MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION - 1990

Legislative Document

No. 2287

S.P. 897

In Senate, February 7, 1990

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator HOLLOWAY of Lincoln.
Cosponsored by Representative RICHARDS of Hampden, Representative CATHCART of Orono and Representative FARNSWORTH of Hallowell.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY

An Act to Amend the Domestic Abuse Laws.



	Be it enacted by the P	eople of the St	ate of Mair	ie as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA	§12004-I, sub	-§91 is er	nacted to read:
4	91. Public	<u>Maine</u>	Expenses	19 MRSA
6	Safety	<u>Maine</u> <u>Commission</u>		\$770-B
8		on Domestic		ANTER CONTRACTOR
10	E_{ij}^{\pm}	<u>Abuse</u>		indigat China -
12	Sec. 2. 15 MRS further amended to		mended by	PL 1979, c. 663, \$102, is
14	§891. Dismissal on bail	n satisfactio	on of priv	vate injury; discharge of
16	When a newser	haa baas ada		
18	judge, or is indic	ted, or held	d upon a	bail or is committed by a complaint and warrant for
20	section 4-A, for a	which the pa	rty injur	as defined by Title 17-A, ed has a remedy by civil saults upon or resistance
22	of a law enforcem	ent officer	as defin	ed by Title 17-A in the
24	of such those off	icers, <u>and a</u>	assaults o	icer's duty, and assaults or violations under Title
26				pears before the judge or isfaction for the injury,
28				y stay further proceedings may exonerate the bail and
30	release the oblig	ors, superse	de the c	ommitment by his written
	order and exonerate	e Cue pari or	. che wich	esses.
32	Sec. 3. 19 MRS 7, and as amended h		_	PL 1979, c. 578, §§5 and 6, is repealed.
34	Sec. 4. 19 MRS	A §761-A is	enacted to	read:
36	_			
38	§761-A. Purpose	#		
				and apply this chapter to
40	-			is to protect victims of or household members by
42	allowing the vic	ctims to o	<u>btain ex</u>	peditious and effective
44	to the victim; b	y reducing	incidents	ducing the abuser's access of abuse and fear of financial support; and by
46		the effort	to develo	o a comprehensive analysis
48				
F.O.	Sec. 5. 19 MR	SA §762, sub-	-§1,¶A, a	s amended by PL 1985, c.

557, is further amended to read:

	A. Attempting to cause or causing bodily injury or
2	offensive physical contact, including sex offenses under
	Title 17-A, chapter 11, except that contact as described in
4	Title 17-A, section 106, subsection 1, is excluded from this
_	definition; er
_	delimition; ef
б	Cl. C 10 B STD CLA OFFICA I OH OTTO
	Sec. 6. 19 MRSA §762, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1979, c.
8	677, $\S 4$, is further amended to read:
10	B. Attempting to place or placing another in fear of
	imminent bodily injury;
12	
	Sec. 7. 19 MRSA §762, sub-§1, ¶¶C to F are enacted to read:
14	
	C. Engaging in any course of conduct with the intent to
16	
16	harass, torment or threaten another person;
18	D. Compelling a person by force, threat of force or
	intimidation to engage in conduct from which the person has
20	a right or privilege to abstain or to abstain from conduct
	in which the person has a right to engage;
22	
	E. Restricting substantially the movements of another
24	person without that person's consent or other lawful
	authority; or
26	and a second sec
20	E Communication to a name of threat to semit on to
2.0	F. Communicating to a person a threat to commit, or to
28	cause to be committed, a crime of violence dangerous to
	human life against the person to whom the communication is
30	made or to another, the natural and probable consequence of
	which, whether or not that consequence in fact occurs, is to
32	place the person to whom the threat is communicated, or the
	person against whom the threat is made, in reasonable fear
34	that the crime will be committed.
36	Sec. 8. 19 MRSA §762, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1981, c. 420,
	§3, and PL 1983, c. 583, §26, is further amended to read:
38	gs, and in 1900, c. 500, gro, in latence amended to lead.
30	4 Pamila as becambald markets UEsmila as becambald
4.0	4. Family or household members. "Family or household
40	members" means spouses or former spouses, individuals presently
	or formerly living together as spouses or sexual partners,
42	natural parents of the same child, or adult household members
	related by consanguinity or affinity. Holding oneself out to be
44	a spouse shall is not be necessary to constitute "living as
	spouses."
46	-
	Sec. 9. 19 MRSA §762, sub-§6 is enacted to read:
48	manage of the ma
	6. Mutual order. "Mutual order of protection or restraint"
50	
50	means an order that is granted to the defendant in an action
5 2	under this chapter or the inclusion of language in an order
n /	granted to the biaintiff in an action under this deapter that

	<u>restricts or limits the plaintiff's conduct with regard to the</u>
2	defendant absent the filing of a separate complaint by the
	defendant, service of the complaint and summons upon the
4	plaintiff and a finding by the court that the plaintiff committed
	the abuse alleged on the complaint.
6	
	Sec. 10. 19 MRSA §764, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1979, c. 677,
8	§8, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
10	2. Assistance. Assistance is available as follows.
	Sat
12	A. The court shall provide separate forms and clerical
12	assistance to either party in completing and filing of a
1.4	
14	complaint or other necessary documents. The assistance may
1.0	not include legal advice or assistance in drafting legal
16	documents.
18	B. If a judge is unavailable to review a request for
	temporary relief under this chapter, the clerk shall
20	immediately notify the plaintiff of other courts at which a
	judge is available.
22	
	C. The clerk shall provide the plaintiff written notice of
24	resources where the plaintiff may receive legal or social
	service assistance.
26	• •
	Sec. 11. 19 MRSA §764, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
28	
	2-A. Forms. The forms provided by the court must be
30	uniform throughout the State and must include a summons and an
30	affidavit for temporary emergency relief from abuse. The summons
32	must include a section in which to list places where the
J Z.	
2.4	defendant may be located or available for service. The clerk
34	shall inquire where the defendant may be located or available for
	service and list those locations on the summons or direct the
36	plaintiff to do so.
	C 4A 40 BATTO C A 0F/F 8 04
38	Sec. 12. 19 MRSA §765, sub-\$1, as amended by PL 1979, c. 677,
	$\S\S9$ and 18, and PL 1983, c. 583, $\S26$, is further amended to read:
40	
	1. Full hearing. Within 21 days of the filing of
42	complaint, a hearing shall must be held at which the plaintiff
	shall must prove the allegation of abuse by a prependerence
44	preponderance of the evidence. If a request for temporary,
	emergency or interim relief is denied, the hearing must be held
46	as soon as practicable within the 21-day period.
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Sec. 13. 19 MRSA §765, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1985, c. 546, is further amended to read:

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Temporary orders. The court may enter any temporary orders authorized under subsection 4 as it deems considers necessary to protect the plaintiff or minor child from abuse, on 4 . good cause shown in an ex parte proceeding, which the court shall hear and determine as expeditiously as practicable after filing of a complaint. Immediate and present danger of physical abuse to the plaintiff or minor child shall-eenstitute constitutes good cause. Any order shall must remain in effect pending a hearing pursuant to subsection 1. If the complaint is filed initially in the Superior Court, the justice, after authorizing any temporary order under this section, may order that further proceedings be transferred to the District Court of the division in which either the plaintiff or the defendant resides.

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Sec. 14. 19 MRSA §765, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:

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- 3-A. Denial of relief. Before a request for temporary, emergency or interim relief is denied, the judge shall:
- 20 A. Allow the plaintiff the opportunity to be heard in person to support the complaint. The plaintiff may be 22 accompanied by a person of the plaintiff's choice; and
 - B. Advise the plaintiff of reasons for the denial.
 - Sec. 15. 19 MRSA §765, sub-§4-A, as amended by PL 1981, c. 420, §6, is further amended to read:

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- Service of order. If the court issues a temporary order or orders emergency or interim relief, it shall order a law enforcement agency to serve the defendant personally with the order, the complaint and the summons. To protect the plaintiff, the court may order the omission or deletion of his the plaintiff's address from any papers served on the defendant. The court shall cause the order to be delivered to the law enforcement agency as soon as practicable following the issuance of the order and the law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to serve process expeditiously.
- Sec. 16. 19 MRSA §765, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 578, 40 $\S\S$ 5 and 7, and as amended by PL 1983, c. 583, \S 26, is further 42 amended to read:
- 44 Extension. Ιf a hearing under subsection 1 continued, the court may make or extend such any temporary orders 46 as it deems <u>considers</u> necessary. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a protective order is issued 48 pursuant to section 766, the temporary protective order issued pursuant to this section remains in effect pending service of the 50 final order.

4	1. Protection order; consent agreement. The court, after	
б	hearing and upon finding that the defendant has committed abuses abuse alleged, may grant any protective order or, up	
	making that finding, approve any consent agreement to bring about	out
8	a cessation of abuser-which. This subsection does not precluthe parties from voluntarily requesting a consent agreement	
10	without a finding of abuse. Relief granted under this sect	
	may include:	
12	A Discouling the defendant to effect from the thorselect	
14	A. Directing the defendant to refrain from the threatening assaulting, molesting, attacking or otherwise abusing	_
	plaintiff and any minor children residing in the household	;
16		
	B-1. Directing the defendant to refrain from going upon	the
18	premises of the plaintiff's residence.	
20	C. When the mutual residence or household of the parties	is
	jointly owned or jointly leased or when one party has a du	uty
22	to support the other or their minor children living in	
	residence or household and that party is the sole owner	or
24	leasee <u>lessee</u> :	
26 .	(1) Granting or restoring possession of the residen	nce
 	or household to one party with the exclusion of	the
28	other; or	
30	(2) By consent agreement, allowing the party with	the
30	duty to support to provide suitable alternate housing	
32	and to refer to French Surgery and an arrange and arrange and arrange and arrange arra	
	D. Ordering a division of the personal property and	the
34	household goods and furnishings of the parties and place	
	any protective orders deemed considered appropriate by	the
36	court;	
38	E. Either awarding temporary custody of minor children establishing temporary visitation rights with regard	
40	minor children where when the visitation is deer	
40 .	determined to be in the best interest of the child, or both	
42	determined to be in the best interest of the thirty of both	,
	F. Requiring eithererbethparties the defendant	to
44	receive counseling from a social worker, family serv	
	agency, mental health center, psychiatrist or any other	
46	guidance service that the court deems considers appropriate	
4.6		
48	G. Ordering the payment of temporary support for	
F0	dependent party or any child in his that party's custody,	
50	both, when there is a legal obligation to support the	ııat
	person;	

Sec. 17. 19 MRSA §766, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1981, c. 420, §§7 to 9, and PL 1983, c. 583, §26, is further amended to read:

2	H. Ordering the payment of temporary support payments to the State as provided under <u>in</u> chapter 7;
4	I Ordering permant of manathur germanation to the physical
6	I. Ordering payment of monetary compensation to the abused person for losses suffered as a direct result of the abuse. Compensatory losses shall-be are limited to:Loss loss of
8	earnings or support, reasonable expenses incurred for personal injuries or property damage and reasonable moving
10	expenses. Upon the motion of either party, for sufficient cause, the court may set a later hearing on the issue of the
12	amount of damages, if any, to be awarded;
14	J. Ordering the defendant or, if the complaint is dismissed, the plaintiff, to pay court costs or reasonable
16	attorney fees; or
18	K. Entering any other orders deemed <u>determined</u> necessary or appropriate in the discretion of the court.
20	Sec. 18. 19 MRSA §766, sub-§§7 to 9 are enacted to read:
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24	7. Mutual order of protection or restraint. The court may not issue a mutual order of protection or restraint.
26	8. Action by plaintiff. A plaintiff may only extinguish or
28	modify an order by legal process in accordance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. Any other action or inaction on the
	part of the plaintiff does not alter, diminish or negate the
30	effectiveness of the order. Criminal sanctions may not be imposed upon the plaintiff for violation of any provision of the
32	plaintiff's order for protection.
34	9. Financial accounting. Notwithstanding any other
36	provision of law, failure to file income or asset affidavits does not preclude the issuance of any order under this chapter. In pro se or default proceedings, the court shall apply the child
38	support guidelines using information that the plaintiff is able
40 .	to provide to the court at the time of hearing. Failure of one party to file an income affidavit may not unnecessarily delay a
42	proceeding.
44	Sec. 19. 19 MRSA $\S768$, sub- $\S5$ is enacted to read:
	5. Mediation. The court may not mandate mediation in
46	actions brought under this chapter.
48	Sec. 20. 19 MRSA §769, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1979, c. 677, §16, and PL 1983, c. 583, §26, is further amended to read:
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F 2	1. Crime committed. Violation of a temporary, emergency,
52	interim or final protective order or a court approved consent

agreement, when the defendant has prior actual notice of the order or agreement, is a Class D crime, except when the only provision that is violated concerns relief authorized under section 766, subsection 1, paragraphs F to K. Service in hand is not required under this section. Violation of these-paragraphs shall section 766, subsection 1, paragraphs F to K must be treated as contempt and punished in accordance with law.

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Sec. 21. 19 MRSA §770, sub-§§7 and 8 are enacted to read:

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- 7. Law enforcement agency policy. By December 1, 1990, every municipal, county and state law enforcement agency, with the duty to investigate, prosecute and arrest offenders of this chapter and Title 17-A, shall adopt a written policy on the enforcement of this chapter and the handling of domestic abuse cases in general.
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 8. District attorney prosecutorial policy. By December 1, 1990, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Maine 20

 Prosecutor's Association, shall develop a written policy regarding prosecution of domestic abuse cases under the 22 provisions of Title 17-A. By June 1, 1991, the district attorney, for each of the several counties within the State, 24 shall adopt a written policy regarding prosecution of domestic abuse cases.

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Sec. 22. 19 MRSA §770-B is enacted to read:

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§770-B. Maine Commission on Domestic Abuse

- There is created the Maine Commission on Domestic Abuse, as established by Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 91.
- 34 1. Composition. The commission is composed of 14 members. The Governor shall appoint the chair and the following members: one member who is a representative of the Maine Coalition of 36 Family Crisis Services, one member who is a representative of the 38 family counseling profession, one member who is an attorney specializing in representing individuals in domestic abuse cases, 40 one member who is a district attorney or assistant district attorney, one member who is chief of a municipal police department, one member who is a county sheriff and 2 members who 42 represent the public at large. The President of the Senate shall 44 appoint one Senator and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one member of the House of Representatives. The Chief of the State Police shall appoint one 46 member. The Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee 48 shall serve on the commission. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court is requested to appoint one person to serve the commission in an advisory capacity. 50

- Terms of office. Those members appointed by the Governor shall serve 3-year terms. All other appointed or designated members shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing or designating authority. Powers and duties. The commission shall advise and assist the executive, legislative and judicial branches of State Government on issues related to domestic abuse. The commission Я may make recommendations on legislative and policy actions, 10 including training of the various law enforcement officers, prosecutors and judicial officers responsible for enforcing and 12 carrying out the provisions of this chapter. 14 STATEMENT OF FACT 16 18 The purpose of this bill is to address the issue of domestic violence by amending the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 19, regarding the issuance of protective orders. 20 These amendments are designed to reflect clearly the position that the victims of 22 domestic abuse need the assistance of the criminal justice system to overcome the abuse they are suffering and that the victims are in no way responsible for the abuser's actions. 24 26 This bill: 28 Repeals the current section describing the purpose of the chapter addressing domestic violence in Title 19 and replaces
- 30 it with clearer language;
- 32 Amends the definition of abuse to make it clear that sexual assault is offensive physical contact and, therefore, 34 Secondly, the definition of abuse has been amended so that attempting to place or placing another in fear of bodily 36 injury is abuse regardless of whether the infliction of bodily injury would be imminent or not;

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Adds 4 new types of conduct to the definition of abuse. These include harassment, compelling a person to engage in or abstain from conduct that the person has a right to engage in or abstain from, restricting substantially the movements of another person and terrorizing;

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Amends the definition of family or household members to include individuals presently or formerly living together as sexual partners;

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Repeals and replaces Title 19, section 764, subsection 50 2, that outlines the assistance that a plaintiff or alleged victim is entitled to receive from the court when that person 52 files a complaint. It reenacts the repealed language.

instructs the clerk to notify the plaintiff of other courts where a judge may be found if a judge is not immediately available at the court where the plaintiff files. It also instructs the clerk to provide written notice of possible legal or social service resources to the plaintiff;

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6. Requires the forms used to file a complaint to obtain a protective order to be uniform throughout the State and that the summons contain a section to list places where the defendant or alleged abuser may be found. That information will assist law enforcement officers in service of an order;

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7. Amends Title 19, section 765. If a judge denies a request for temporary, emergency or interim relief, a full hearing must be held as soon as practicable. Further, if a request for temporary relief is made, the ex parte proceeding must be heard and determined as expeditiously as possible;

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8. Requires a judge who is considering denial of a temporary, emergency or interim relief to afford the plaintiff an opportunity to be heard in person and to be accompanied by a person of the plaintiff's choice at the time. The judge must also give reasons for the denial;

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9. Addresses the service of a temporary order. The court is required to cause the order to be delivered to a law enforcement agency for service as soon as practicable following issuance and the law enforcement agency is required to make a good faith effort to serve it expeditiously;

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10. Amends the current laws so that a temporary order will remain in effect until a final order, if issued, can be served. Currently, the temporary order only stays in effect until the hearing;

34 hearing;

- 11. Requires the court to make a finding of abuse under a consent agreement unless the parties voluntarily request that no finding of abuse be made;
- 40 12. Amends Title 19, section 766 so that only the defendant and not the plaintiff can be ordered by the court to receive counseling upon issuance of a protective order;
- 13. Adds 3 new subsections to Title 19, section 766. The first precludes the issuance of an order for protection or restraint against the plaintiff unless the defendant files a complaint and the court finds the plaintiff committed the alleged abuse. The 2nd states that the plaintiff's actions cannot modify or extinguish an order and that no criminal sanction can be placed upon the plaintiff for violation of any provision of an order. The 3rd outlines the manner in which the court shall determine child support if necessary;

14. Prohibits mandatory mediation;

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- 15. Amends the definition of the crime of violation of a protection order to make it clear that the defendant does not have to have been served in hand, if the defendant has actual notice of the order;
- 16. Adds 2 new subsections to Title 19, section 770. The
 10 first requires each of the various law enforcement agencies to
 adopt a written policy on the handling of domestic abuse cases by
 12 December 1, 1990. The 2nd requires the Attorney General to
 develop a model policy for prosecution and for the various
 14 district attorneys to adopt a written policy by June 1, 1991;
- 16 17. Creates the Maine Commission on Domestic Abuse which is charged with the responsibility of continuing to study and advise the 3 branches of government on domestic violence; and
- 20 18. Excludes assault or violation occurring under Title 19, chapter 14 from the dismissal provision of accord and satisfaction.