MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

Legislative Document

No. 1428

H.P. 983

House of Representatives, April 4, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Utilities suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative ADAMS of Portland.

Cosponsored by Representative TREAT of Gardiner, Representative CLARK of Millinocket and Senator CLEVELAND of Androscoggin.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Require Electric Utilities to Develop Proposals for Affordable Pricing for Low-income Residential Customers and for Financing Conversions from Electric Space Heat.



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	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §3152, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1987, c.
4	769, Pt. A, §140, is further amended to read:
6	A. Require the commission to relate electric rates more closely to the costs of providing electric service; and
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10	Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §3152, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:
12	B. Encourage the commission to set electric rates to promote the maximum efficient utilization of natural energy
14	resources existing in the State in order to promote the use of indigenous energy resources to the extent that this will
16	reduce overall electric costs*; and
18	Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §3152, sub-§1, ¶C is enacted to read:
20	C. Require the commission to consider the ability of low-income residential customers to pay in full for electric
22	services as electric rates are redesigned consistent with these policies.
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26	Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §3153-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1987, c. 769, Pt. A, §142, is further amended to read:
28	 Proposals and programs developed. The commission, as it determines appropriate, shall order electric utilities to develop
30	and submit specific rate design proposals and related programs
32	for implementing energy conservation techniques and innovations, either in conjunction with or independent of any rate-making
	proceeding pending before the commission. The proposals, as the
34	commission determines, shall <u>must</u> be designed to encourage energy conservation, minimize the need for new electrical generating
36	capacity and minimize costs of electricity to consumers and take
20	into account the needs of low-income customers, and shall must
38	include, but <u>are</u> not be limited to, proposals which that provide for the development and implementation of:
40	Tot the deverobment and imbrementation of:
	A. Load management techniques;
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	B. Rates which that reflect marginal costs of services at
44	different voltages, times of day or seasons of the year,
	including long-run marginal costs associated with the

construction of new electric generating facilities;

resources indigenous to the State;

the maximum efficient utilization of natural

C. Policies which that encourage economic use of fuel and

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- D. Rates or other regulatory policies which that encourage electric utility system reliability; and
- E. Electric utility financing or subsidization of capital improvements undertaken by ratepayers to conserve electricity used by the ratepayers in the future. The commission may approve and allow cost recovery for proposals that result in savings in fuel other than electricity. This paragraph shall-apply applies to future programs for utility financing of energy conservation or load management and to such programs that the commission has already approved prior to September 29, 1987;
 - F. Conversions of electric space heat systems to systems relying on other fuels and other techniques for enabling homeowners and tenants to replace on-peak, winter period electric usage with less expensive sources of heat; and
 - G. Rates or bill payment assistance programs for residential customers who have been certified eligible for state or federal fuel assistance that recognize the difficulty of paying in full for electric service or that target assistance in the most efficient manner, recognizing the necessity of maintaining electric service.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to reduce local general assistance costs, if approved by the Public Utilities Commission, and help the State's environment as new generation units can be deferred or cancelled. The bill amends the laws governing electric rates to require electric utilities to file with the Public Utilities Commission pricing proposals and techniques for making electricity more affordable to residential households that have been certified eligible for federal energy assistance. bill also requires that electric utilities develop proposals for financing the conversion of electric space heat systems for customers who prefer to use alternative fuels. If the Public Utilities Commission approves such a proposal or technique, including any pilot programs for the purpose of further data gathering, the utility would be required to evaluate potential savings to all customers, from reduced uncollectible expense and collection costs and delayed requirements for new generation units, that may be realized by the proposal.