MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

Legislative Document

No. 1479

H.P. 1011

House of Representatives, April 10, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative ADAMS of Portland.

Cosponsored by Representative CONSTANTINE of Bar Harbor, Representative GRAHAM of Houlton and Senator LUDWIG of Aroostook.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Protect the Copyright and Ownership Rights of Maine Artists.



Be i	it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	27 MRSA §304 is enacted to read:
<u>§30</u>	4. Ownership rights in works of fine art
	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the
con	text otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
fol	lowing meanings.
	A. "Artist" means the creator of a work of fine art.
	B. "Customer" means a person who contracts to have a
	printer duplicate a work of fine art. "Customer" includes
	the State.
	C. "Duplicate" means to print, copy or otherwise reproduce.
	D. "Printer" means a person who contracts to duplicate a
	work of fine art for a customer.
	E. "Work of fine art" means any work of visual or graphic
	art of any media including, but not limited to, fine art,
	fine print or film. "Work of fine art" does not include the
	aesthetic appearance of an article used in commerce.
	2. Right of reproduction. Whenever a work of fine art is
sol	d or otherwise transferred by or on behalf of the artist who
	ated it, or the heirs or personal representatives of the
	ist, the right of reproduction of the work of fine art is
	erved to the grantor until the right passes into the public ain pursuant to federal copyright laws, unless the right is
	ressly transferred in writing signed by the owner of the
	hts conveyed prior to the rights passing into the public
	ain. Nothing in this section prohibits the fair use, as
<u>de f</u>	ined in the federal copyright law, 17 United States Code,
Sec	tion 107, of the work of fine art.
	3. Ownership. Whenever an exclusive or nonexclusive
con	veyance of any right to reproduce, prepare derivative works
	ed on, distribute copies of or display publicly a work of fine
art	is made by or on behalf of the artist who created it or the
	er at the time of the conveyance, ownership of the physical
	k of fine art remains with and is reserved to the artist or
	er, as the case may be, unless the right of ownership is ressly transferred in writing signed by the artist or the
	ressiy transferred in writing signed by the artist or the er.
	4. Ambiguity. Whenever an exclusive or nonexclusive

conveyance of any right to reproduce, prepare derivative works

based on, distribute copies of or publicly display a work of fine

50

- art is made by or on behalf of the artist who created it or the owner at the time of the conveyance, any ambiguity with respect to the nature or extent of the rights conveyed must be resolved in favor of the reservation of rights by the artist or owner unless the federal copyright law, 17 United States Code, Section 1 et. seq., provides the contrary.
- 5. Affidavit. A printer may not enter into an agreement with a customer to duplicate a work of fine art when that customer's aggregate obligations to that printer for all prior or current duplications of that work of fine art exceed \$1,000 unless the printer obtains, at the time the aggregate obligation first exceeds \$1,000, an affidavit from the customer attesting that the affiant has legal rights authorizing the duplication or that those rights have passed into the public domain pursuant to federal copyright laws.
- 6. Exception. This section does not apply to the duplication of works of fine art under the fair use doctrine of federal copyright law, 17 United States Code, Section 107.
- 7. Violation. A printer who contracts for the duplication of a work of fine art without an affidavit as required in subsection 5 is guilty of a Class E crime. A customer who provides a printer with a false affidavit to satisfy the conditions of subsection 5 commits a Class E crime.

б

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill provides that the right of reproduction of a work of fine art is reserved to the artist and that the ownership of the original of a reproduced work of art remains with the artist or owner, as the case may be, unless expressly transferred.

This bill prohibits a printer from accepting an order in excess of \$1000 for printing duplicates of a work of fine art without an affidavit that the customer has the right to duplicate the work.