# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

### Legislative Document

No. 1178

H.P. 824

House of Representatives, March 18, 1991

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative WENTWORTH of Arundel.
Cosponsored by Representative HEESCHEN of Wilton, Senator TITCOMB of Cumberland and Representative HOGLUND of Portland.

#### STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Improve Outdoor Lighting.



•	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	
4	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1768 is enacted to read:
	§1768. Outdoor lighting
6	- January
8	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
10	
	A. "Direct light" means light emitted directly from a lamp
12	off a reflector or through a refractor of a luminaire.
14	B. "Director" means the Director of the Bureau of Public
	Improvements.
16	
10	C. "Fixture" means the assembly that holds the lamp and may
18	<u>include an assembly housing, a mounting bracket or pole</u> <u>socket, a lamp holder, a ballast, a reflector or mirror and</u>
20	a refractor or lens.
22	D. "Footcandle" means an illuminance equal to one lumen per
2.4	square foot.
24	E. "Full cutoff luminaire" means a luminaire that allows no
26	direct light emissions above a horizontal plane through the
	luminaire's lowest light-emitting part.
28	
30	F. "Glare" means direct light emitting from a luminaire that causes reduced vision or momentary blindness.
32	G. "Illuminance" means the level of light measured at a surface.
34	
36	H. "Lamp" means the component of a luminaire that produces the light.
38	I. "Light trespass" means light emitted by a luminaire that
	shines beyond the boundaries of the property on which the
40	<u>luminaire is located.</u>
42	J. "Lumen" means a unit of measurement of luminous flux.
44	K. "Luminaire" means the complete lighting system, including the lamp and the fixture.
46	
48	L. "Permanent outdoor luminaire" means any luminaire or system of luminaires that is outdoors and that is intended to be used for 7 days or longer.
50	to be used for / days or longer.
	M. "Roadway lighting" means lighting that is specifically
52	intended to illuminate roadways for automobiles but does

2	not mean lighting intended to illuminate roadways only for pedestrian purposes.
4	N. "State funds" means any bond revenues or any mone
	appropriated or allocated by the Legislature.
6	
· 5 .	2. Permanent outdoor luminaires. A person may not use an
8	state funds to install or repair any permanent outdoor luminaire
1.00	unless:
10	andre de la companya de la companya La companya de la co
	A. The luminaire is a full cutoff luminaire when the rate
12	output of the luminaire is greater than 1,800 lumens;
14	B. The luminaire's maximum illuminance does not exceed the
	illuminance recommended for that purpose by the Illuminating
16	Engineering Society of America or the federal Department of Transportation;
18	
	C. For roadway lighting, the director determines that the
20	purpose of the lighting installation or repair can not be
20	achieved by any of the following means:
22	achieved by any of the following means.
22	(1) Reduction of the greed limit in the owner to be
24	(1) Reduction of the speed limit in the area to be
24	lighted; or
26	(2) Installation of reflectorized roadway markers,
	lines, warnings or informational signs; and
28	
	D. The director ensures that consideration is given to
30	address any glare or light trespass.
30	ddiess dry gidie of light crespuss.
32	3. Operating costs. After January 1, 2000, a person may
32	not use any state funds to operate a permanent outdoor luminaire
34	unless the luminaire conforms to the standards established in
34	this section.
26	this section.
36	Coo 2 20 A MDCA 84162 cmb 82 in annutura to month
20	Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §4162, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
38	
	2. Permanent outdoor luminaires. A municipality may not
40	purchase, rent, lease, install or repair a permanent outdoor
	luminaire on a roadway unless that luminaire conforms to the
42	standards established in Title 5, section 1768. In the event of
	noncompliance, the Attorney General may seek injunctive relief to
44	require a municipality to comply with Title 5, section 1768.
46	Sec. 3. Rules. By January 1, 1992, the Director of the Bureau
-	of Public Improvements shall adopt rules governing section 1 of
48 <sup>.</sup>	this Act.

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4	. This bill prohibits the use of state funds for installing or
	repairing any permanent outdoor lighting system unless the system
. 6	conforms to minimum design standards. After January 1, 2000,
(seus e su seus) La como e su seus de la	state funds may not be used to operate any outdoor lighting
8	system unless the system conforms to the standards established in
	the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 1768. The Director
10	of the Bureau of Public Improvements is required to adopt rules
Lawrence of the con-	to implement this section by January 1, 1992.

12

The bill also prohibits municipalities from installing
14 permanent outdoor roadway luminaires unless the Director of the
Bureau of Public Improvements determines that the purpose of the
16 lighting can not be achieved by other means. The Attorney
General is empowered to seek injunctive relief against
18 municipalities that do not comply with the lighting standards
established in this bill.