreter. 28 "Confidential communication" means a communication that a client has a reasonable expectation is not being disclosed to persons other than a privileged interpreter and 30 any client to whom the communication is intended to be made. 32 "Privileged interpreter" means a person identified by 34 clients as necessary to facilitate accurate communication between the clients and who otherwise has no substantial personal or business interest in the communication. 36 Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §48, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 70, is 38 repealed and the following enacted in its place: 40 4. Privileged communication. Except when a court in the 42 exercise of sound discretion determines the disclosure necessary to the proper administration of justice, a privileged interpreter may not disclose any aspect of a confidential communication 44 facilitated by that interpreter unless all clients of the

privileged interpreter privy to that communication consent to the

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disclosure.'

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## STATEMENT OF FACT

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This amendment strikes the language of the bill. In its place, this amendment provides definitions of "confidential communication," "client" and "privileged interpreter." This amendment provides that a privileged interpreter may not disclose any aspect of a confidential communication facilitated by the interpreter, unless all clients privy to that communication consent to the waiver. This amendment also provides that a court, in the exercise of sound discretion, may order disclosure when it determines the disclosure necessary to the proper administration of justice.

Reported by the Committee on Judiciary
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(5/30/91) (Filing No. H-510)