



115th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1990

Legislative Document

No. 101

H.P. 73

House of Representatives, December 31, 1990

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative TARDY of Palmyra. Cosponsored by Senator TWITCHELL of Oxford.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY

An Act Amending the Potato Branding Laws.

Printed on recycled paper

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2

Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §950, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1965, c. 219, §1, is amended to read:

4

8

10

12

1. Exposed for sale. Potatoes packed in any type or kind of container, and found in any place in the State ef-Maine, whether that place shall--be is a depot, station, warehouse, packing house, boat dock or any place where potatoes are held in storage, or loaded on a boat, truck, trailer, er railroad car or motor vehicle, shall-be-deemed-to-be are considered exposed for sale under this subchapter.

- 14 <u>Potatoes in transit, in any boat, truck, trailer, railroad car or</u> <u>motor vehicle are not considered exposed for sale.</u>
- 16

20

Potatoes in any dwelling house for the purpose of consumption on 18 the premises shall are not be-deemed-to-be <u>considered</u> exposed for sale.

Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §952, as amended by PL 1985, c. 655, §1, is further amended to read:

24 §952. Branding

26 It shall-be is unlawful for any person, firm, association, organization or corporation, or agent, representative or assistant to any person, firm, association, organization or 28 corporation to expose for sale, or sell, at wholesale or retail, to ship, deliver or consign or have in possession potatoes 30 prepared for market unless in containers which that have been legibly and conspicuously tagged, branded, labeled or stenciled 32 with the name and address of the person or persons responsible for packing and the name of the grade, net weight and the word 34 "potatoes." All potatoes packed in this State must be packed in 36 containers which that conspicuously bear the name of the country where the potatoes were grown. The person or persons responsible 38 for grading shall--be are as follows: If the violation is discovered in the packing house, then the person or persons 40 packing the potatoes shall-be are responsible; if the violation is discovered at any other place, then the person or persons 42 whose name-appears names appear on the container shall-be are responsible. Each lot of potatoes sold at wholesale shall must be accompanied by a bill of lading or invoice stating grade, name 44 and address of packer, name and address of the consignor, name and address of the consignee, date of loading and name of loading 46 point. The bill of lading or invoice shall-be is prima facie evidence in any court of the person or persons packing potatoes. 48 It shall-be is conclusive evidence that potatoes are exposed for sale when packed in containers for delivery or transit, or when 50 the same are--in--the--process--of--delivery--or--transit,--or are 52 located at a depot, station, warehouse, packing house, boat dock

Page 1-LR0321(1)

or any place where potatoes are held in storage, or loaded on a 2 boat, truck, trailer or railroad car, for immediate or future sale or transit. For the purposes of this section only, potatoes 4 located at warehouses, or packing houses at point of origin, shall are not be-deemed considered exposed for sale until they 6 are loaded or are in the process of being loaded in vehicles of transportation. When a violation of this section occurs, it is 8 deemed considered to have taken place at the loading point or where such the violation first became evident to the commissioner 10 or his the commissioner's duly authorized representative. Upon request and submission of proof to the Department of Agriculture, 12 Food and Rural Resources by a packer that he the packer has on hand a supply of bags that do not meet the requirement that the 14 bags conspicuously bear the name of a country where the potatoes were grown, and those bags were purchased or contracted for 16 before September 23, 1983, the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources shall exempt the packer from that requirement 18 until January 1, 1986. The commissioner, at-his-discretion-and upon unusual circumstances, may grant packers extended waivers 20 until January 1, 1987.

22 Sec. 3. 7 MRSA §956, as amended by PL 1985, c. 655, §2, is further amended to read:

24

26

§956. Enforcement; jurisdiction

shall diligently enforce all--of---the-The commissioner 28 provisions-of sections 951 to 957. The commissioner may authorize a representative to do any action that this section authorizes 30 the commissioner to do. Her-either-in-person-or-by-a-duly authorized--representative/-shall--have-free--access/--ingress--and 32 egress-to Upon presentation of credentials, the commissioner may enter at reasonable times for the purpose of potato inspection 34 any place or any building, beat,-truek,-trailer,-or-railroad cor,warehouse, depot, station, packing house, boat dock, or any building wherein potatoes are packed, stored, transported, sold, 36 offered or exposed for sale or for transportation. He The 38 <u>commissioner</u> may also, in person, or by duly authorized representative, open any container and may take samples therefrom. He The commissioner shall, upon written request, 40 therefor, pay the packer the fair market value of any sample 42 retained or destroyed by him the commissioner. He The commissioner may recover forfeitures imposed for violation of 44 these sections <u>951 to 957</u> in a civil action brought in his the commissioner's own name and, if he the commissioner prevails in 46 that action, shall may recover full costs.

Any-person-who-refuses-or-interferes-with-access-by-the
commissioner-or-his-representative-as-provided-for-in-this
section,-following-oral-request-and-warning-given-by-the
commissioner-or-his-representative-regarding-the-contents-of-this
section,-shall-be-guilty-of-a-separate-civil-violation-under

section--957 -- provided -- that -- oral -- request -- and -- warning-- by -- the commissioner-or-his-representative-shall-substitute-for-a-first 2 violation--warning--under--section--9577--subsection--17--and--any continued-refusal-or-interference-shall-be-subject-to-the-civil 4 penalties-as-provided-in-section-957,-subsection-2.

Upon being denied access, the commissioner may seek an administrative inspection warrant as provided in section 13. 8

All fees received under sections 951 to 957 by 10 the commissioner and all money and forfeitures received by him the commissioner under those sections shall must be paid by him the 12 commissioner to the Treasurer of State and shall be appropriated 14 for carrying out those sections. The commissioner shall, in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, establish such rules as may be needed for the proper enforcement 16 of sections 951 to 957.

Sec. 4. 7 MRSA §956-A is enacted to read:

- <u>§956-A. Exception</u>
- 20

~ 18

6

22

The commissioner or the commissioner's duly authorized 24 representative may not stop or cause to be stopped for the purpose of potato inspection a truck in transit nor may the commissioner or the commissioner's representative inspect 26 potatoes in a truck or trailer stopped in transit for any other 28 purpose.

- 30
- 32

STATEMENT OF FACT

34 This bill amends the enforcement section of the potato branding laws. Currently, a person who refuses access to an 36 inspector is guilty of a violation. As amended, refusal of access would not be a separate violation. An administrative search warrant could still be obtained under the Maine Revised 38 Statutes, Title 7, section 13.

40

This bill prohibits the inspection of potatoes in transit. 42 In addition to these substantive changes, several technical changes are made to conform to preferred statutory language.