MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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2	L.D. 1843
2	(Filing No. S-689)
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6	STATE OF MAINE
8	SENATE
10	114TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
12	
14	COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE AMENDMENT "A " to S.P. 705, L.D. 1843, Bill, "An Act to Exempt Medical Malpractice Captive Insurance Companies from the Requirement to Obtain Certificates
16	of Authority to Transact Insurance in the State of Maine"
18	Amend the bill by striking out all of the title and inserting in its place the following:
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22	'An Act to Require the Superintendent of Insurance to Review the Requirements for a Certificate of Authority for Certain Captive Medical Malpractice Insurers'
24	-
26	Further amend the bill by inserting after the title and before the enacting clause the following:
28	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do
30	not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
32	Whereas, this Act requires the Superintendent of Insurance
34	to review the requirements for captive medical malpractice insurers and report to the Legislature by September 1, 1990; and
36	Whereas, that review must begin before the expiration of
38	the 90-day period in order to be completed on time; and
30	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts
40	create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
42	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,'
44	Further amend the bill by striking out everything after the
	ruicher amend the bill by striking out everything after the

enacting clause and before the statement of fact the following:

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'Sec. 1. Captive medical malpractice risk transfer corporations. For purposes of this Act, a captive medical malpractice risk transfer corporation is a domestic corporation that is directly or indirectly controlled by a domestic nonprofit hospital or hospital holding company with a net worth of at least \$50,000,000 that is solely assigned the medical malpractice risk of its parent or any of its parent's subsidiaries or affiliates and their employees for the sole purpose of facilitating the transfer of all the medical malpractice risk to a domestic or foreign reinsurer, and which independently bears none of the medical malpractice risks of its parent or the parent's affiliates or subsidiaries.

Sec. 2. Report by the superintendent. The Superintendent of Insurance shall review the minimum requirements, including minimum capital requirements, that must be met for a captive medical malpractice risk transfer corporation to obtain a certificate of authority to transact the business of insurance in The superintendent shall determine whether less this State. burdensome minimum requirements would be appropriate for the limited purpose of those corporations, revise those requirements over which the Bureau of Insurance has authority and propose legislation as necessary to revise the minimum requirements that The superintendent shall complete the review, are in statute. and submit recommendations, including a draft of any proposed legislation, to the Joint Standing Committee on Banking and Insurance of the 114th Maine Legislature and to the Office of the Executive Director of the Legislative Council by September 1, 1990.

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Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

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FISCAL NOTE

The Bureau of Insurance will incur some minor additional costs which can be absorbed within existing budgeted resources.'

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STATEMENT OF FACT

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The amendment strikes the language of the bill exempting certain captive medical malpractice insurers from the requirement to obtain a certificate of authority, and replaces it with a section requiring the Superintendent of Insurance to review the current minimum requirements for obtaining a certificate of authority, and to revise them as appropriate for certain captive insurers.

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COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 705, L.D. 1843

Captive insurers are limited-purpose insurers that are 2 controlled by or under common control with the entities they insure. The minimum requirements currently in law are designed to protect the solvency of insurers with more insureds and higher risk exposure than some captives, and may be overly burdensome for a captive insurer whose sole purpose is to facilitate the 6 transfer of medical malpractice risk to a reinsurer. The purpose 8 of the review by the superintendent is to determine whether protection of the solvency of captive insurers can 10 accomplished with less burdensome minimum requirements. The bill requires the superintendent to report proposed revisions to the Legislature by September 1, 1990, to make regulatory changes 12 where appropriate and to recommend legislation making statutory 14 changes where necessary.

Reported by the Committee of Conference on S.P. 705, L.D. 1843. Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (4/10/90) (Filing No. S-689)