MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	1 5 2455
2	L.D. 2455
-	(Filing No. H-1091)
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J	STATE OF MAINE
8	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
1.0	114TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
10	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
12	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1785, L.D. 2455, Bill, "An
14	Act to Provide an Income Tax Credit for the Use of Recycled Wood Waste as Fuel"
16	
	Amend the bill by striking out all of the title and
18	inserting in its place the following:
20	'An Act to Provide an Income Tax Credit for the Use of Reclaimed Wood Waste as Fuel'
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	Further amend the bill by striking out everything after the
24	enacting clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in its place the following:
26	its place the lollowing.
	Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §8884, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
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• •	1-A. Reclaimed waste wood and cedar waste report. A
30	taxpayer claiming a credit under Title 36, section 5219-F shall submit an annual report to the Director of the Bureau of
32	Forestry, initially by July 1, 1992, and during the month of
	January thereafter, specifying the source, volume and location of
34	reclaimed wood waste or cedar waste for which a credit has been
	claimed.
36	Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §5219-F is enacted to read:
38	\$5219-F. Reclaimed wood waste and cedar waste credit
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	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the
42	context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the

A. "Reclaimed wood waste" means any green biomass materials derived from wood waste generated in the State in the

following meanings.

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	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1785, L.D. 2455
	ordinary course of production of merchantable lumber or
2	pulpwood chips, not including slash material from logging
	residue, that have been deposited prior to July 1, 1987, in
4	a wood waste pile or wood waste landfill located in the
	State, as certified by the Maine Forest Service.
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	B. "Cedar waste" means any green cedar mill waste material,
8	not including slash material from logging residue that has
	been deposited prior to July 1, 1987, in a wood waste pile
10	or wood waste landfill located in the State, as certified by
	the Maine Forest Service. The cedar waste must have been
12	generated in the State in the ordinary course of processing
	cedar logs into merchantable products and does not otherwise
14	have commercial value.
16	C. "Processor" means any person or legal entity that

- reclaims or processes reclaimed wood waste or cedar waste in order to render it suitable for use as a fuel.
- 20 D. "Green ton" means a ton of material that is ready to be introduced into a combustion unit.

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- E. "Wood combustion facility" means a combustion facility designed to burn wood or wood fiber material as its primary fuel and burns wood or wood fiber at least 95% of the time.
- 2. Credit allowed. A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this Part for each taxable year equal to \$5 28 per green ton of reclaimed wood waste or cedar waste purchased by 30 the taxpayer and delivered to the taxpayers' wood combustion facilities for use within the State as a fuel for the generation 32 of electric or thermal energy. In the case of an affiliated group of corporations engaged in a unitary business, the credit must be applied against the total tax liability of all the 34 taxable corporations in the affiliated group.

For the purpose of certifying eligibility for the credit, the 38 taxpayer shall file with the Maine Forest Service a statement of the total tonnage of reclaimed waste wood or cedar waste purchased and delivered for use as fuel, evidenced by purchase 40 receipts and delivery weights recorded at the place of 42 consumption; the source of the waste material as registered with the Maine Forest Service in accordance with subsection 4: and any 44 other information the Maine Forest Service may require by rule. The Maine Forest Service shall then issue a certificate of 46 eligibility to the taxpayer indicating the amount of credit to which the taxpayer is entitled. This certificate must be filed 48 with the State Tax Assessor at the time the credit is claimed by the taxpayer.

3. Limitation; carry-over; carry-back. The credit allowed by subsection 2 for a taxable year may not exceed 50% of the tax

- liability otherwise due under this Part for that taxable year or

 50% of the total tax liability of all taxable corporations that
 are members of an affiliated group engaged in a unitary business

 for that taxable year. Any unused credit may be carried over to
 the following year or years for a period not to exceed 15 years,

 or may be carried back for a period not to exceed 3 years. A
 carry-back may not be allowed for any taxable year ending prior

 to the effective date of this section. The Maine Forest Service
 may not certify more than \$1,500,000 in eligible credits in any
 fiscal year.
 - 4. Certification of eligibility. To establish eligibility to claim the credit, the taxpayer shall register with the Maine Forest Service each source of reclaimed wood waste or cedar waste identifying location, age, volume and content of the waste material and an estimate of the volume of waste material reclaimed or processed for use as fuel for the current year and, for a wood waste pile, a survey of the pile conducted by a licensed surveyor. The registration statement includes a certification by the taxpayer that the waste material meets the definition of reclaimed wood waste or cedar waste set forth in subsection 1, paragraph A or B, based on this identifying information. The taxpayer seeking to claim the credit shall renew the registration and certification each January thereafter.
 - 5. Application date. This section applies to any tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1991
 - 6. Report to the Legislature. The Maine Forest Service shall provide a report annually to the Bureau of Taxation identifying the taxpayers eligible to claim a credit and the total amount of credit allowed to be claimed under this section. The Department of Conservation and the Bureau of Taxation shall monitor the administration and impact of the tax credit provided under this section and present their findings to the joint standing committees having jurisdiction over taxation and energy matters no later than December 15, 1992.

7. Sunset. This section is repealed December 31, 1993.

FISCAL NOTE

The administrative costs of implementing this credit provision can be absorbed within the future resources of the Maine Forest Service and the Bureau of Taxation. The credit may result in a future loss of revenue of up to \$1,500,000 annually, beginning in fiscal year 1991-92.'

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This amendment replaces the bill. The amendment provides 4 incentives to process, recycle and utilize, as boiler fuel within 6 the State, sawmill residues in landfills and old cedar mill residues produced within the State. Prior to the 1980s, there were insufficient markets to sell or utilize sawmill and pulpwood 8 processing residues. These residues remain piled down in various locations throughout the State and represent a potential 10 environmental hazard. The residues also represent a potential energy resource for the State's biomass power plants that take 12 pressure off existing forest timber resources that may have 14 higher economic value as pulp or lumber products than as fuel. Over the past decade, sufficient biomass power plants have been 16 built to consume most of the currently generated mill waste, and therefore do not qualify for the recycled wood waste tax credit. Previously, mill wastes in landfills were wet and contaminated by 18 soil, stone, tramp metal and other debris and required processing 20 to make mill waters recyclable as fuel. This amendment provides biomass fuel users with an incentive to process and utilize 22 previously unused mill wastes in landfills.

Reported by the Committee on Taxation
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