## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

## Legislative Document

No. 849

H.P. 598

House of Representatives, February 26, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative TARDY of Palmyra.

Cosponsored by Senator BRANNIGAN of Cumberland, Representative LORD of Waterboro and Senator EMERSON of Penobscot.

### STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Stabilize the Maine Dairy Industry.

(EMERGENCY)



	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not		
2	become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and		
4	as chiefgeneres, and		
6	Whereas, the price of milk has dropped approximately 40% as a result of a milk surplusage west of the Mississippi River; and		
8	Whereas, the magnitude of these price fluctuations jeopardizes the economic viability and stability of the Maine		
10	dairy industry and Maine agriculture as a whole; and		
12	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of		
14	Maine and require the following legislation as immediate necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health a		
16	safety; now, therefore,		
18	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:		
20	 36 MRSA c. 708-A is enacted to read:		
22	CHAPTER 708-A		
24	MAINE DAIRY FARM STABILIZATION ACT		
26	§4541. Short title		
28	This chapter may be known and cited as the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Act.		
30	CASA2 Findings and deplacation of suspense		
32	§4542. Findings and declaration of purpose		
34	1. Findings. The Legislature makes the following findings.		
36	A. Unanticipated fluctuations in milk prices have a highly destabilizing impact on the viability of Maine dairy		
38	farmers, many of whom must make commitments to long-term financing arrangements for buildings, equipment and land.		
40	B. These temporary periods of price fluctuation jeopardize the economic viability and stability of the Maine dairy		
42	industry and Maine agriculture as a whole.		
44	C. The Maine dairy industry is essential to the viability of the State's rural communities and contributes to the		
46	general welfare of the State by generating business activity and employment and preserving open space and other benefits		
48	for the people of Maine.		
50	D. Helping to stabilize the Maine dairy industry during these temporary periods constitutes a public purpose and an		
<b>5</b> 2	chese temporary periods constitutes a public purpose and an		

2.	Purpose. The purposes of this chapter are to protect
_	ral welfare of the public and promote the public interest
by estab	lishing a dairy stabilization system that:
	(A) Protects the interests of all Maine people,
	including consumers of milk in Maine, by enhancing the
	viability of Maine dairy farms during periods of price
	fluctuation; and
	(B) Places an excise tax on the handling of milk for
	retail sale in Maine and distributes those funds to the
	dairy farmers in this State.
	CALLY & CALIFOLD DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
<u>§4543.</u>	<u>Definitions</u>
<u>As</u>	used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
	s, the following terms have the following meanings.
	Dealer. "Dealer" means any person who purchases or
	milk for sale as the consignee or agent of a producer or
	milk for sale, shipment, storage or processing within the
	<u>nd includes a producer-dealer, subdealer, store and</u>
<u>integrat</u>	ed operation.
_	
	Integrated operation. "Integrated operation" means a
-	ho is a dealer and who also sells at retail the milk that
	ler handles for sale, shipment, storage or processing
<i>x</i> ithin t	he State.
2	Milk. "Milk" has the same meaning as in Title 7, §2951,
subsecti	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Subsecti	<u> </u>
4.	Person. "Person" means any individual, partnership,
	rporation, association or other unit and the State and
	itical subdivisions or agencies of the State, except
	ned and state-operated institutions.
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<u>5.</u>	Producer. "Producer" means any person who produces milk
and sell:	s that milk to dealers only.
	Producer-dealer. "Producer-dealer" means a dealer who
•	a part or all of that dealer's milk or a person who
	milk and sells to a grocery store, dairy product store
or simila	ar commercial establishment.
	Store. "Store" means a grocery store, dairy product
	anteen, milk vending machine operator, milk dispensing
	or any similar commercial establishment or outlet or any
	le where milk is sold to consumers for consumption off
the premi	<u>uses.</u>

8. Subdealer. "Subdealer" means any person who does not process milk but who purchases milk from a dealer and sells that milk in the same containers in which it was purchased but does not include a store.

§4544. Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Tax

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1. Tax. An excise tax is levied and imposed at the rate established in subsection 2 on the handling of milk for retail sale in this State. The tax must be paid by all milk dealers including importers of milk into the State on all milk handled for retail sale in this State and on all milk imported into the State for retail sale in this State. If the same milk is handled by more than one dealer in this State, the first dealer dealing in or handling that milk within the State is considered the dealer within the meaning of this section.

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2. Rate. The rate of tax levied under this chapter is established monthly on the basis of the Class I price of milk established pursuant to Title 7, chapter 603 including all premiums established by the Maine Milk Commission in accordance with the following chart.

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	Class I price of milk including	Rate of Maine Dairy
26	all premiums established by the	Farm Stabilization
	Maine Milk Commission	Tax
28		
	\$17.00 per hundredweight and above	<u>0¢ per quart</u>
30	\$16.50 to \$16.99 per hundredweight	5¢ per quart
400	\$16.00 to \$16.99 per hundredweight	1¢ per guart
32	\$15.50 to \$15.99 per hundredweight	1.5¢ per quart
	\$15.00 to \$15.49 per hundredweight	2¢ per quart
34	below \$15.00 per hundredweight	2.5¢ per guart

36 3. Report. On or before December 15th of each year, the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the 38 Legislature having jurisdiction over agricultural matters describing the total amount of tax collected and distributed 40 under this chapter during the preceding calendar year, the prices for milk then prevailing on the Maine and Boston markets, the 42 supply and demand for milk in Maine and New England and the present condition and future prospects of the State's dairy 44 industry. The commissioner shall include recommendations, if any, concerning changes in the rates of the Maine Dairy Farm 46 Stabilization Tax.

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4. Tax as additional. Any tax imposed and collected under this chapter is in addition to any other taxes imposed or collected under any other law of the State.

- 2 5. Records and reports. Every dealer, on or before the 20th day of each month, shall report to the State Tax Assessor the quantity of milk handled in or imported into the State for retail sale in this State during the preceding month, the quantity of milk sold that was subject to the Maine Dairy Farm 6 Stabilization Tax and any other information the State Tax Assessor by rule determines necessary or useful in the administration of this chapter and the enforcement of the Maine 10 Dairy Farm Stabilization Tax. The State Tax Assessor or a duly authorized agent must have access during reasonable business 12 hours to the dealer's books, invoices and vouchers showing the volume of milk handled for retail sale in this State.
  - 6. Due dates. Dealers shall pay to the State Tax Assessor the tax due for each month not later than the 20th day of the following month and submit any information required by the State Tax Assessor on the forms provided.

### §4545. Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Fund

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- 1. Fund created. The State Tax Assessor shall immediately 22 pay all funds received from the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Tax to the Treasurer of State. The Treasurer of State shall keep 24 these funds and all other funds appropriated by the Legislature 26 for the purposes of this chapter in a separate account called the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Fund. The Treasurer of State shall invest all money credited to the fund in accordance with 28 applicable provisions of law and all earnings must be credited to 30 the fund. The funds must be invested in a manner that ensures that all deposits and earnings are available for withdrawal on a 32 monthly basis without penalty. Revenue credited to the fund, including interest accrued by investment of the fund, must be used solely for the purposes of this chapter as provided in 34 subsection 2. The funds credited to the fund may not lapse but 36 must be carried forward for the purposes of this chapter.
  - 2. Distribution. All funds collected under this chapter and all other funds appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of this chapter and interest earnings on these funds must be distributed by the Treasurer of State on a monthly basis as follows.
    - A. Ninety percent of the funds collected under this chapter and all other funds appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of this chapter and any earnings on these funds must be paid each month to the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources for distribution during the following month to Maine market producers and Boston market producers at the same time that payments from the Maine Milk Pool are made. A payment may not be allocated to that

- portion of a producer's milk production that is in excess of 250,000 pounds per month. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the funds distributed to producers under this paragraph are appropriated and allotted for the purposes of this paragraph and the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources or the Maine Milk Pool administrator pursuant to Title 7, section 3154, as the commissioner's designee is authorized to prepare and sign warrants for the payment of the amounts due to producers from the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Fund under this chapter.
- B. Four percent of the funds collected each month must be paid into a separate, nonlapsing fund to be appropriated by the Legislature on an annual basis for the acquisition of

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- development rights on agricultural lands or for the preservation of open space.
  - C. Four percent of the funds collected each month must be paid into a separate, nonlapsing fund to be appropriated by the Legislature on an annual basis to supplement the Women, Infants and Children Special Supplemental Food Program of the United States Child Nutrition Act of 1966 administered by the Department of Human Services.
    - D. Two percent of the fund must be paid into a separate, nonlapsing fund to be appropriated by the Legislature on an annual basis to cover the actual costs of the administration of this chapter by the Treasurer of State and the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources. Any remaining balance of these funds after these appropriations must be appropriated back to the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Fund for distribution to producers.

### §4546. Failure to file statement; false statement

Any person who refuses or neglects to make any statement, report, payment or return required by this chapter, or who knowingly makes, aids or assists any other person in making a false statement in a return or report to the State Tax Assessor or in connection with an application for refund of any tax, or who knowingly collects, attempts to collect or causes to be paid to that person or to any other person, either directly or indirectly, any refund of that tax without being entitled to a refund, is guilty of a Class E crime.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

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This bill establishes a Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Fund financed by an excise tax on the handling of milk for retail sale in the State and by such other sums as the Legislature may purposes of appropriate for the the Maine Dairy Stabilization Act. The rate οf the Maine Dairy Stabilization Tax varies on a monthly basis in relation to the Class I price of milk established by the Maine Milk Commission and increases proportionately as the price of milk falls below the costs of production. The funds collected are redistributed so that 90% of the funds is distributed to Maine's dairy farmers on the basis of their milk production, 4% is set aside for the development acquisition of rights on farmland preservation of open space and 4% is set aside to supplement the Women, Infants and Children Special Supplemental Food Program of the United States Child Nutrition Act of 1966. No more than 2% of the funds may be used for the purpose of administering the Maine Dairy Farm Stabilization Act.