



# 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

# FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

# Legislative Document

No. 1403

# S.P. 525

In Senate, April 1, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CONLEY of Cumberland

Cosponsored by Representative FARNSWORTH of Hallowell and Senator BUSTIN of Kennebec.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act Concerning Discrimination under the Maine Human Rights Act and the Workers' Compensation Act.

Printed on recycled paper

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4611, as amended by PL 1977, c. 259, §2, is further amended to read:

6 **§4611.** Complaint

2

4

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

Any person who believes he <u>that that person</u> has been subject to unlawful discrimination, or any employee of the commission, may file a complaint under oath with the commission stating the facts concerning the alleged discrimination, provided that such complaints shall-be are filed with the commission not more than 6 menths <u>2 years</u> after the alleged act of unlawful discrimination. In addition, any person may file a complaint pursuant to section 4632.

Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2,  $\P$ B, as amended by PL 1989, c. 99, is further amended by amending sub- $\P(7)$  to read:

(7) An order to pay to the complainant, including the commission when the commission is the complainant, civil penal damages not in excess of \$5,000 in the case of the first order under this Act against the respondent, not in excess of \$7,500 in the case of a 2nd such order against the respondent, and not in excess of \$10,000 in the case of a 3rd or subsequent such order against the respondent; and

#### Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B-1 is enacted to read:

B-1. When the cause of action is based on an allegation of intentional discrimination, a jury trial must be available. In such cases of intentional discrimination, in addition to other remedies available, the jury shall award damages for the estimated value of future wage and fringe benefit loss but is not empowered to award punitive damages or damages for pain and suffering, humiliation or upset unless it finds that the act of intentional discrimination was egregious, callous or one of a series of acts of intentional discrimination; and

40 42

Sec. 4. 39 MRSA §111, as amended by PL 1989, c. 251, §2, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

# <u> \$111. Discrimination</u>

46

44

An employer may not discriminate against an employee for 48 testifying or asserting any claim under this Act. Any employer who so discriminates violates this section. Any violation of 50 this section by the employer against whom the employee has testified or asserted a claim under this Act or by any other person is governed by Title 5, section 4572, subsection 1, paragraph A.

2

4

6

16

# STATEMENT OF FACT

8 This bill places overall jurisdiction of discrimination cases, including workers' compensation discrimination cases, 10 under the Maine Human Rights Commission. The bill amends the section of the Maine Human Rights Act concerning the statute of 12 limitations for filing a complaint with the commission to make it consistent with the limitation under the Workers' Compensation 14 Act and with the time limit for action in Superior Court under the Maine Human Rights Act.

The bill also provides that in cases of intentional discrimination, the employee is entitled to a jury trial.

> Page 2-LR2301(1) L.D.1403