MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

Legislative Document

No. 789

H.P. 552

House of Representatives, February 22, 1991

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 27. Reference to the Committee on Marine Resources suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative TOWNSEND of Eastport.

Cosponsored by Senator VOSE of Washington, Representative MITCHELL of Freeport and Senator BRAWN of Knox.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Improve Grading and Inspection of Maine Sardines.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

(EMERGENCY)



	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not
2	become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
4	as emergenerally and
-	Whereas, the sardine season begins in June and the financial
6	and administrative changes contained in this legislation should be in effect before the season commences; and
	be in effect before the season commences; and
8	VX78.
	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts
10	create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
12	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and
	safety; now, therefore,
14	
16	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
10	Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §4151, sub-§§5 and 6 are enacted to read:
10	bec. 1. 32 Military 34131, Suin-883 and o are enacted to read:
18	
	5. Kippers. "Kippers" means all fillets packed in
20	hermetically sealed containers that are not classified as
	sardines, but have herring as their predominant contents.
22 -	
	6. Steaks. "Steaks" means all laterally cut portions
24	packed in hermetically sealed containers that are not classified
	as sardines, but have herring as their predominant contents.
26	
	Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §4155, as amended by PL 1979, c. 62, §2, is
28	repealed.
20	repeared.
20	Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §4156, as amended by PL 1985, c. 748, is
30	
	repealed.
32	
	Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §4157, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 62,
34	§4, is repealed.
36	Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §4157, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1989, c. 639,
•	§1, is further amended to read:
3,8	
5.0	4. Labeling. Fish packed in accordance with this section
40	and the regulations rules adopted under Title 36, section 4701,
40	
4.3	may be plainly and conspicuously marked "Maine Sardines." Except
42	as-provided-in-section_4157-A,-fish Fish that are packed in a
	manner inconsistent with this section and the regulations-shall
44	rules under Title 36, section 4701, may not be sold for
	consumption in the United States unless each can and case is
46	plainly and conspicuously marked with the word "herring," and the
	word "sardine" does not appear.
48	
	Sec. 6. 32 MRSA §4157, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1989, c. 639,
50	\$1, is repealed.
	U

2	Sec. 7. 32 MRSA §4157, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 62, §4, is repealed.
4	Sec. 8. 32 MRSA §4157-A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 639, §2, is repealed.
6	Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §4692, sub-§§1-A and 4 are enacted to read:
8	1-A. Kippers. "Kippers" means all fillets packed in
10	hermetically sealed containers that are not classified as
	sardines, but have herring as their predominant contents.
12	4. Steaks. "Steaks" means all laterally cut portions
14	packed in hermetically sealed containers that are not classified
	as sardines, but have herring as their predominant contents.
16	
	Sec. 10. 36 MRSA §4695, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL 1981, c. 614,
18	§1, is further amended to read:
_	
20	An excise tax of $30 \neq 35 \neq 20$ per case, as defined in section
2.2	4692, subsections-1-to-3 subsection 1, is levied and imposed upon
22	the privilege of packing sardines, and an excise tax of 15¢ per
24	case, as defined in section 4692, subsection 1, is levied and
24	imposed upon the privilege of packing kippers and steaks.
26	Sec. 11. 36 MRSA §4697, as amended by PL 1983, c. 85, §2, is
20	further amended to read:
28	
	§4697. Reports of production and payment of tax
30	
	Every packer shall, on or before the 10th day of each month,
32	report to the State Tax Assessor the quantity of sardines,
	kippers or steaks packed by him the packer during the preceding
34	calendar month, on forms furnished by the State Tax Assessor, and
	pay to the State Tax Assessor the tax of 30¢ 35¢ per case on all
36	sardines reported as packed, and 15¢ per case on all kippers or
	steaks reported as packed. If the State Tax Assessor determines
38	that overpayment of tax has been made, he the State Tax Assessor
4.0	shall make a refund. In making additional assessment or refund
40	determinations, the State Tax Assessor shall rely on the records
4.2	of the Department-of-Agriculture; Food-and-Rural-Resources Maine Sardine Council concerning the quantity of sardines, kippers or
42	steaks packed in each sardine plant, for sale and suitable for
44	human consumption. Any packer may pay to the State Tax Assessor
11	in advance a sum of money based on an estimate of his the
46	packer's tax for a given number of months, and this sum shall-be
	is a credit against future monthly reports of that packer.
48	
	Sec. 12. 36 MRSA §4698, as amended by PL 1979, c. 731, §19,
50	is further amended to read:

§4698. Inspections

2 The State Tax Assessor or his a duly authorized agent shall have has authority to enter any place of business of a packer, or any car, boat, truck or other conveyance in which sardines, kippers or steaks are to be transported, and duly inspect any books or records of any packer for the purpose of determining 6 what sardines, kippers or steaks are taxable, or for the purpose of determining the truth or falsity of any statement or return 8 made by any packer, and he-shall-have the assessor has authority 10 to delegate such those powers to the Gemmissioner-of-Agriculture, Feed-and-Rural-Resources Maine Sardine Council, his its deputies, agents, servants or employees, and to the Commissioner of Marine 12 Resources, his or any of the commissioner's deputies, agents, 14 servant servants or employees.

- Sec. 13. 36 MRSA §4699, sub-§2, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 26, §6, is amended to read:
- A. For the purpose of merchandising and advertising Maine sardines, kippers or steaks for food under the direction of the Maine Sardine Council;

16

18

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

- Sec. 14. 36 MRSA §4699, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1973, c. 513, §22, is further amended to read:
 - B. For conducting research and investigation of methods of propagating and conserving clupeoid fish, particularly the clupea harengus, with a view of improving both the quality and quantity of the-same these fish in Maine waters, and for the implementation of all feasible methods of improving, propagating and conserving the-same these fish, under the joint direction of the Commissioner of Marine Resources and the Maine Sardine Council; and
- Sec. 15. 36 MRSA §4699, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 1979, c. 731, §19, is further amended to read:
 - C. For gathering, studying, classifying and distributing information and data concerning quality, grades, standards, methods of packing and character of the manufactured sardine, kipper or steak products, in order to determine and improve their quality and aid in merchandising and advertising them under the direction of the Maine Sardine Council. The information and data and the services of the personnel who collect and classify it—may be made available to the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources for use in promulgating, catalishing and medifying official grades for sardines and feet and fee

2	assigninganddetermininggradesofsardinesandin enforcing-applicable-provisions-of-the-law-
4	Sec. 16. 36 MRSA §4699, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 1979, c. 731, §19, is repealed.
6	
8	Sec. 17. 36 MRSA §4699-A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 541, Pt. A, §229, is further amended to read:
1 0	§4699-A. Refund on sardines exported
12	In the event sardines <u>, kippers or steaks</u> upon which an excise tax has been paid under section 4695 are exported from the
14	United States, the packer who has paid the tax after-September-3, 1965-shall-be is entitled to a refund of all of such tax upon
16	application to the Maine Sardine Council.
18	Sec. 18. 36 MRSA §§4701 and 4702 are enacted to read:
20	<u>\$4701. Rules</u>
22	1. Grades. The Maine Sardine Council may, in a manner consistent with Title 5, Part 18, and after public hearings,
24	adopt rules establishing official grades for sardines, kippers or steaks packed within the State, and for marking, branding or
26	labeling of sardines, kippers or steaks and the use of the grades. The hearings must be held in places reasonably
28	convenient for the packers. Notice of the hearings and of the
30	final action must be sent, by registered mail, to all license holders under Title 32, section 4153.
32	A. The grades may specify the number of fish per container, the amount, quality and nature of the packing medium or
34	fill, the quality, appearance, odor, character, taste and texture of the fish packed, the style of pack, their
36	workmanship and arrangement in the container, the quality of the substances in the container, the size and type of the
38	container and tolerances allowing for reasonable variation from grades.
40	B. In establishing the rules, the Maine Sardine Council may
42	consider packing practices in the State and in other jurisdictions, consumer expectancy, habits and desires, the
44	types of fish available, conditions of sanitation, tastes and preferences of varying parts of the consumer public,
46	marketing practices and market experience.
48	2. Substandard grade. Sardines, kippers or steaks that are
50	officially designated as substandard grade, for which a certificate is issued, may not be sold for consumption in the
. .	United States unless each can in the lot has the words
52	"Substandard Grade, Good Food - Not High Quality" printed in 2

lines across the cover of all cans in letters not less than 1/8 of an inch in height and enclosed in lines that are not less than 1/32 of an inch in width. This wording must be printed on all wrappers, labels, cartons or other outer coverings of the cans with a permanent type of indelible ink, or by means of other approved procedure. The words "Substandard Grade" must appear in letters not less than one inch in height on both ends of the shipping container.

2

4

6

8

26

2.8

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

52

3. Embargo. The Maine Sardine Council, or any duly 10 authorized agent of the Maine Sardine Council shall detain or place an embargo upon sardines, kippers or steaks officially 12 designated as substandard grade, for which a certificate is issued, by marking or tagging the sardines, kippers or steaks and 14 warning all persons not to remove or dispose of them by sale or otherwise until permission for removal or disposal is given by 16 the executive director. These sardines, kippers or steaks must be detained or placed under embargo until the goods are marked in 18 accordance with this section or the executive director has 20 received a bond covering the export provisions of this section. Orders for detention or embargo issued under this section are not considered to be licensing or an adjudicatory proceeding, as 22 those terms are defined by Title 5, Part 18. 24

§4702. Sardines for export; exempt from quantity and quality provisions of Maine Sardine Law

Sardines that satisfy the requirements of the Maine Food Law, but not the requirements of the Maine Sardine Law, may be exported by complying with the shipping carton marking and bonding provisions of this section.

1. Labels. The cover of each can of sardines that satisfy the requirements of the Maine Food Law, but not the requirements of the Maine Sardine Law must be labeled with the name of the packer. Each shipping carton must be marked plainly and conspicuously with the words "FOR EXPORT" in letters not less than 1/2 inch high.

2. Detention; embargo. The executive director shall detain or place an embargo upon any such sardines by marking or tagging them. Orders for detention or embargo issued under this section are not considered to be licensing or an adjudicatory proceeding as those terms are defined by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act. The executive director may not release the sardines from detention or embargo until the packer provides a bond with good and sufficient sureties in an amount not less than twice the value of the sardines, running to the executive director and successors in that office, conditioned that the sardines must be exported to a foreign country to be named in the bond and may not be reimported into the United States by any person, or in such other amount and upon such other conditions as may be established

- by the executive director. If the packer is regularly engaged in the business of exporting sardines, the packer may provide one 2 bond in the amount of \$10,000 to cover all such exports, conditioned that the sardines must be exported to a foreign country and may not be reimported to the United States by any person and that the packer inform the executive director of the 6 value and foreign country of destination of each shipment in writing prior to release of the embargo and such additional documentary evidence as the executive director may require within 10 45 days of the date of the shipment. A packer is deemed to be regularly engaged in the business of exporting sardines if the 12 packer makes 2 or more shipments in any one year.
- 14 . 3. Military procurement. Shipments to United States military procurement agencies that do not meet market 16 requirements within the United States, its territories and possessions as specified by the Maine Sardine Law are not deemed 18 to be exported to a foreign country.
 - Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

22

24

26

28

30

32

20

STATEMENT OF FACT

Currently, Maine's sardine packers are the only food processors in the State who are taxed by the State to enable the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources to inspect sanitary condition of their processing facilities. addition to these periodic inspections, Maine sardine processing facilities are also periodically inspected by the United States Food and Drug Administration through a program fully funded by the Federal Government.

34

36

38

40

42

Tο change this situation and strengthen the industry's marketing-oriented grading program, the Maine Sardine Council proposes to change the Maine sardine inspection and grading programs in this bill in 3 basic ways.

- The authorization for the sardine inspection program is repealed.
- The Maine Sardine Council would assume the authority to operate the sardine grading program and expand the program's 44 scope to include the grading of kippers and steaks. Grading personnel costs, now supported by the sardine inspection tax, 46
 - would be paid entirely from the council's dedicated revenue excise tax funds.
- 48
- 50 3. The sardine excise tax would increase by 5p per case to a total of 35¢ per case and be expanded to include a 15¢ per case 52 tax on the production of canned kippers and herring steaks in

this State. This tax increase will allow for the full funding of the grading program's needs.

These changes will remove the tax burden from Maine's sardine packing companies by repealing the authorization for the sardine inspection program and will allow the Maine Sardine Council to operate the sardine grading program, which is now partially funded and operated by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources with revenue from the sardine inspection tax.