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# **115th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

# **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991**

#### Legislative Document

No. 905

H.P. 635

House of Representatives, February 28, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative PINEAU of Jay. Cosponsored by Senator ESTY of Cumberland, Representative LUTHER of Mexico and Representative McHENRY of Madawaska.

## STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

### An Act to Increase Penalties for Child Labor Law Violations.

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Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §704, as amended by PL 1981, c. 698, §115, is further amended to read:

6 §704. Penalty for employers

8 Any person who violates sections 701 and 702 commits-a-civil violation-for-which is subject to the following forfeiture-shall 10 be-adjudged civil penalties payable to the State and recoverable in a civil action:

First offense. For the first offense a forfeiture
 penalty of not less than \$50 \$500 nor more than \$100 \$5,000;

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2. Second offense. For the 2nd offense a forfeiture penalty of not less than \$100 \$5,000 nor more than \$200 \$20,000; and

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Subsequent offenses. For a 3rd offense and subsequent
 offenses a ferfeiture penalty of not less than \$250 \$20,000 nor
 more than \$500 \$50,000.

Funds raised from penalties imposed under this section must 24 <u>be paid to the Department of Labor to be used for the enforcement</u> of child labor laws.

Sec. 2. 39 MRSA §4, first ¶, as amended by PL 1985, c. 737, Pt. A, §117, is further amended to read:

30 An employer who has secured the payment of compensation in comformity with sections 21-A to 27 is exempt from civil actions, either at common law or under sections 141 to 148, 32 Title 14, sections 8101 to 8118, and Title 18-A, section 2-804, involving personal injuries sustained by an employee arising out 34 of and in the course of his employment, or for death resulting from those injuries. This exemption from liability applies to 36 all employees, supervisors, officers and directors of the employer for any personal injuries arising out of and in the 38 course of employment, or for death resulting from those These exemptions also apply to occupational diseases 40injuries. sustained by an employee or for death resulting from those These exemptions do not apply to an employer who 42 diseases. employs a minor in violation of the child labor laws and the minor, as a result of the employment, is injured or killed. 44

#### STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill takes into account the effect of the illegal 50 employment of minors. The number of violations is increasing, evidence that the sanctions available are inadequate to achieve 52 the public purpose of the protection of children from underage or unsafe employment. 2 This bill removes the total immunity under the workers' compensation laws granted employers who illegally employ minors,
4 increases the likelihood of compliance with the current law restricting the employment of minors and provides that, if an
6 injury or death occurs, the employer is liable for full damages.

8 The penalties recovered from illegal employment are paid to the Department of Labor for enforcement of child labor laws and 10 provide continued funding for enforcement activities.