



114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 1753

H.P. 1254

House of Representatives, June 13, 1989

Reported by Representative McHENRY from the Committee on Labor and printed under Joint Rule 2.

Clea

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Original bill sponsored by Representative McHENRY of Madawaska.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Permit a 7-day Recall to Work Period.

(NEW DRAFT OF H.P. 1134, L.D. 1577)

(NEW TITLE)

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	26 MRSA §596 is enacted to read:
	§596. Recall period
	An employee who is temporarily laid off by an employer f
	over 6 weeks and who is placed on a "recall" or "spare" list that employer for the purpose of being recalled to work sha
	have 7 days from receiving notice of a recall to work in which
	respond to the notice without discrimination on subseque recalls by the employer.
	1. Effect of exercising option. No employer may remove
	employee from a "recall" or "spare" list solely because t employee chooses to exercise the 7-day option under th
•	section. No employer may discriminate against an employee
	subsequent recalls to work solely because the employee chooses
	exercise the 7-day option under this section.
	2. Limitations. Nothing in this section may be constru
	to:
	A. Prevent an employer from offering recall to anoth
	employee on the "recall" or "spare" list in the place of
	employee who is contacted earlier but who chooses
	exercise the 7-day option under this section;
	B. Require an employer to hold a position or an offer
	recall open for an employee who exercises the 7-day opti
	under this section; or
	C. Require an employee to wait 7 days before returning
	work after receiving a recall notice.
	<u></u>
	STATEMENT OF FACT
	This new draft permits an employee who has been temporar
	laid off for over 6 weeks and placed on a recall list to delay
	acceptance of a recall to work for up to 7 days without fear retribution from the employer. The purpose of providing the
	7-day period is to enable the employee to provide a subseque
	employer with adequate notice of the employee's intent to retu
	to work with the prior employer. Present law permits an employ
	to remove an employee from a recall list if the employee refus
	to accept a recall offer immediately. This practice discourage
	these recall employees from seeking interim employment until the receive a recall notice. The new draft prevents employers from

,

Page 1-LR1039(2) • •

 \mathbf{f}^{α}

.

i.

)

The new draft does not require an employer to hold an offer 1 of recall open for the entire 7-day period. The employer may 3 simply offer the recall position to another employee on the recall list if the first employee contacted chooses to exercise the 7-day option provided under the new draft. The employer may 5 not, however, remove the first employee from the recall list or discriminate in any way against that employee in subsequent recalls. Similarly, the new draft does not require an employee to wait 7 days before returning to work. The employee may choose to leave an interim job immediately to return to the employer who offers the recall.

7

9

11