



# 115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1991

#### Legislative Document

#### No. 269

H.P. 184

House of Representatives, February 1, 1991

Reference to the Committee on Transportation suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative NUTTING of Leeds. Cosponsored by Representative STROUT of Corinth, Representative HUSSEY of Milo and Senator EMERSON of Penobscot.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE

An Act to Allow Haulers of Unprocessed Milk to Purchase a 10% Overweight Permit.

(EMERGENCY)

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Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the volume of milk hauled by milk haulers varies on 6 a daily basis; and

8 Whereas, this variance causes sporadic violations of the truck weight limit laws; and

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Whereas, enforcement of current law is resulting in the milk haulers being penalized; and

14 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of 16 Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and 18 safety; now, therefore,

#### 20 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**29 MRSA §1655, first ¶,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 866, Pt. B, §12 and affected by §26, is further amended to read:

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The operation on the highways of any vehicle loaded entirely 26 with bark, sawdust, firewood, sawed lumber, dimension lumber, pulpwood, wood chips, logs, soils, unconsolidated rock materials 28 including bolts, farm limestone, produce, road salt, manufacturer's concrete products, solid waste, building materials 30 and incinerator ash that absorb moisture during delivery originating and terminating within the State; or dump trucks, 32 tractor dump trucks or transit-mix concrete trucks carrying highway construction materials; or any vehicle loaded entirely 34 with unprocessed milk; or any vehicle loaded with a majority of products requiring refrigeration, whether by ice or mechanical equipment, and on those vehicles when inspected by the State 36 Police, the number of the seal must be recorded and the number of the new seal must be recorded by the State Police, 38 theoperation on the highways of any vehicle loaded with raw ore from 40 mine or quarry to place of processing may not be determined to be in violation if the gross weight of that vehicle does not exceed 110% of the maximum gross weight permitted for that vehicle by 42 section 1652, and provided that the maximum axle loads for these vehicles do not exceed 24,200 pounds for a single axle unit, 44 46,000 pounds for a tandem axle unit and 54,000 pounds for a tri-axle unit, except that 64,000 pounds must be permitted on the 46 tri-axle unit of a 4-axle motor vehicle hauling forest products 48 provided that a special commodity permit is obtained. When any of the tolerances in this section are exceeded, the difference 50 between the actual weights and the respective limits established in section 1652 must be used as the basis for determining the 52 percentage of overload on which the penalty in section 1654 must be assessed.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

### STATEMENT OF FACT

8 Because a milk hauler accepts all of the milk at each farm on the hauler's route, volumes vary on a daily basis. This bill
10 includes unprocessed milk in the list of commodities for which haulers may obtain a special commodity permit. These permits
12 allow haulers to exceed weight limits by 10% without being in violation.

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