## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	L.D. 2192
2	(Filing No. S- 657)
4	
6	STATE OF MAINE
8	SENATE
10	114TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
12	SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192, Bill, "An Act
14	to Reduce the Use of Toxic Substances in the Workplace and
16	Minimize the Generation of Hazardous Waste"
	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting
18	clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in its place the following:
20	'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§22-A is enacted to read:
22	, , ,
	22-A. Envi- Hazardous Expenses 38 MRSA
24	ronment: Natural Waste Only \$2310
26	Resources Reduction
26	<u>Advisory</u> <u>Committee</u>
28	C. 2 20 MDCA 91202 C 912 A
30	Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §1303-C, sub-§13-A is enacted to read:
30	13-A. Generator. "Generator" means a person whose act or
32	process produces a waste that is hazardous.
34	Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §1319-I, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
36	2-A. Fees for noncompliance with reduction requirements.
	Notwithstanding subsection 8, the commissioner may assess and a
38	generator not in compliance with chapter 26 shall pay a fee as
40	follows:
40	A. For hazardous waste that is transported off the site to
42	a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility for disposal,
	18¢ a pound; and
44	
4.5	B. For hazardous waste that is transported off the site to
46	a licensed hazardous waste treatment facility for treatment,
48	<pre>storage facility for storage or other licensed facility for handling, including beneficial reuse, reclamation or</pre>
-20	recycling, 13.5¢.

## SENATE AMENDMENT " To H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192

### Sec. 4. 38 MRSA c. 26 is enacted to read:

2	
4	CHAPTER 26
•	HAZARDOUS WASTE REDUCTION
6	£2201 Definitions
8	§2301. Definitions
10	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
12	1. Commercial hazardous waste facility. "Commercial hazardous waste facility" has the same meaning as in section
14	1303-C, subsection 4.
16	2. Cross-media pollution. "Cross-media pollution" means pollution that has an impact on or degrades more than one
18	environmental resource.
20	3. Disposal. "Disposal" has the same meaning as in section 1303-C. subsection 12.
22	A Pacilibe "Pacilibe" many the place of business on
24	4. Facility. "Facility" means the place of business or site where hazardous waste is generated.
26 28	5. Generation. "Generation" means the act or process of producing hazardous waste.
20	6. Generator. "Generator" means a person whose act or
30	process produces a waste that is hazardous.
32	7. Hazardous waste. "Hazardous waste" means those wastes determined by the board to be hazardous under section 1319-0.
34	subsection 1.
36	8. Manifest. "Manifest" has the same meaning as in section 1303-C. subsection 19.
38	9. Pilot plant or pilot production unit. "Pilot plant or
40	pilot production unit" means a small scale model or temporary change in production process to test or develop a new technology.
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44	10. Practicable. "Practicable" means available and capable of accomplishment after taking into consideration the existing
46	state of technology and economic feasibility for the facility involved.
48	11. Production unit. "Production unit" means a measure of output of a manufactured product or a quantifiable service by a
50	facility.

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### SENATE AMENDMENT 'T to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192

- 12. Recycle. "Recycle" has the same meaning as in section 2 1303-C, subsection 21.
- 13. Source reduction. "Source reduction" means the elimination of waste at the source, usually within a process, including process modifications, feedstock substitutions, improvements in feedstock purity, housekeeping and management practices, increases in the efficiency of machinery and on-site, closed-loop recycling, or any action that reduces the amount and toxicity of the waste generated in the production process.
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  14. State reduction goals. "State reduction goals" means a 20% volume reduction in hazardous waste generated in the State by January 1, 1995, and a 30% volume reduction in hazardous waste generated in the State by January 1, 1997.
  - 15. Storage. "Storage" has the same meaning as in section 1303-C, subsection 36.
- 20 <u>16. Treatment. "Treatment" has the same meaning as in section 1303-C, subsection 39.</u>
  - 17. Waste assessment. "Waste assessment" means a systematic planned procedure with the objective of identifying ways to reduce or eliminate waste. The assessment consists of the review and evaluation of a facility's operations and waste streams and the selection of specific waste streams to be evaluated.
  - 18. Waste minimization. "Waste minimization" means the reduction, to the extent practicable, of hazardous waste that is generated or subsequently treated, stored or disposed. It includes any source reduction, treatment or recycling activity undertaken by a generator that results in either the reduction of total volume or quantity of hazardous waste or the reduction of toxicity of the hazardous waste, or both, as long as the reduction minimizes present and future threats to human health and the environment.

#### §2302. Hazardous Waste Minimization Program established

The Hazardous Waste Minimization Program is established within the Department of Environmental Protection to assist generators to eliminate or reduce the amounts, toxicity and adverse environmental and public health effects of hazardous wastes produced.

#### \$2303. Hazardous waste management policy

It is the policy of the State that the generation of hazardous waste be eliminated or reduced as expeditiously as possible. In accomplishing waste reduction, it is the policy of

SENATE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192
the State to adhere to the following hierarchy of hazardous waste prevention and management:
1. Source reduction. Reduce waste production at the source;
2. Recover and reuse. Recover and reuse waste:
3. On-site recycling. Recycle waste on-site:
4. Off-site recycling. Recycle waste off-site;
5. Waste treatment. Treat wastes to reduce volume or hazardous characteristics or both; and
6. Disposal. Dispose of any remaining wastes in a manner to protect the public health and environment.
§2304. Hazardous waste reduction goals
It is the State's goal to reduce both the volume and toxicity of hazardous waste that is generated within the State. The goals are a 20% volume reduction by January 1, 1995, and a 30% volume reduction by January 1, 1997.
Percentage reductions are to be calculated using the annual average of hazardous waste generated for the years 1987, 1988 and 1989 as a base line.
§2305. Department; powers and duties
1. Data collection. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall develop the necessary information base and data collection programs to establish program priorities and evaluate the progress of hazardous waste reduction.
2. Technical services. The commissioner may disseminate information concerning hazardous waste minimization through various means including publications, seminars, hazardous waste minimization plans, recommended waste assessment procedures and lists of consultants on waste minimization technologies.

- 3. Grant program. The commissioner shall evaluate the need for a grant program to provide financial and technical assistance for a facility or industry to conduct hazardous waste assessments and waste minimization studies.
  - 4. Funding of demonstration programs. The commissioner may provide money from such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise made available to academic institutions, facilities, industries, government agencies or private organizations located in the State to conduct demonstration or pilot programs utilizing innovative

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5. Information exchange. The commissioner may participate in existing state, federal and industrial networks of individuals and groups actively involved in waste minimization. The commissioner may contract with technical information centers to assist the department in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The assistance must emphasize strategies to encourage hazardous waste reduction.

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6. Right of entry. The department has a right of entry as established in section 1304, subsection 4-A to enforce this chapter.

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7. Contracts. The commissioner may enter into contracts to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

#### \$2306. Waste reduction achievement

- 24 1. Regulated community. All facilities that generate 100 kilograms or more of hazardous waste in a calendar month for more 26 than 3 months of the year must meet the state reduction goals.
- New facilities. Facilities constructed after the effective date of this section must be designed to minimize 30 hazardous waste generation in accordance with the State's hazardous waste management policy as set forth in section 2303.

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- 3. Establishment of production units. When tracking the percent reduction achieved by a facility, the commissioner shall work with the Department of Labor to establish a uniform production unit measure for each standard industrial code to account accurately for changes in hazardous waste generation due to business growth or decline. When production units are not easily established, such as when a facility provides a service rather than a product, the commissioner and the Department of Labor shall work with industry representatives to establish an acceptable accounting method for business activity.
- 44 On or before June 15, 1991, the commissioner shall issue a list of the production units to be used in meeting reporting 46 requirements for each standard industrial code category for which there are generators required to meet the state reduction goals.

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4. Progress evaluation. Progress toward meeting the state reduction goals must be evaluated annually by the

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SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H.1	P. 1583,	L.D.	2192
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- commissioner based on manifest data, annual generator reports and other appropriate available information. Facilities constructed after the effective date of this section must be evaluated for volume of hazardous waste generated per production unit.
- 5. Plan required. After January 1, 1993, the commissioner may require a facility to complete a hazardous waste minimization plan within one year when:
- A. A facility has not made sufficient progress in minimizing waste as evidenced by achieving less than a 10% reduction of its base line hazardous waste volume and may not meet the state reduction goals;
- B. The facility has received an exemption under subsection

  6 and has not made sufficient progress toward meeting any
  alternate waste reduction goals established under subsection

  6, paragraph G; or
- C. A new facility generates hazardous waste in a significantly greater amount per production unit than similar facilities within the same standard industrial code category.

Generators required to complete a hazardous waste minimization
plan must be notified in writing of the commissioner's
determination. The notification must explain the basis for the
determination, including the specific wastes evaluated and the
annual generation trends of the facility during the previous 3
years. The commissioner shall supply the generator with the
guidelines for an acceptable hazardous waste minimization plan.

- 6. Exemptions. The following are exempt from the provisions of this section:
- A. Commercial hazardous waste treatment or storage facilities:
- B. Pilot plants or pilot production units:
- C. Hazardous waste transporters:
- D. Hazardous waste generated as a result of remedial or corrective actions or facility closures required by law or undertaken to protect employee health and safety, public health and safety or the environment;
- 48 E. Households:
- 50 F. Agricultural operations; and

# SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192

	G. Generators exempted under this paragraph. To quarrily
2	for an exemption under this paragraph, a generator must
	demonstrate to the commissioner that all practicable
4	reductions have been implemented or scheduled for
	implementation. The commissioner may establish alternate
6	hazardous waste reduction goals for the facility when
	appropriate.
8	
	(1) A generator must receive an exemption from the
LO	requirement of meeting state reduction goals from the
12	commissioner if the generator proves that:
1.2	(a) Practicable hazardous waste minimization
L4	methods do not exist;
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L6	(b) Previously implemented reductions or actions
-	have resulted in the maximum achievable waste
L8	minimization;
20	(c) Steps necessary to reduce hazardous waste
	would have an adverse impact on product quantity
22	or quality; or
24	(d) Legal or contractual obligations prohibit
	steps necessary to minimize hazardous waste.
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	(2) The commissioner shall review exemptions under
28	this paragraph at 3-year intervals. Renewals must be
30	granted for generators that demonstrate that they still
30	meet the criteria in subparagraph 1. If an exemption was granted based on legal or contractual obligations,
32	the exemption is only valid for the term of those
, 2	obligations. A 2nd exemption may not be granted by the
34	commissioner based on a new or renewed legal or
	contractual agreement.
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	§2307. Generator waste minimization plans
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	1. Plan guidelines. The Board of Environmental Protection
40	may by rule establish guidelines for hazardous waste minimization
	plans for facilities. A plan must include:
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	A. A statement of facility-wide management policy regarding
14	hazardous waste reduction;
<b>1</b> 6	B. A report on the results of waste assessments performed
± U	for each hazardous waste stream generated, including:
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	(1) Identification and characterization of all
50	hazardous wastes generated at the facility;

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	(2) Identification and evaluation of any appropriate
2	technologies, procedures, processes, equipment or
_	production changes that may be utilized by the facility
4	to reduce the amount or toxicity of hazardous wastes
	and air or water emissions generated by that facility;
6	<u>and</u>
8	(3) Identification of reasonably available potential
	markets for hazardous waste generated by the facility;
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	C. A strategy for implementing practicable hazardous waste
12	minimization options for each waste stream analyzed;
14	D. Performance goals for the reduction, to the extent
	practicable, of individual waste streams. The specific
16	performance goals must be expressed in numeric terms when
	possible. When the establishment of numeric performance
18	goals is not practicable, the performance goals must include
	a clearly stated list of objectives designed to lead to the
20	establishment of numeric goals as soon as practicable. The
	generator shall explain the rationale for each performance
22	goal and may include any impediments to hazardous waste
	minimization including those provided for in section 2306,
24	subsection 6, paragraph G, subparagraph (1):
26	E. An employee awareness and training program to involve
	employees in hazardous waste minimization planning and
28	implementation to the maximum extent feasible; and
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30	F. A program for maintaining records on hazardous waste
	generation rates and management costs.
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	The plan must be signed by a principal executive officer of at
34	least the level of vice-president, if the generator is a
	corporation; a general partner or a proprietor, if the generator
36	is a partnership or sole proprietorship; or a principal executive
	officer or ranking elected official, if the generator is a
38	municipal, state, federal or other public agency.
40	2. Submission of plan. Upon completion of the hazardous
	waste minimization plan, the generator shall notify the
42	commissioner in writing on a form supplied by the commissioner.
	The generator shall provide the commissioner with a plan summary,
44	the evaluation methods used, the findings and conclusions and the
	generator's implementation schedule. A generator may designate
46	information as confidential under section 1310-B.
48	3. Plan availability. Facilities required to complete a
	hazardous waste minimization plan shall keep a complete copy and
50	any back-up data on the premises of that facility for at least 5
	years and make the copy and data available to the commissioner or
52	the commissioner's designee upon request.

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2	4. Updates. Hazardous waste minimization plans must be
4	updated every 2 years by January 1st of the applicable year. The update must include a summary of the progress made to implement
•	the plan.
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8	5. Employee notification. Six months prior to the date when the initial hazardous waste minimization plan or an update
Ū	must be completed, the owner or operator of each facility
10	required to develop a plan under this chapter shall notify all of
	its employees of the requirements for the plan or updates.
12	identify the hazardous substances and production units for which a plan or update must be submitted, provide the criteria for
14	plans specified by the commissioner and solicit comments and
	suggestions on waste minimization options from all employees.
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1.0	6. Review and approval of plan. The commissioner may
18	review a plan or update to determine whether it is adequate according to the guidelines established under this chapter. This
20	chapter does not prohibit the commissioner from seeking
	additional information from a generator to review the adequacy of
22	a plan or plan update.
24	A. If a plan or update is determined inadequate, the
	commissioner shall notify the generator of the inadequacy,
26	and identify the specific deficiencies. The commissioner
28	may specify a reasonable time period of not less than 90
20	days within which the generator must submit a modified plan or update addressing the specified deficiencies. The
30	commissioner may, upon request, provide technical assistance
	to aid the generator in modifying the plan or update.
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34	B. If the commissioner determines that a modified plan or update is inadequate, the commissioner may either require
J 7	further modification or seek penalties as provided in
36	section 2312. If the generator fails to submit a modified
	plan or update within the required time period, the
38	commissioner may assess additional fees as established in section 1319-I. subsection 2-A until a plan is approved.
40	section 1319-1; subsection 2-A until a plan is approved.
	C. In reviewing the adequacy of any plan or update, the
42	commissioner shall base a determination on whether the plan
44	or update is complete and prepared in accordance with the quidelines established pursuant to this chapter.
**	quidelines established pursuant to this chapter.
46	§2308. Confidentiality
48	Upon a satisfactory showing to the commissioner by the
	generator that a plan summary or update developed under this
50	chapter, if made public, would divulge methods, processes or
	other information entitled to protection, the commissioner shall

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hold as confidential that plan summary or update, or a portion of that plan summary or update, pursuant to section 1310-B.

#### \$2309. Cross-media pollution control

- 1. Prohibition. A generator is prohibited from using any change in a process or material that results in new or increased air or wastewater toxic releases to meet state reduction goals.
- 2. Exemptions. A generator may apply to the commissioner for an exemption from subsection 1 if the generator demonstrates that the change resulting in the toxic release or toxic release increase results in a long-term benefit to public health and the environment that outweighs the benefits of other hazardous waste minimization techniques and:

A. The increase in the toxic release does not cause a violation of the facility's existing wastewater discharge or air emission license or permit limits; or

- B. If the toxic emission is new to a facility's existing air or wastewater stream, the facility possesses and complies with all necessary federal, state and local licenses or permits applicable for the release.
- 3. Exemption renewal. If granted, an exemption under this section is valid for a 3-year period. Renewal of the exemption may be granted only if the generator meets the criteria set forth in subsection 2.

4. Department authority. This section does not diminish the existing authority of the department, pursuant to any laws, to establish by regulation, permit, license or order, any treatment technology standards, emission or discharge limits, operation and maintenance requirements or management practices for abating, controlling or preventing a release or threat of release of hazardous substances to the environment.

#### §2310. Hazardous Waste Reduction Advisory Committee

The Hazardous Waste Reduction Advisory Committee, as authorized in Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 22-A, shall serve as a review body to assess the progress in implementation of this chapter and shall advise the department in carrying out the policies and purposes of the department.

- 1. Membership. The Governor shall appoint the chair of the committee. The committee consists of 11 voting members.
- A. The Governor shall appoint 3 representatives from the business community and 2 representatives of organized

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## SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192

	<u>labor. At least one of the representatives from the</u>
2	business community must represent the interests of toxic
	users.
4	Description of the Great shall special as market
_	B. The President of the Senate shall appoint one member
6	from a public health organization, one member from ar
	environmental organization and one public member.
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	C. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall
10	appoint one member from a public health organization, one
	member from an environmental organization and one public
12	member.
14	D. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the
	Commissioner of Labor, the Director of the Maine Emergency
16	Management Agency and the Executive Director of the Maine
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10	Waste Management Agency shall serve as nonvoting ex officio
18	members.
20	<ol><li>Z. Terms. All appointed members are appointed for</li></ol>
	staggered terms of 3 years. The President of the Senate and the
22	Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint one
	member for a one-year initial term, one member of a 2-year
24	initial term and one member for a 3-year initial term. The
	Governor shall appoint one member for a one-year initial term, 2
26	members for 2-year initial terms and 2 members for 3-year initial
	terms. A vacancy must be filled by the same appointing authority
28	that made the original appointment. An appointed member may not
	serve more than 2 4-year terms.
30	AND
30	3. Compensation. Members are entitled to compensation for
32	expenses according to Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 22-A.
32	expenses according to little 3, section 12004-1, Subsection 22-A.
2.4	4 Owner attach 1 was a majority of the matical
34	4. Quorum: actions. A quorum is a majority of the voting
	members of the committee. An affirmative vote of the majority of
36	the members present at a meeting is required for any action.
	Action may not be considered unless a quorum is present.
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	<ol><li>Meetings. The committee shall meet at least 4 times per</li></ol>
40	year and at any time at the call of the chair or upon written
	request to the chair by 4 of the members.
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	6. Staff support. The commissioner shall provide the
44	committee with staff support.
46	7. Duties: powers. The committee may:
48	A. Review the priorities for reducing hazardous waste:

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SENATE AMENDMENT " $\bigwedge$ " to H.P. 1583, L.D. 219	SENATE AMENDMEN	т "Д"	to	H.P.	1583,	L.D.	2192
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	B. Review the criteria for the submission of hazardous
2	waste minimization plans;
4	C. Study and evaluate the practicability of achieving
	reductions in the use or release of specific substances
6	through the use of substitute substances, alternate
	procedures or processes or other means of achieving toxics
8	use reduction or hazardous waste minimization;
10	D. Evaluate existing programs relating to chemical production and use, hazardous waste generation, industrial
12	hygiene, worker safety, public exposure to toxics and toxics
	releases and recommend coordination of information and
14	program changes or development; and
16	E. If appropriate, recommend to the department revisions to the state reduction goals.
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	\$2311. Generator registration
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	<ol> <li>Registration program. All generators of hazardous waste</li> </ol>
22	other than households and agricultural operations shall register
	annually with the commissioner. Registration forms and an
24	accompanying fee of \$50 are due to the commissioner by March 1.
2.5	1991. Subsequent registration forms and fees are due on March
26	1st of each year.
28	The commissioner shall deposit all money received in payment of
	fees under this section to a separate account within the Maine
30	Hazardous Waste Fund to cover expenses incurred by the department
	in the administration of this chapter.
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-	2. Fee reassessment. The commissioner, on an annual basis,
34	shall reassess the generator registration fee schedule and make
7-2	necessary recommendations to the Legislature for adjustments.
36	HOCODORY TOCOMMENSACTORD CO CHE DOGESTACATO TOT GALARDINOMOST
30	\$2312. Enforcement; penalties
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30	Generators that fail to meet any requirements set forth in
40	this chapter, including, but not limited to, achievement of state
<b>4</b> 0	reduction goals and the preparation and submission of required
42	plans, are subject to enforcement action, civil or criminal
74	plans, are subject to enforcement action, civil of criminal

Sec. 5. Report to the Legislature. On or before March 1, 1992, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall report to the Joint Standing Committee on Energy and Natural Resources on the status of implementing this Act. This report must include:

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2-A.

## SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1583, L.D. 2192

- 1. Information regarding progress in reducing the quantities of hazardous wastes generated in the State; and
- 2. An analysis and recommendations for changes to the Hazardous Waste Minimization Program, including, but not limited to, the need for any additional enforcement provisions for meeting required goals and for the establishment of a hazardous waste assessment grant program.
- Sec. 6. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund to the Department of Environmental Protection to carry out the purposes of this Act.

1990-91

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, DEPARTMENT OF

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#### **Maine Hazardous Waste Fund**

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	Positions	(3)
22	Personal Services	\$86,915
	All Other	25,805
24	Capital Expenditures	10,000

Provides funds for an Environmental Specialist III, an Environmental Specialist IV, a Data Control Clerk and general operating expenses to administer the Hazardous Waste Minimization Program.

## DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION TOTAL

\$122,720

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#### FISCAL NOTE

38 If enacted, this legislation will result in:

- 1. An increase in dedicated revenue to the Department of Environmental Protection (the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund) in the amount of \$125,000 for fiscal year 1990-91. This additional revenue would be derived from the proposed \$50 registration fee on hazardous waste generators. These fees will be collected in March of each year and could result in a potential cash flow problem.
- 2. An allocation of Other Special Revenue to the Department of Environmental Protection (the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund) in the amount of \$122,720 for fiscal year 1990-91. This allocation

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would provide funds for required staff, anticipated costs of the Hazardous Waste Reduction Advisory Committee, and general operating expenses to administer the Hazardous Waste Minimization Program.'

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#### STATEMENT OF FACT

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This amendment changes the definitions in the original bill to cross-reference existing law administered by the Department of Environmental Protection. Several definitions are added.

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The amendment deletes several proposed sections of the law that would have empowered the department to undertake actions it may already undertake by law.

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Provisions that allow the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to require a plan for hazardous waste reduction are clarified. Exemption provisions and plan guidelines for generator waste minimization are amended.

The registration fee for generators of hazardous waste is increased to fund the Hazardous Waste Minimization Program and reporting requirements are changed. The allocation section is amended.

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(Senator BALDACCI)
SPONSORED BY:

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COUNTY: Penobscot

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