MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

Legislative Document

No. 1376

S.P. 515

In Senate, April 1, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CONLEY of Cumberland Cosponsored by President PRAY of Penobscot.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Promote Economic Development.



	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	26 MRSA c. 7, sub-c. VIII-A is enacted to read:
4	SUBCHAPTER VIII-A
6	STATE ECONOMIC SUPPORT AND HIRING PREFERENCES
8	\$865. Definitions
10	As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise
12	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
14	1. Direct economic support. "Direct economic support" means the provision of a financial payment, grant, loan or
16	evidence of debt, loan guarantee or tax increment financing arrangement in any amount or investment tax credits in excess of
18	\$250,000 in any single tax year to an employer, for the purpose of supporting that employer's economic activities, by a public
20	agency acting either on its own behalf or as an intermediary or administrator of funds provided in whole or in part from any
22	<pre>public source. Unless specifically provided for in this subsection, the term does not include:</pre>
24	A. Job training programs under chapter 33;
26	B. Housing development assistance under Title 30-A, chapter
28	201 or 202; or
30	C. Tax exemptions or abatements.
32	2. Employer. "Employer" means any person, partnership, private corporation or other private legal entity, whether
34	temporary or permanent, that employs more than 100 individuals in the State at any time when direct economic support is received by
36	that employer. The term includes any related entity, such as a corporate parent or subsidiary of an employer, or any other
38	entity or form in which the employer has any degree of beneficial
40	ownership.
42	3. Existing employee. "Existing employee" means:
44	A. Any individual who is employed in this State by an employer receiving direct economic support; or
46	B. Unless discharged for good cause relating to the individual's job performance or unless the individual
48	voluntarily quits employment, any individual:
50	(1) Who was an employee of the employer for at least 6 months at a facility in the State and was an employee

	at any time when the employer received the direct
2	economic support; or
4	(2) Who was an employee of the employer for at least 6
6	months at a facility in the State within 3 years before the employer's original receipt of the direct economic
8	support.
•	4. New employment position. "New employment position"
10	means any position of employment averaging at least 20 hours per week that is available with an employer and that was not held by
12	an employee of that employer before the employer's receipt of the
	direct economic support, including positions that involve duties
14	not performed previously for that employer by its employees and the creation of additional positions involving duties currently
16	performed by existing employees of the employer.
18	5. Original receipt or originally received. "Original
	receipt" or "originally received," as applied to the receipt of
20	direct economic support, means the date on which an employer first receives the direct economic support. For tax benefits
22	subject to this subchapter, "original receipt" or "originally received" means the first day of the tax year for which the
24	benefit is applicable.
26	6. Public agency. "Public agency" means the State, any
	political subdivision of the State or any state or local
28	governmental or quasi-governmental entity.
30	§866. Preference to existing employees
32	1. Preference required. As a condition of receiving any
	direct economic support, an employer shall obligate itself and
34	its successors and assigns to give preference in hiring for new employment positions inside the State to any existing employees
36	of the employer who apply for those positions, unless:
38	A. The existing employee is not qualified to perform the duties of the new position and can not be made qualified
40	with the same training required for alternative applicants
	who are not existing employees of the employer.
42	(1) This paragraph does not require an employer to
44	provide any technical or advanced education to an
	existing employee that would not be provided to
46	alternative applicants who are not existing employees
48	of the employer.
4 0	(2) An existing employee may challenge the employer's
50	determination of the employee's qualifications, or the
	length or level of training necessary to make the
52	employee qualified by submitting to the employer
	evidence of comparable qualifications, or the need for

a comparable period or level of training to become qualified, relative to the qualifications or training 2 requirements of an alternative applicant who is not an existing employee; B. The new position is a supervisory position; or 6 C. That preference conflicts with any other state or 8 federal law. 10 2. Term. The requirements imposed by subsection 1 apply to an employer from the employer's original receipt of any direct 12 economic support until 3 years after the final date of receipt of that direct economic support. 14 3. Notice to existing employees. An employer subject to 16 this section shall notify existing employees of the existence of a new employment position by publishing notice of the position in 18 3 successive editions of a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the new employment position is available and in 20 a newspaper of general circulation in any county in which the employer employs individuals in the State. 22 24 \$867. Other obligations 26 The requirements of section 866 are in addition to and not in place of any other obligations to which an employer is subject. The requirements of section 866 do not affect the 28 provisions of any individual or collective employment contract, 30 any agreement with any public agency or any obligation under any other law or rule that offers greater reemployment opportunities to existing employees. 32 34 \$868. Enforcement; penalty 1. Attorney General to draft language. The Attorney 36 General shall draft language that must be incorporated in all contracts, agreements, applications or other documents providing 38 for direct economic support to employers. This language must obligate the recipient of any direct economic support to comply 40 with this subchapter as a condition of receiving the direct 42 economic support. Complaint; court action. Any aggrieved existing 44 employee of an employer subject to this subchapter may file a complaint with the Attorney General requesting the Attorney 46 General to investigate the alleged violation of this subchapter. 48 Upon receipt of a complaint, the Attorney General may investigate

the merits of the complaint and, when justified, file a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce this

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subchapter.

3. Injunction; penalty. Upon finding that an employer has violated this subchapter, the court shall issue an injunction compelling the employer to comply with this subchapter. If the employer fails to comply with this injunction within a reasonable time, as determined by the court, the employer forfeits either the right to or the value of, in the court's discretion, any direct economic support that creates a hiring preference under section 866 applicable to the employee or employees in question. The court shall determine the amount of this forfeiture and prescribe the method of repayment to the public agency or agencies providing the direct economic support.

\$869. Application

This subchapter applies to direct economic support originally received by an employer on or after the effective date of this subchapter.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill requires employers in the State who receive economic subsidies from the State to give a hiring preference to their existing employees whenever new employment positions are created by the employer. This preference does not require the employer to fill any new positions with existing employees who are not qualified to perform the tasks required by the new position. The bill only requires the employer to hire an existing employee if that employee is qualified to do the job and no better qualified applicant exists. The preference may not, however, conflict with any collective bargaining agreement that may apply to such an employer.