



## 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

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House of Representatives, March 12, 1991

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EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative CASHMAN of Old Town. Cosponsored by Representative BUTLAND of Cumberland.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Authorize a Regional Tax.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
36 MRSA Pt. 3-A is enacted to read:
PART 3-A
<u>REGIONAL TAX</u>
<u>CHAPTER 251</u>
REGIONALLY LEVIED TAX
§2201. Regionally levied tax option in a county
1. Regionally levied tax option authorized. A regionally levied tax option is authorized to:
A. Alleviate the problem of financing municipal services caused by the burden on municipal property tax; and
B. Stabilize the municipal property tax burden and aid in financing municipal services by broadening the municipal tax
base by taking advantage of regional resources.
2. Vote required. A regionally levied tax option must be adopted by election as provided in this chapter.
<b>3. Amount of tax.</b> A regionally levied tax option adopted under this chapter is an additional 1% of the sales price on all
sales subject to the tax under Part 3.
<b>4. Application.</b> For the purposes of this chapter, the municipal assessors of a plantation are considered municipal
officers of the plantation and the county commissioners are considered the municipal officers for the unorganized territory
within their county.
§2202. Regionally levied tax option election
<b>1. Petition by voters or municipal officers.</b> A regionally levied tax option election may be called by the filing of a
petition by the voters of a county or the municipal officers of municipalities in the county as follows:
A. The voters in a county may petition the county commissioners for a regionally levied tax election. A
petition for a regionally levied tax election must be signed by a number of voters equal to at least 15% of the number of
votes cast in that county in the last gubernatorial election. All petition signatures must have been signed in the previous 2 years. The petition must be addressed to the
county commissioners and delivered to them at least 42 days

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before holding any primary, special statewide, general or county election; or

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B. The municipal officers in municipalities whose combined population is 60% of the county's population as determined by the most recent Federal Decennial Census may petition the county commissioners for a regionally levied tax option election. A majority of the municipal officers in a municipality must sign a petition before that municipality's population may be included. The municipal officers in the county may sign a single petition or each municipality may submit its own petition, as long as all petition signatures have been signed in the previous 2 years. The petition must be addressed to the county commissioners and delivered to them at least 42 days before holding any primary, special statewide, general or county election.

18 2. Meeting. Upon receipt of a petition, the county commissioners shall notify the municipal officers in each municipality within the county and require them to notify the inhabitants of their respective municipalities to meet in the 22 manner prescribed by law to vote on the regionally levied tax question. The county commissioners shall state the time for 24 opening and closing the polls, which must be the same in each municipality, and set the date for the election. The county 26 commissioners shall prepare the election material and all ballots for the election and provide them to the municipal clerk.

3. Referendum guestion. The election must be held to vote 30 on the following question and no other question may be printed on the ballot.

"Shall the state sales and use tax be increased in this county by 34 <u>1% over the amount levied by the State and the proceeds</u> <u>distributed as follows:</u>

A. Thirty-five percent to the municipality in which the tax is collected;

- B. Forty percent to the municipalities within the county, pursuant to the municipal revenue sharing formula in the
   Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5681; and
- 44 <u>C. Twenty-five percent to the municipalities in all</u> counties that have adopted the 1% regional tax increase,
   46 pursuant to the municipal revenue sharing formula in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5681?"

## 48 4. Conduct of election. Except as provided in this 50 section, the petition process and the voting at elections held in towns and plantations must be held and conducted in accordance 52 with Title 30-A, sections 2528, 2529 and 2532, even if the town

or plantation has not accepted the provisions of section 2528. The voting at elections held in cities must be held and conducted in accordance with Title 21-A. The municipal clerk shall make a return of the results, certify the results and send them to the county commissioners who shall certify the results and send them to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall forward the results to the State Tax Assessor and the Treasurer of State.

<u>§2203. Implementation of tax</u>

Affirmative vote. If the results of an election held
 under section 2202 show that a majority of the votes cast in a county are in the affirmative, the Secretary of State, after
 receiving written notification from the county commissioners, shall notify the Treasurer of State and the State Tax Assessor.
 The State Tax Assessor shall collect the tax in the same manner and with the same powers provided in Part 3.

2. Effective date. Retailers shall begin collecting the tax on the first day of the 2nd month following the certification of the vote to the Secretary of State.

**3. Fund.** The Regionally Levied Tax Fund is established as a separate account. The Treasurer of State shall deposit all revenues received under this chapter in that fund.

4. Distribution of revenue. Beginning in the 10th month 28 after certification of the vote to the Secretary of State, the Treasurer of State shall make distributions from the fund on the 30 first day of each month as follows.

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A. Thirty-five percent of the amount attributable to each municipality must be distributed to the municipality in which the tax is collected.

 B. Forty percent of the amount attributable to each municipality must be distributed among the municipalities in the county in which the municipality is located, pursuant to the municipal revenue sharing formula in Title 30-A, section 5681.

 42 C. Twenty-five percent of the amount attributable to each municipality must be distributed among the municipalities in all counties that have adopted a regionally levied tax option, pursuant to the municipal revenue sharing formula in 46 Title 30-A, section 5681.

 48 <u>5. Costs of administration.</u> The State Tax Assessor, the Treasurer of State and any other state agency that incurs a cost
 50 as a result of this chapter shall be reimbursed from the proceeds raised by the regionally levied tax before any distributions to
 52 municipalities are made.

2	<b>6. Repeal.</b> A regionally levied tax may be repealed by the
	same method of petition and referendum provided in section 2202.
4	<u>A regionally levied tax vote may not be taken on the same</u>
	question more than once in any one-year period.
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8	STATEMENT OF FACT
10	This bill authorizes the voters in a county to increase by
	referendum vote the state sales tax in the county by 1%.
12	Revenues from the tax are shared according to an established
	formula by the municipality where the tax is collected, all
14	municipalities in the county and all municipalities in all
	counties that enact a similar tax. The bill broadens the tax
16	base for municipalities that must rely almost exclusively on the
	property tax for local revenues and, at the same time, reduces
18	the burden on the property tax. The sharing formula is designed
	to make sure that rural towns or towns without any commercial
20	base get a fair share of the revenues.
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