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H.P. 936

House of Representatives, March 28, 1991

Submitted by the Department of Transportation pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Transportation suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative BAILEY of Farmington. Cosponsored by Representative TAMMARO of Baileyville, Senator GOULD of Waldo and Senator THERIAULT of Aroostook.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Clarify Certain Commercial Vehicle Size and Weight Provisions.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 29 MRSA §1, sub-§14-B is enacted to read:

14-B. Saddlemount vehicle transporter combination. "Saddlemount vehicle transporter combination" means a combination vehicle consisting of a truck or tractor towing one or more trucks or tractors each of which is connected by a saddle to the frame or 5th wheel of the vehicle in front of it. The saddle is a mechanism that connects the front axle of the towed vehicle to the frame or fifth wheel kingpin connection. This vehicle combination may include a fullmount which consists of a smaller vehicle mounted completely on the frame of either the first or the last vehicle in a saddlemount vehicle transporter combination.

Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §244, sub-§4, \P B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1989, c. 481, Pt. A, §8, is amended to read:

в. A combination of truck tractor and full trailer or truck tractor and semitrailer shall may not exceed 65 feet in length, including all structural parts of the vehicle, permanent or temporary, and any load carried on or in the Trailers or semitrailers shall may not exceed 48 vehicle. feet in length, including all structural parts of the vehicle, permanent or temporary, -- and - provided -- that -- for . For trailers or semitrailers in excess of 45 feet, except those operating on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, the distance as measured between the center of the rearmost truck tractor axle and the center of the rearmost trailer axle shall may not exceed 38 feet.

> (1) The load on any vehicle combination utilized exclusively for the transportation of tree-length logs may extend rearward beyond the body of the vehicle by 8 1/2 feet, provided that not more than 25% of the length of the logs extends beyond the body of the vehicle combination.

(2) A combination of truck tractor and full trailer or semitrailer may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, with an overall length in excess of 65 feet, provided that the trailer or semitrailer does not exceed 48 feet in length.

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Page 1-LR0975(1) L.D.1356 (3) A combination of truck tractor, semitrailer and full trailer, or a combination of truck tractor and 2 semitrailers, may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, with an overall length in excess of 65 feet, provided that no semitrailer or trailer operating in either vehicle combination may exceed 28.5 feet in length.

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(4) A stinger-steered autotransporter may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, with an overall length not to exceed 75 feet.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, combination vehicles designed for the transportation of automobiles shall-be are permitted a front overhang of not more than 3 feet and a rear overhang of not more than 4 feet. These overhangs shall-be are in addition to the length limits authorized in this section.

(5)The overall length of trailers and semitrailers shall does not include the space occupied by refrigeration units nonload-carrying or other appurtenances which may be permitted by federal regulation.

(6) Saddlemount vehicle transporter combinations with up to 3 saddlemounted vehicles and one fullmount, with an overall length not exceeding 75 feet, may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-244, Section 411.

Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 528, \$ and 16, is further amended to read:

A. No <u>A</u> vehicle or combination of vehicles shall <u>may not</u> be operated, or caused to be operated, on or over any way or bridge when the gross weight, actual weight of vehicle and load, exceeds 90,000 pounds. No-<u>vehicles</u> <u>Vehicles</u> having 2 axles shall <u>may not</u> be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 34,000 pounds; no a vehicle or combination of vehicles having 3 axles shall may not be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 54,000 pounds; no a vehicle or combination of vehicles having 4 axles shall may not be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 69,000 pounds; except as provided in paragraph paragraphs E and F, ne a vehicle or combination of vehicles having 5 or more axles shall may not be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 80,000 pounds. Notwithstanding any other provision of Vehieles <u>this</u> paragraph, a vehicle may be operated, or caused to be operated on the Interstate Highway System, as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, with a maximum gross weight permitted-by-this-subsection,-provided-such-gross-weights-do that does not exceed the following formula, or 80,000 pounds, whichever is less:

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W=500	(+12N+36)		
N-1				

 [1] A. Martin, M. M. Martin, M. Mart Martin, M. Martin, M. Mart	
W=overall gross weight	L=overall distance in
 on any group of 2	feet between the
or more consecutive	extreme of any group
 axles to the nearest	and the second of a 2 sort more consecutive
500 pounds	axles average of the second

N=number of axles in group under consideration

and-in-no-case-shall-such-gross-weight-limits-on-the Interstate-Highway-System-exceed-80,000-pounds.

Sec. 4. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1979, c. 541, Pt. A, §191, is further amended to read:

The maximum gross weight permitted by this section for в. combination vehicles having 4 axles shall must be reduced by 1,000 pounds for each foot the distance is less than 18 feet between the centers of the extreme axles, excluding the steering axle, measured to the nearest foot and the maximum gross weight permitted for combination vehicles having 5 or more axles shall must be reduced by 2,000 pounds for each foot such distance is less than 24 feet between the centers of the extreme axles, excluding the steering axle, measured to the nearest foot. Nothing contained in this paragraph shall-permit,--validate-er-in-any-way-apply applies to the use--of vehicles using the Interstate Highway System as defined by the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956 by-vehicles with-overall-gross-weights-in-excess-of-theapplicable maximum-gross-weights-permitted-by-paragraph-A.

Sec. 5. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, $\P E$, as amended by PL 1989, c. 528, §§3 and 16, is further amended to read:

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E. Notwithstanding paragraphs A and B, a combination vehicle consisting of a 3-axle tractor operating in combination with a tri-axle semitrailer may be operated, or caused to be operated, with a maximum gross weight of 90,000 pounds; , provided that:

(1) The maximum gross weight permitted by this paragraph shall <u>must</u> be reduced by 2,000 pounds for each foot the distance is less than 32 feet between the extreme axles, excluding the steering axle, measured to the nearest foot;

> (2) Nothing contained in this paragraph shall-permit-a gress--weight--en applies to vehicles using the Interstate Highway System, as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956,-in-excess-ef-80,000-peunds;

(3) The vehicle is registered for at least 90,000 pounds or the maximum allowable registered weight in its home jurisdiction; and

(4) Any vehicle registered in a jurisdiction where the maximum allowable registered weight is less than 90,000 pounds must have a permit authorizing that operation in this State. The annual fee for the permit shall-be is \$105. The permit may be issued for a period of 3 months or more on a monthly prorated basis, but shall may not exceed the expiration date of the annual registration.

Sec. 6. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, $\P F$, as amended by PL 1989, c. 528, §§4 and 16, is further amended by amending sub- $\P(6)$ to read:

(6) Nothing <u>contained</u> in this paragraph may-be construed-to-permit-a-gross-or-axle-weight-on <u>applies</u> to vehicles using the Interstate Highway System, as defined in the United-States <u>Federal Aid</u> Highway Act of 1956,-in-excess-of-80,000-pounds;

Sec. 7. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§2, \P B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 480, Pt. B, §29, is amended to read:

B. No vehicle may be operated, or cause to be operated, with a gross weight exceeding 22,400 pounds on a single axle unit, 38,000 pounds on a tandem axle unit or 48,000 pounds on a tri-axle unit, specifically excepting the Interstate Highway System as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, where the gross weight on a single axle unit shall may not exceed 22,000 pounds when the gross weight of the vehicle is 73,280 pounds or less nor 20,000 pounds when the gross weight of the vehicle is in excess of 73,280 pounds, the gross weight on a tandem axle unit shall may not exceed 34,000 pounds and the gross weight on a-tri-axle-unit-shall axle groups containing 2 or more axles may not exceed the gross weight as--determined--by--the--formula--set--out--in permitted by subsection 1, paragraph A; , and provided that:

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(1) Nothing contained in section 1655 may--permit <u>permits</u> an axle or tandem axle <u>group</u> weight on the Interstate Highway System as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956 in excess of the limits established for the system in this section;

(2) No single axle of a tandem axle unit may support more than 60% of the total weight supported by that tandem axle unit. It shall <u>is</u> not be deemed a violation of this subparagraph if neither axle of a tandem axle unit exceeds the weight legally allowed on a single axle unit of that vehicle;

(3) No single axle of a tri-axle unit may support more than 40% of the total weight supported by that tri-axle unit; and

(4) The gross weight of a vehicle shall may not be increased by the addition of a trailing axle, so called, unless that axle supports at least 50% of the added weight permitted by the addition of that trailing axle.

Sec. 8. 29 MRSA 1655, 3rd \P , as repealed and replaced by PL 1989, c. 528, \$ and 16, is amended to read:

A vehicle or combination of vehicles may be operated or caused to be operated on the Interstate Highway System, as
defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, with a gross weight which that exceeds 73,280 pounds, if such gross weight
permitted by this section does not exceed the formula in that permitted by section 1652.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill makes the following changes to the laws governing 48 commercial vehicle size and weight restrictions.

The bill defines saddlemount vehicle transporter combinations and establishes their maximum length when operating
 on the Interstate Highway System. It also clarifies that

Page 5-LR0975(1) L.D.1356 additional length restrictions on trailers and semitrailers exceeding 45 feet do not apply to operation on the Interstate Highway System.

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The bill clarifies the application of the federal bridge
 formula for determining gross weights. It also makes clear that
 the provisions that reduce gross vehicle weight limits for
 shorter wheel bases and those allowing operation of 6-axle
 general commodity vehicles at 90,000 and 100,000 pounds do not
 apply on the Interstate Highway System.

3. The bill makes clear that, for vehicles operating on the Interstate Highway System, all axle groups containing 2 or more axles are subject to a gross weight limit which is the lesser of 80,000 pounds or the federal bridge formula limit.

4. The bill makes clear that special commodity vehicle
18 gross weight limits on the Interstate Highway System are limited by the 80,000 pound maximum as well as the federal bridge formula
20 limit.

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