



## 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991**

Legislative Document

No. 1607

S.P. 603

In Senate, April 22, 1991

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 27. Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DUTREMBLE of York

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Require Evaluation of Emissions and Health Risks from Incineration Facilities.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §590-B, sub-§2, ¶A, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §165, is further amended to read:

The rules adopted by the board under this section must Α. establish a system of continuous monitoring of the overall air emission performance of resource recovery facilities employing surrogate measures of combustion efficiency and other parameters that, in the judgment of the board, may affect the creation of dioxin emissions and-the-emission-of minimum heavy--metals. The board shall provide for acceptable operating conditions as indicated by the surrogate measures. Failure In the event of failure to achieve and maintain these conditions, the commissioner shall require will-result-in testing for dioxin and-heavy metals--as--indicated--by--the--surrogate--measures. The rules must also provide fore the daily monitoring of heavy metal emissions.

22 Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §590-B, sub-§2-A, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §165, is further amended to read:

26 2-A. Testing results. The results of all tests required under this section must be submitted to the commissioner and to
 28 the municipal officers, or their designees, of the municipality within which the facility is located or, in the case of a
 30 facility located within an unorganized territory or plantation, the county commissioners, or their designees, within 30 days of
 32 testing.

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Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §590-B, sub-§§5 and 6 are enacted to read:

36 <u>5. Dioxin defined.</u> As used in this section, the term
 <u>"dioxin" means any polychlorinated dibenzo-para-dioxins and any</u>
 38 <u>polychlorinated dibenzo-para-furans.</u>

40 6. Long-term health effects; study; monitoring. Based on the emissions data collected under this section and any other
42 available emissions data, the department, in cooperation with the State Epidemiologist and the State Toxicologist, shall undertake
44 a study of the long-term human health effects attributable to the emissions of resource recovery facilities. The department shall
46 assess all costs associated with the study as an annual fee levied on all resource recovery facilities in proportion to the
48 quantity of waste disposed of at the facilities.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

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4 The bill requires continuous monitoring of air emissions in order to detect the release of unacceptable levels of dioxin from solid waste incinerators. The bill also requires daily testing б for emissions of heavy metals. The Department of Environmental 8 Protection is required to undertake a study of long-term health effects that may be attributable to solid waste incineration. 10 The department is directed to cooperate with the State Toxicologist and the State Epidemiologist in the Department of 12 Human Services in the conduct of the study. All study costs are assessed to the waste incinerators in proportion to the amount of 14 waste burned at these facilities.

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