



114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 1566

S.P. 563

 $\langle \hat{Q} \rangle$

In Senate, May 9, 1989

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

O'Bren

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BUSTIN of Kennebec. Cosponsored by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake, Representative ROLDE of York and Senator MATTHEWS of Kennebec.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Establish the Office of Substance Abuse Services within the Executive Department.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
3	Sec. 1. 2 MRSA §6, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1987, c. 715, §1, is further amended to read:
5	2 Parge 90 The colonies of the following state officials
7	3. Range 89. The salaries of the following state officials and employees shall be within salary range 89:
9	Director of Public Improvements;
11	State Budget Officer;
13	State Controller;
15	Director of the Bureau of Forestry;
17	Chief of the State Police;
19	Director, State Planning Office;
21	Director, Energy Resources Office;
23	Public Advocate;
25	Commissioner of Defense and Veterans' Services;
27	Director of Human Resources; and
29	Executive Director, Retirement System-; and
31	Director of the Office of Substance Abuse Services.
33	Sec.2. 5 MRSA §12004-G, sub-§15-A is enacted to read:
35	<u>(15-A) Human Driver Edu-</u> <u>\$75/day 5 MRSA §20206</u> <u>Services cation Evalu-</u>
37	<u>ation Program</u> Appeals Board
39	Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§39, as enacted by PL 1987, c.
41	786, §5, is amended to read:
43	39. Human Maine Council on Expenses Only 22 MRSA Services Alcohol and Drug §7107
45	Abuse Prevention <u>\$20051</u> and Treatment
47	Sec. 4. 5 MRSA Pt. 24 is enacted to read:
49	PART 24
51	SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION

(

Page 1-LR1193(1)

1	AND TREATMENT
3	CHAPTER 551
5	OFFICE OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES
7	SUBCHAPTER I
9	GENERAL PROVISIONS
11	<u>§20001. Purpose</u>
13	The purposes of this chapter are:
15	1. Integrated and comprehensive approach. To adopt an <u>integrated approach to the problem of substance abuse and to</u>
17	focus all the varied resources of the State on developing a comprehensive range of substance abuse prevention and treatment
19	activities and services; and
21	2. Single administrative unit. To establish a single administrative unit within State Government, accountable directly
23	to the Governor, with responsibility for planning and coordinating all of the State's substance abuse prevention and
25	treatment activities and services.
27	§20002. Definitions
29	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
31	1. Agreement. "Agreement" means a legally binding document
33	between 2 parties, including such documents as are commonly referred to as accepted proposal, contract, grant, joint or
35	cooperative agreement or purchase of services.
37	2. Alcohol or drug-related motor vehicle incident. "Alcohol or drug-related motor vehicle incident" means a
39	conviction or administrative action resulting in the suspension of a motor vehicle operator's license for a violation under Title
41	29, section 1311-A; 1312-B; former section 1312-B; former section 1312-C; or section 2241-G, subsection 2, paragraph B,
43	subparagraph (2).
45	3. Alcoholic. "Alcoholic" means a person who habitually lacks self-control as to the use of alcoholic beverages, or uses
47	alcoholic beverages to the extent that that person's health is
49	<u>substantially impaired or endangered or that person's social or</u> <u>economic function is substantially disrupted.</u>
51	4. Approved treatment facility. "Approved treatment facility" means a public or private alcohol treatment facility

 $(\widehat{\ })$

 γc

4

~

(

Page 2-LR1193(1)

1 meeting the standards adopted by the office under section 20152, subsection 1, and approved under section 20152, subsection 3, and 3 licensed under subchapter V or other applicable provisions of state law.

5

- 5. Approved public treatment facility. "Approved public 7 treatment facility" means an approved treatment facility operating under the direction and control of the office or 9 providing treatment under this chapter through a contract with the office under section 20151, subsection 6, or any facility 11 funded in whole or in part by municipal, state or federal funds.
- 6. Chemical health coordinator. "Chemical health coordinator" means a person who serves as the coordinator of a
 local school administrative unit's chemical primary and secondary prevention and education program.
- 7. Client. "Client" means a person who is required to 19 complete the alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and treatment program for an alcohol or drug-related motor vehicle 21 offense.
- 8. Community-based service provider. "Community-based service provider" means a provider of drug abuse prevention
 services, and includes a provider of either the treatment component or the evaluation component, or both, of the alcohol
 and other drug education, evaluation and treatment program certified under section 20204 or a program approved under the
 Driver Education Evaluation Program.
- 31 9. Completion of treatment. "Completion of treatment," for the purpose of recommendation by the office to the Secretary of 33 State concerning restoration of the driver's license to the client, means that the individual has responded to treatment to 35 the extent that there is a substantial probability that the individual will not be operating under the influence. This 37 substantial probability may be shown by:
- A. An acknowledgement by the client of the extent of the client's alcohol or drug problem;
 41
- B. A demonstrated ability to abstain from the use of 43 alcohol and drugs; and
- 45 <u>C. A willingness to seek continued voluntary treatment or</u> to participate in an appropriate self-help program, or both,
 47 <u>as necessary.</u>
- 49 <u>10. Council. "Council" means the Maine Council on Alcohol</u> and Drug Abuse Prevention and Treatment, as established by
 51 <u>section 12004-I, subsection 39.</u>

Page 3-LR1193(1)

1	11. Dependency-related drug. "Dependency-related drug" means alcohol or any substance controlled under Title 22, chapter
3	551, subchapter II, and chapters 557 and 558.
5	<u>12. Director. "Director" means the Director of Substance</u> Abuse Services.
7	
9	13. Division. "Division" means the Divison of Driver Education Evaluation in the Department of Human Services.
11	14. Drug abuser. "Drug abuser" means a person who uses any drugs, dependency-related drugs, or hallucinogens in violation of
13	any law of the State.
15	15. Drug abuse prevention. "Drug abuse prevention" means all facilities, programs or services relating to drug abuse
17	control, education, rehabilitation, research, training and treatment, and includes these functions as related to alcoholics
19	and intoxicated persons. The term includes such functions even when performed by an organization whose primary mission is in the
21	field of prevention of drug traffic or is unrelated to drugs. This term does not include any function defined under subsection
23	24 as prevention of drug traffic.
25	16. Drug addict. "Drug addict" means a drug dependent person who, due to the use of a dependency-related drug has
27	developed such a tolerance thereto that abrupt termination of the use thereof would produce withdrawal symptoms.
29	17. Drug dependent person. "Drug dependent person" means
31	any person who is unable to function effectively and whose inability to do so causes or results from the use of a
33	dependency-related drug.
35	18. Drug treatment center. "Drug treatment center" means a residential facility, not licensed as a medical care facility
37	under Title 22, chapter 405, for the care, treatment or rehabilitation of drug users, including alcohol users.
39	19. Emergency service patrol. "Emergency service patrol"
41	means a patrol established under section 20160.
43	20. Incapacitated by alcohol. "Incapacitated by alcohol" means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol, is
45	unconscious or has impaired judgment and is incapable of
47	<u>realizing and making a rational decision with respect to the need</u> for treatment.
49	21. Incompetent person. "Incompetent person" means a person who has been adjudged incompetent by a court.
51	person who has been adjudged incompetent by a court.

()

- 22. Intoxicated person. "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol.
- 5 23. Multiple offender. "Multiple offender" means a client who has more than one alcohol or drug-related motor vehicle
 7 incident within a 6-year period.
- . 9

11

1

3

24. Office. "Office" means the Office of Substance Abuse Services established under section 20003.

- 25. Prevention of drug traffic. "Prevention of drug traffic" means any functions conducted for the purpose of preventing drug traffic, including law enforcement and judicial activities or proceedings such as the investigation, arrest and prosecution of drug offenders and offenses or the detection and suppression of illicit drug supplies.
- 19 <u>26. Standards. "Standards" means rules adopted by the office that are to be met before and during operation of any treatment facility or treatment program.</u>

23 27. Treatment. "Treatment" means the broad range of emergency, outpatient, intermediate and inpatient services and
25 care including career counseling, diagnostic evaluation, employment, health, medical, psychiatric, psychological,
27 recreational, rehabilitative, social service care, treatment and vocational services, which may be extended to an alcoholic,
29 intoxicated person, drug abuser, drug addict, drug dependent person or to a person in need of assistance due to use of a
31 dependency-related drug.

 28. Treatment program. "Treatment program" means any program or service, or portion thereof, sponsored under the
 auspices of a public or private nonprofit agency providing services especially designed for the treatment of those persons
 1isted in subsection 27.

39 §20003. Office established

 41 The Office of Substance Abuse Services is established within the Executive Department to fulfill the purposes of this
 43 chapter. The Office of Substance Abuse Services is directly responsible to the Governor. The office shall be the sole agency
 45 of the State responsible for administering this chapter.

 All program authority and appropriations for substance abuse treatment, education and prevention services administered and
 implemented before the effective date of this chapter by the Department of Human Services, the Department of Mental Health and
 Mental Retardation, the Department of Corrections and the Department of Educational and Cultural Services are transferred

- 1 <u>to the Office of Substance Abuse Services, except as otherwise</u> provided by this chapter.
 - §20004. Duties of the office

 State prevention and treatment functions. The office
 shall establish in accordance with the purposes and intent of this chapter the overall planning, policy, objectives and
 priorities for all state substance abuse prevention and treatment functions, other than prevention of drug traffic.

11

3

5

- **2. Planning.** The office shall plan drug abuse prevention activities in the State and shall prepare and submit to the Legislature the following documents:
- 15

13

- A.Annually, beginningJanuary15,1990,areport17containing an evaluation of the past year's progress toward
obtaining established goals and objectives and the office's19recommendations regarding funding for the coming fiscal year;
- B. Biennially, beginning January 15, 1991, a comprehensive plan containing statements of measurable goals to be accomplished during the coming biennium and establishing performance indicators by which progress toward accomplishing those goals will be measured; and
- 27 C. Every 4th year, beginning January 15, 1993, an assessment of the costs related to drug abuse in the State
 29 and the needs for various types of services within the State, including geographical disparities in needs and the needs of special populations of drug abusers.

33 3. Coordination; organizational unit. The office shall conduct and coordinate, with the advice of the council, all drug 35 abuse prevention activities in the State, and all programs and activities authorized by the United States Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act 37 of 1970, as amended, and by the United States Drug Abuse Office 39 and Treatment Act of 1972, as amended; and other programs or Acts of the State or United States related to drug abuse prevention which are not the specific responsibility of another state agency 41 under federal or state law. It shall act as a liaison among the 43 branches of State Government and their agencies regarding activities relating to drug abuse or drug dependent persons.

45

4. Administration of resources and services. The office 47 shall encourage and assist development of effective, coordinated and efficient administration of resources and services available 49 for drug abuse prevention.

51

5. Information and data. The office shall assemble and analyze the information necessary to carry out its duties. All

1 programs receiving state funds for drug abuse prevention shall use uniform data standards as established by the office. These 3 standards shall provide information relating to at least the following: region, income category, demographic features and 5 impact on the economic sector. To the extent feasible, information shall maintain compatibility with federal information 7 sharing standards.

9 6. Information system. The office shall develop and maintain an up-to-date information system related to drugs, drug 11 abuse and drug abuse prevention. The office shall make the information available for use by the people of the State, the political subdivisions, public and private nonprofit agencies and 13 the State. The office shall prepare, publish and disseminate 15 educational materials. The office shall continuously develop objective devices and research methodologies. The office shall specify uniform methods of keeping statistical information for 17 use by public and private agencies, organizations and 19 individuals. The office shall use existing sources of information to the fullest extent possible, while maintaining confidentiality safeguards of state and federal law. The office 21 may request information from any state government or public or 23 private agency, which shall provide the information requested. To the extent feasible, the office shall ensure that the 25 information is compatible with federal information sharing standards.

Functions of the drug information system may include, but are not limited to:

27

39

47

 A. Conducting research on the causes and nature of drugs, drug abuse or people who are dependent on drugs, especially
 alcoholics and intoxicated persons;

B. Collecting, maintaining and disseminating such knowledge, data and statistics related to drugs, drug abuse
 and drug abuse prevention as will enable the office to fulfill its responsibilities;

C. Determining through a detailed survey the extent of the41drug abuse problem, and the needs and priorities for the
prevention of drug abuse and drug dependence in the State43and political subdivisions. Included may be a survey of
health facilities needed to provide services for drug abuse45and drug dependence, especially alcoholics and intoxicated
persons;

D. Maintaining an inventory of the types and quantity of drug abuse prevention facilities, programs and services available or provided under public or private auspices to 51 drug addicts, drug abusers and drug dependent persons, especially alcoholics and intoxicated persons. This function shall include the unduplicated count, location and characteristics of people receiving treatment, as well as their frequency of admission and readmission, and frequency and duration of treatment. The inventory shall include the amount, type and source of resources for drug abuse prevention; and

1

3

5

7

9

11

13

15

17

23

E. Conducting a continuous evaluation of the impact, quality and value of drug abuse prevention facilities, programs and services, including their administrative adequacy and capacity. Activities operated by or with the assistance of State Government and the Federal Government shall be evaluated. Included shall be alcohol and drug abuse prevention and treatment services as authorized by this chapter and the following federal laws and amendments to them as relate to drug abuse prevention:

- (1) The United States Drug Abuse Office and Treatment 19 Act of 1972, Public Law 92-255;
- 21 (2) The United States Community Mental Health Centers Act, United States Code, Title 42, Section 2688;
- (3)The United States Public Health Service Act,25United States Code, Title 42;
- 27 (4) The United States Vocational Rehabilitation Act;
- 29 (5) The United States Social Security Act; and
- 31(6) The United States Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and
Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act33of 1970, Public Law 91-616, and similar Acts.

35 7. Prevention or treatment programs. The office shall plan, establish and maintain necessary or desirable prevention or 37 treatment programs for individuals or groups of individuals, except that the office and its staff, whether assigned to the 39 office or to operating units, may provide direct service only to a drug dependent individual or groups of such individuals, whose 41 drug dependency is related to alcohol. The office may use the full range of its powers and duties to serve any drug dependent 43 person through indirect services provided for by agreements.

45 8. Mobilize resources. The office shall help communities mobilize their resources to deal with drug abuse. The office 47 shall provide, or coordinate the provision of information, technical assistance and consultation to state, regional and 49 local governments; and to public and private nonprofit agencies, institutions, organizations and individuals. The help shall be 51 for the purpose of encouraging, developing and assisting with the initiation, establishment and administration of any plans, programs or services to prevent drug abuse.

To carry out this duty, the office may coordinate the efforts and enlist the assistance of all public and private agencies, organizations and individuals interested in drug abuse 7 prevention, especially alcoholism and treatment of alcoholics and intoxicated persons. The support and assistance of interested persons in the community, particularly recovering alcoholics and abusers of drugs, shall be utilized to encourage alcoholics and 11 drug abusers voluntarily to undergo treatment.

13 The office may encourage general hospitals and other appropriate health facilities to admit without discrimination alcoholics and 15 intoxicated persons who abuse or are dependent on drugs and to provide them with adequate and appropriate treatment. The office 17 may encourage all health and disability insurance programs to include alcoholism as a covered illness.

19

1

3

5

9

9. Operating and treatment standards. The office shall establish operating and treatment standards, inspect and issue a 21 certificate of approval for any drug abuse treatment facility or 23 program, including residential treatment centers, which meet the standards adopted under section 20152, subsection 1, and licensed 25 under subchapter VI or other applicable provisions of law. The office shall periodically enter, inspect and examine the 27 treatment facility or program, and examine its books and accounts. The office shall fix and collect the fees for the inspection and certificate. Insofar as licensing and 29 certification of drug abuse prevention facilities and programs may also be the responsibility of another administrative unit of 31 the State, the office may assign performance of this responsibility to that unit or make other mutually agreeable 33 arrangements with that unit for assisting with performance of 35 this responsibility.

37 10. Educational programs. The office shall develop and implement as an integral part of treatment programs an 39 educational program for use in the treatment of alcoholics and intoxicated persons and persons who abuse or are dependent on 41 drugs; assist in the development of, and the cooperation with, alcoholic education and treatment programs for employees of state 43 and local governments and businesses and industries in the State; and convene and conduct conferences of public and private 45 nonprofit organizations concerned with the development and operation of drug abuse prevention programs. 47

11. Training programs. The office shall foster, develop, 49 organize, conduct or provide for the conduct of training programs for all persons in the field of treating alcoholics and intoxicated persons and drug abusers. 51

- 1 12. Activities and programs. The office shall coordinate activities and cooperate with drug abuse prevention programs in this and other states for the common advancement of drug abuse prevention and alcoholism programs.
 - **13. Review.** The office shall review all proposed legislation, activities, plans, policies and other administrative functions of other state agencies relating to drug abuse.

§20005. Powers of the office

5

7

9

11

1. Funds. The office may seek and receive funds from the Federal Government and private sources to further its activities. 13 Included in this function is authority to solicit, accept, administer, disburse and coordinate funds for the State in 15 accordance with the intent, objectives and purposes of this chapter and within any limitation which may apply from the 17 sources of those funds. Any gift of money or property made by 19 will or otherwise, and any grant or other funds appropriated, services or property available from the Federal Government, the 21 State or any political subdivision of the State and from all other sources, public or private, may be accepted and 23 administered. The office may do all things necessary to cooperate with the federal government or any of its agencies in making application for any funds. 25

- 27 2. Agreements. The office may enter into agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties. 29 Included is the power to make agreements with qualified community, regional and state, private nonprofit and public 31 agencies, organizations and individuals in this and other states to develop or provide drug abuse prevention and treatment 33 facilities, programs and services. These agreements may include provisions to pay for prevention or treatment rendered or furnished to an alcoholic, intoxicated person, drug abuser, drug 35 addict, drug dependent person or person in need of assistance due 37 to use of a dependency-related drug. The contracts shall be executed only with agencies that meet the standards for treatment 39 promulgated by the office under section 20152, subsection 1, and approved under section 20152, subsection 3, and licensed under subchapter VI or other applicable provisions of law. The office 41 may engage expert advisors and assistants who may serve without 43 compensation, or to the extent funds may be available by appropriation, grant, gift or allocation from a state department, 45 the office may pay for the expert advisors or assistants.
- Rules. The office may prepare, adopt, amend, rescind and administer policies, priorities, procedures and rules to
 govern its affairs and the development and operation of facilities, programs and services. The office may adopt rules to
 carry out its powers and duties. The office shall adopt rules necessary to define contractual terms, conditions of agreements

 and all other rules as are necessary for the proper administration of this chapter. The adoption, amendment and rescission of all rules under this chapter must be made in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter
 375.

 7 4. Recommendations. The office may make recommendations to the respective branches of State Government concerning drug abuse
 9 activities and shall consult with and be consulted by any state agency regarding the policies, priorities and objectives of its
 11 functions relating to drug abuse.

- 5. Purposes and authority. The office may do other acts and exercise any other powers necessary or convenient to carry
 out the purposes and authority expressly granted in this chapter.
- 17 §20006. Director

51

 Appointment. The Governor shall appoint a full-time director of the Office of Substance Abuse Services. The appointment is subject to the review of the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over human
 resources and confirmation by the Legislature. The director shall serve at the will of the Governor. The director shall be
 paid a salary in accordance with Title 2, section 6, subsection 3.

- 27 2. Qualifications. The director must be qualified by training and experience in the field of substance abuse
 29 prevention and treatment.
- 31 3. Powers. The director may:
- A. Employ and remove staff. Clerical staff shall be hired in accordance with the Civil Service Law. Professional
 staff shall serve at the pleasure of the director;

 B. Propose feasible alternatives to current substance abuse prevention and treatment programs and services when the alternatives, in the opinion of the director, may address the problems and needs better than current programs and services;

 43 <u>C. Conduct studies of other types of programs and services</u> that may affect the provision of substance abuse prevention
 45 and treatment services; and

 47 D. Accept money from any source to implement this chapter. Any money that the office receives must be accounted for in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Finance.

4. Duties. The director shall:

1 A. Prescribe the duties of staff and assign a sufficient 3 number of staff full time to the office to carry out its powers and duties; and 5 B. Solicit input from the council in developing a comprehensive and integrated statewide program of substance 7 abuse prevention and treatment services. The director or the director's representative shall attend all meetings of 9 the council. 11 §20007. State agencies to cooperate 13 State agencies shall cooperate fully with the office and 15 council in carrying out this chapter. The Commissioner of Corrections, the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services, the Commissioner of Human Services, the Commissioner of 17 Mental Health and Mental Retardation, and the Commissioner of Public Safety, or their designees, shall meet with the director 19 regularly to facilitate agency awareness and cooperation. The office and council are authorized to request personnel, financial 21 assistance, facilities and data from other agencies as will assist the office and council to fulfill their powers and duties. 23 25 SUBCHAPTER II 27 MAINE COUNCIL ON ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION AND TREATMENT 29 §20051. Membership 31 1. Members; appointment. The Maine Council on Alcohol and 33 Drug Abuse Prevention and Treatment, as established by section 12004-I, subsection 39, shall consist of no more than 25 members 35 who, excepting members representing the Legislature, shall be appointed by the Governor. At least 2 members of the council shall be current members of the Legislature: one member from the 37 Senate appointed by the President of the Senate to serve at the 39 pleasure of the President and one member from the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives to serve at the pleasure of the Speaker. 41 2. Qualifications. To be qualified to serve, members must 43 have education, training, experience, knowledge, expertise and interest in drug abuse prevention and training. Members must be 45 residents of different geographical areas of the State, who 47 reflect experiential diversity and concern for drug abuse prevention and treatment in the State. 49 3. Membership; representation. The Governor shall select 51 members from outstanding people in the fields of corrections, education, health, law, law enforcement, labor and employment,

1	medicine, mental health, mental retardation, science, social
Ŧ	sciences and related areas. The Governor shall appoint members
3	to represent nongovernmental organizations or groups and public
-	agencies concerned with prevention and treatment of alcoholism,
5	<u>alcohol abuse, drug abuse and drug dependence. Members must have</u> an unselfish and dedicated personal interest demonstrated by
7	active participation in drug abuse programs such as prevention,
·	treatment, rehabilitation, training or research into drug abuse
9	and alcohol abuse. The Governor shall appoint members to meet
	the following requirements.
11) The of the originate of the member of the better the
13	<u>A. Two of the private citizen members must be between the ages of 16 and 21 years.</u>
10	ages of to and 21 years.
15	B. At least 4 members must be officials of public or
	private nonprofit community level agencies who are actively
17	engaged in drug abuse prevention or treatment in public or
19	private nonprofit community agencies or members of the
19	<u>regional alcohol and drug abuse councils located throughout</u> <u>the State.</u>
21	
	C. Five members must be the executive directors of the 5
23	regional alcohol and drug abuse councils located throughout
	the State.
25	D. One of the public citizen members must be the President
27	or Executive Director of the National Council on Alcoholism
	in Maine, Incorporated.
29	
	E. Two members must be representatives of public education;
31	F. Two members must be representatives from the field of
33	mental health and mental retardation,
35	G. Two members must be representatives from the field of
	corrections and criminal justice.
37	H. Two members must be representatives from the field of
39	social services.
41	1. The Governor shall make appointments to the council to
	ensure that at least 6 members are persons affected by or
43	recovering from alcoholism, chronic intoxication, drug abuse
45	<u>or drug dependency, having evidenced a minimum of 3 years of sobriety or abstention from drug abuse.</u>
-0	<u>sessing of and constant at up and to a</u>
47	J. Membership may also include, but not be limited to,
	representatives of professions such as law, law enforcement,
49	medicine, pharmacy, the insurance industry, businesses with
51	employee assistance programs and teaching.
51	

1

4. Term; vacancies. Except as provided in paragraphs A and 1 B, members shall be appointed for terms of 3 years. Any vacancy in the council shall not affect its powers, but must be filled in 3 the same manner by which the original appointment was made. 5 Terms of appointment shall begin and expire on June 1st. 7 A. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the member's 9 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. 11 B. Members who are members of the current Legislature and who are appointed by the President of the Senate or the 13 Speaker of the House of Representatives shall serve at the pleasure of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the 15 House of Representatives. 17 5. Reappointment; termination. Members shall be eliqible 19 for appointment only to 2 consecutive terms and may serve after the expiration of their terms until their successors have been 21 appointed, qualified and taken office. The appointing authority may terminate the appointment of any member of the council for good and just cause and the appointing authority shall 23 communicate the reason for the termination to each member 25 terminated. The appointment of any member of the council shall be terminated if a member is absent from 3 consecutive meetings 27 without good and just cause that is communicated to the chair of the council. 29 6. Ineligible to serve on the council. The Governor shall not appoint as a member of the council any official, employee, 31 consultant or any other individual employed, retained or otherwise compensated by or representative of the executive 33 branch. 35 7. Officers. The Governor shall designate one member to chair the council. The council may elect any other officers from 37 its members as it considers appropriate. 39 8. Subcommittees. The council may appoint from its membership subcommittees relating to particular problem areas or 41 to other matters, provided that the council shall function as an 43 integrated committee. 45 9. Administrative and financial assistance. The office shall provide the council any administrative or financial 47 assistance that from time to time may be reasonably required to carry out its activities. Any reasonable and proper expenses of 49 the council shall be borne by the office out of currently available state or federal funds.

1	<u>§20052. Meetings; compensation; quorum</u>
3 5	1. Calling meetings. The council shall meet at the call of the chair or at the call of at least 1/4 of the members appointed and currently holding office.
7	
9	 Frequency of meetings. The council shall meet at least 5 times a year and at least once every 3 months.
11	<u>3. Minutes. The council shall keep minutes of all meetings, including a list of people in attendance. The council</u>
13	shall immediately send copies of the minutes to the Governor and leadership of the Legislature, who shall provide for their
15	appropriate distribution and retention in a place of safekeeping.
17	4. Compensation. Members of the council shall be compensated according to the provisions of chapter 379.
19	5 Overway council patien) maionity of the council
21	5. Quorum; council action. A majority of the council members shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting the business of the council and exercising all the powers of the
23	<u>council. A vote of the majority of the members present shall be</u> <u>sufficient for all actions of the council.</u>
25	<u>§20053. Powers and duties of the council</u>
27	JEUUSS: TOWERS and ductes of the country
29	The council, in cooperation with the office, shall have the following powers and duties.
31	1. Advise, consult and assist. The council shall advise,
33	consult and assist the executive and legislative branches of the State Government and the Judicial Council, and especially the Governor, on activities of State Government related to drug abuse
35	prevention, including alcoholism and intoxication. The council may make recommendations regarding any function intended to
37	prevent drug traffic. If findings, comments or recommendations of the council vary from or are in addition to those of the
39	office, those statements of the council shall be sent to the respective branches of State Government as attachments to those
41	submitted by the office. Recommendations may take the form of proposed budgetary, legislative or policy actions. The council
43	shall be solely advisory in nature and may not be delegated any
45	<u>administrative authority or responsibility.</u>
	2. Serve as advocate. The council shall serve as an
47	<u>advocate on alcoholism and drug abuse prevention, promoting and assisting activities designed to meet at the national, state and</u>
49	<u>community levels the problems of drug abuse and drug dependence.</u> The council shall serve as an ombudsman on behalf of individual
51	citizens and drug dependent people as a class in matters under the jurisdiction of State Government. It shall be a proponent on
53	behalf of drug abuse prevention to the office, Governor, Legislature, public at large and Federal Government.

15

3. Serve as advisory council. The council shall serve as the advisory council on behalf of the State to the state agencies 3 as required by the federal regulations governing administration 5 of the United States Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972, as amended, and the United States Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, 7 as amended; and other Acts of the United States as appropriate. The council shall advise regarding state and federal plans, 9 policies, programs and other activities relating to the drug abuse and drug dependence in the State. The council shall submit 11 its recommendations and comments on the state plan, and any plan revisions, and reports to federal or state agencies. Statements 13 at variance or in addition to those of the office shall be 15 attached to the plan or reports upon submission by the office to agencies of the United States Government and to state agencies. 17

4. Review and evaluate. The council shall review and evaluate on a continuing basis, in cooperation with the office, for the purpose of determining the value and effect on the lives of people who abuse or are dependent on drugs, of state and federal policies and programs relating to drug abuse and other activities affecting the people who abuse or are dependent on drugs, conducted or assisted by any state departments or agencies.

5. Inform the public. The council shall keep the public informed, in cooperation with the office, in order to develop a firm public understanding of the current status of drug abuse and drug dependence among Maine's citizens, including information on effective programs in the State or nation, by collecting and disseminating information, conducting or commissioning studies 31 and publishing the study results, and by issuing publications and reports. 33

6. Provide public forums. The council shall provide public 35 forums, including the conduct of public hearings, sponsorship of conferences, workshops and other meetings to obtain information 37 about, discuss and publicize the problems of and solutions to drug abuse and drug dependence. The council may hold a statewide 39 conference, regional conferences and meetings.

SUBCHAPTER III

REGIONAL COUNCILS

§20101. Regional councils

1

19

21

23

25

27

29

41

43

45

47

1. Regional councils established. In response to the 49 unique geographic and demographic characteristics of the State, the office shall, to implement its duties under this chapter, establish, fund and maintain 5 regional councils to: 51

1 A. Facilitate communication with and participation of public and private agencies, organizations and individuals; ٦ B. Provide accurate information concerning drug abuse 5 problems and service needs within the region; and 7 C. Coordinate drug abuse prevention activities among public and private providers within the region. 9 2. Staff and resources. The office shall provide adequate funding for staff for the regional councils to enhance the 11 office's efforts in ensuring citizen participation in addressing 13 substance abuse issues. To the extent possible, the office shall utilize the existing regional staff and volunteer resources of 15 the regional alcohol and drug abuse councils to operate the regional councils. 17 3. Regional representation. The regional councils shall 19 represent the central, eastern, northern, southern and western areas of the State. 21 4. Duties. Each regional council shall: 23 A. Help maintain a regional volunteer advisory council 25 which is linked to and works with the Maine Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention and Treatment under 27 section 20051, subsection 3, paragraph C; 29 B. Identify and prioritize the substance abuse problems and service needs of the region in conjunction with the office; 31 C. Act as a liaison between the office and residents of the region; 33 35 D. Coordinate regional resources for the coordination and enhancement of services; 37 E. Review service contract applications within the region 39 in conjunction with the office; 41 F. Act as an advocate for individuals and populations within the region with special service needs; 43 Distribute information on materials, training G. 45 opportunities and resources related to substance abuse; and 47 H. Conduct client satisfaction surveys in coordination with the office. 49 SUBCHAPTER IV 51 COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Page 17-LR1193(1)

1	
	§20151. Comprehensive program on alcoholism and drug abuse
3	1 Dave always an article and baselinests a comprehensive
5	1. Drug abuse prevention and treatment. A comprehensive and coordinated program of drug abuse prevention and treatment, especially of alcoholics and intoxicated persons, is established.
7	Nothing in this subchapter may be interpreted as preventing the establishment of additional drug abuse prevention programs,
9	including programs which the office considers necessary or desirable for intoxicated persons and alcoholics.
11	
13	2. Program. The program must include emergency treatment provided by a facility affiliated with or part of the medical service of a general hospital.
15	service of a general hospital.
17	3. Alcoholics and intoxicated persons. The office shall provide for adequate and appropriate treatment for alcoholics and intoxicated persons admitted under sections 20154 to 20157.
19 ·	Treatment may not be provided at a correctional institution, except for inmates.
21	
23	4. Facilities. The office shall maintain, supervise and control all facilities operated by it. The administrator of each facility shall make an annual report of its activities to the
25	director in the form and manner the director specifies.
27	5. Public and private resources. All appropriate public and private resources shall be coordinated with and utilized in
29	the program, if possible.
31	<u>6. Approved public treatment facility. The office may contract for the use of any facility as an approved public</u>
33	treatment facility, if the director considers this to be an effective and economical course.
35	
37	§20152. Standards for public and private alcohol or drug abuse treatment facilities; enforcement procedures; penalties
39	1. Standards. The office shall establish standards that must be met for a treatment facility to be approved as a public
41	or private treatment facility, and fix the fees to be charged by the office for the required inspections. The standards may
43	concern only the health standards to be met and standards of treatment to be afforded patients. The standards of treatment may
45	include provision for special education services for any exceptional children, as defined by Title 20-A, section 7001,
47	subsection 2, residing in a facility, under Title 20-A, chapter
49	<u>303.</u>
	2. Inspection. The office periodically shall inspect and
51	examine approved public and private treatment facilities, including books and accounts, at reasonable times and in a

Page 18-LR1193(1)

.

1 reasonable manner. The office may at reasonable times enter to inspect and examine any approved public or private treatment facility which the office has reasonable cause to believe is 3 operating in violation of this subchapter. 5 3. List. The office shall maintain a list of approved public and private treatment facilities. 7 9 4. File. Each approved public and private treatment facility shall file with the office on request data, statistics, 11 schedules and information the office reasonably requires. An approved public or private treatment facility that without good cause fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules or 13 information as requested, or files fraudulent returns of that 15 material, shall be removed from the list of approved treatment facilities. 17 5. Procedures. Procedures for the amendment, modification, refusal to issue or renew, revocation or suspension of approval 19 shall be as set forth by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 375. In addition, the office may seek injunctive relief 21 in the Superior Court for violation of this section. 23 6. Refusal of consent prohibited. No approved public or private treatment facility may refuse consent to inspection or 25 examination under this section by the office. 27 §20153. Acceptance for treatment of alcoholics and intoxicated 29 persons; rules 31 The office shall adopt rules for acceptance of persons into the treatment program, considering available treatment resources and facilities, for the purpose of early and effective treatment 33 of alcoholics and intoxicated persons. 35 In establishing the rules, the office shall be guided by the 37 following standards. 1. Voluntary basis. If possible, a patient shall be 39 treated on a voluntary rather than an involuntary basis. 41 2. Initial assignment. A patient shall be initially 43 assigned or transferred to outpatient or intermediate treatment, unless the patient is found to require inpatient treatment. 45 3. Denial of treatment. A person may not be denied treatment solely because that person has withdrawn from treatment 47 against medical advice on a prior occasion or has relapsed after 49 earlier treatment.

- <u>4. Individualized treatment plan. An individualized</u> treatment plan shall be prepared and maintained on a current
 <u>basis for each patient.</u>
 - 5. Coordinated treatment. Provision shall be made for a continuum of coordinated treatment services, so that a person who leaves a facility or a form of treatment will have available and utilize other appropriate treatment.

<u>6. Denial of treatment services.</u> No person, firm or
 <u>corporation licensed by the Department of Human Services as an alcohol or drug treatment facility, under section 20252, to
 <u>provide shelter or detoxification service, and which receives any funds administered by the office, may deny treatment to any person because of that person's inability or failure to pay any assessed fees.</u>
</u>

17

5

7

g

§20154. Voluntary treatment of alcoholics

19

 Voluntary treatment. An alcoholic may apply for
 voluntary treatment directly to an approved public treatment facility. If the proposed patient is a minor or an incompetent
 person, that person, a parent, a legal guardian or other legal representative may make the application.

25

 2. Determination. Subject to rules adopted by the office,
 27 the administrator in charge of an approved public treatment facility may determine who shall be admitted for treatment. If a
 29 person is refused admission to an approved public treatment facility, the administrator, subject to rules adopted by the
 31 office, shall refer the person to another approved public treatment facility for treatment if possible and appropriate.

33

3. Outpatient or intermediate treatment. If a patient receiving inpatient care leaves an approved public treatment facility, that patient shall be encouraged to consent to appropriate outpatient or intermediate treatment. If it appears to the administrator in charge of the treatment facility that the patient is an alcoholic who requires help, the office shall arrange for assistance in obtaining supportive services and 1 residential facilities.

43 4. Discharge. If a patient leaves an approved public treatment facility, with or against the advice of the administrator in charge of the facility, the office shall make reasonable provisions for that patient's transportation to
47 another facility or to the patient's home. If that person has no home, the patient shall be assisted in obtaining shelter. If the
49 patient is a minor or an incompetent person, the request for discharge from an inpatient facility shall be made by a parent,
51 legal guardian or other legal representative or by the minor or

1 incompetent, if the minor or incompetent was the original
 applicant.
3

§20155. Treatment and services for intoxicated persons and persons incapacitated by alcohol

Intoxicated person. An intoxicated person may come voluntarily to an approved public treatment facility for
 emergency treatment. The police or the emergency service patrol may assist a person who appears to be intoxicated and to be in
 need of help, if that person consents, to an approved public treatment facility, to an approved private treatment facility or
 another health facility or to the person's home.

15 2. Incapacitated person. The police or emergency service patrol shall take into protective custody a person who appears to 17 be incapacitated by alcohol, and immediately take the person to an approved public treatment facility for emergency treatment. 19 If no approved public treatment facility is readily available, that person shall be taken to an emergency medical service customarily used for incapacitated persons. The police or the 21 emergency service patrol, in detaining the person and in taking 23 that person to an approved public treatment facility, is taking that person into protective custody and shall make every 25 reasonable effort to protect that person's health and safety. In taking the person into protective custody, the detaining officer 27 may take reasonable steps for self-protection. A taking into protective custody under this section is not an arrest. No entry or other record may be made to indicate that the person has been 29 arrested or charged with a crime.

31

3. Voluntary commitment. A person who comes voluntarily or
 is brought to an approved public treatment facility shall be
 examined by a licensed physician immediately. That person may
 then be admitted as a patient or referred to another health
 facility. The referring approved public treatment facility shall
 arrange for that person's transportation.

39 4. Length of stay. A person, who by medical examination is found to be incapacitated by alcohol at the time of admission or to have become incapacitated at any time after admission, may not be detained at the facility once that person is no longer
43 incapacitated by alcohol, or if that person remains incapacitated by alcohol for more than 48 hours after admission as a patient, unless committed under section 20156. A person may consent to remain in the facility as long as the physician in charge
47 believes appropriate.

 5. Shelter. A person who is not admitted to an approved public treatment facility and is not referred to another health
 facility may be taken home. If that person has no home, the 1 <u>approved public treatment facility shall provide assistance in</u> <u>obtaining shelter.</u>

6. Notification. If a patient is admitted to an approved
 public treatment facility, the family or next of kin shall be notified as promptly as possible. If an adult patient who is not
 7 incapacitated requests that there be no notification, the request shall be respected.
 9

- 7. Official duty. The police or members of the emergency
 11 service patrol who act in compliance with this section are acting in the course of their official duty and are not criminally or
 13 civilly liable.
- 15 8. Further diagnosis and voluntary treatment. If the administrator in charge of the approved public treatment facility 17 determines it is for the patient's benefit, the patient shall be encouraged to agree to further diagnosis and appropriate 19 voluntary treatment.

21 <u>§20156. Emergency commitment of an incapacitated or</u> <u>intoxicated person</u>

 Commitment. An intoxicated person who has threatened, attempted or inflicted physical harm on another and is likely to inflict physical harm on another unless committed, or is incapacitated by alcohol, may be committed to an approved public treatment facility for emergency treatment.

2. Application for commitment. The spouse, guardian or 31. relative of the person to be committed may make a written application to commit the person to an approved public treatment 33. facility, stating:

35 A. The applicant's belief that:

3

23

29

45

47

- 37(1) The intoxicated person has threatened, attempted
or inflicted physical harm on another and is likely to39inflict physical harm on another unless committed; or
- 41 (2) The person is incapacitated by alcohol. A refusal to undergo treatment does not in itself constitute
 43 evidence of lack of judgment as to the need for treatment; and

B. The grounds for this belief.

3. Certifying examination. The written application must be accompanied by a dated certificate, signed by a licensed physician, stating:
51

1	A. The physician has examined the person on the date of the
	<u>certificate, which date may not be more than 2 days before</u>
3	the date of admission to the approved public treatment
_	facility; and
5	
	<u>B. The physician is of the opinion that:</u>
7	
	(1) The intoxicated person has threatened, attempted
9	or inflicted physical harm on another and is likely to
	inflict physical harm on another unless committed; or
11	
	(2) The person is incapacitated by alcohol.
13	(4) the person is incapacitated by diconor.
т э) physician applaced by the edulting facility on the efficient
1 6	A physician employed by the admitting facility or the office
15	is not eligible to be the certifying physician. The
	<u>certifying physician must be someone other than the person</u>
17	making the written application for commitment.
19	4. Judicial review. The application and accompanying
	certificate must be reviewed by a Justice of the Superior Court,
21	a Judge of the District Court, a Judge of Probate or a complaint
	justice.
23	
	A. If the judge or justice finds the application and
25	accompanying certificate to be regular and in accordance
4.5	
	with the law, the judge or justice shall endorse them.
27	
	<u>B. Except in the following case, no person may be held</u>
29	against that person's will in the approved public treatment
	facility under this section, whether voluntarily admitted
31	<u>under section 20154 or sought to be involuntarily committed</u>
	under this section, unless the application and certificate
33	have been endorsed by a judge or justice. A person for whom
	a physician has executed the certificate under subsection 3
35	may be detained in an approved public treatment facility for
	a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 18 hours, pending
37	endorsement by a judge or justice, if:
57	endorsement by a judge of juscice, if.
39	
39	(1) For a person voluntarily admitted under section
	20154, the administrator of the approved public
41	<u>treatment facility undertakes to secure the endorsement</u>
	immediately upon execution of the certificate by the
43	<u>physician; or</u>
45	(2) For a person sought to be involuntarily committed
	under this section, the person or persons transporting
47	the person to the approved public treatment facility
-	undertake to secure the endorsement immediately upon
49	
49	execution of the certificate by the physician.
- 1	
51	5. Discharge. When on the advice of the medical staff the
	<u>administrator determines that the grounds for commitment no</u>

.

1	longer exist, the administrator shall discharge a person
3	<u>committed under this section. No person committed under this</u> <u>section may be detained in any treatment facility for more than 5</u>
5	<u>days. If a petition for involuntary commitment under section</u> 20157 has been filed within the 5 days and the administrator in
7	<u>charge of an approved public treatment facility finds that</u> grounds for emergency commitment still exist, the administrator
9	<u>may detain the person until the petition has been heard and determined, but no longer than 10 days after filing the petition.</u>
11	6. Opportunity to consult counsel. A copy of the written
13	<u>application for commitment and of the physician's certificate,</u> and a written explanation of the person's right to counsel, shall
15	<u>be given to the person within 24 hours after commitment by the</u> administrator, who shall provide a reasonable opportunity for the
17	person to consult counsel.
19	<u>§20157. Involuntary commitment of alcoholics or</u> <u>incapacitated persons</u>
21	1. Commitment. A person may be committed to the custody of
23	the office by the District Court upon the petition of a spouse or guardian, relative or the administrator in charge of any approved
25	public treatment facility.
27	2. Petition for commitment. The spouse or guardian of the person, or the administrator in charge of any approved public treatment facility shall file a petition with the District Court
29	alleging that:
31	A. The person is an alcoholic and has threatened, attempted or inflicted physical harm on another and unless committed
33	is likely to inflict physical harm on another; or
35	<u>B. The person is incapacitated by alcohol. A refusal to undergo treatment does not in itself constitute evidence of</u>
37	lack of judgment as to the need for treatment.
3.9	3. Certifying examination. The petition must be accompanied by a dated certificate, signed by a licensed
41	physician, stating:
43	A. The physician has examined the person on the date of the certificate, which date may not be more than 2 days
45	before submission of the petition, unless the person whose
47	<u>commitment is sought has refused to submit to a medical</u> <u>examination, in which case the fact of refusal must be</u>
49	alleged in the petition; and
51	B. The physician's findings that:

• (

ħ

 $(\)$

.

Þ

 \bigcirc

1	(1) The person is an alcoholic and has threatened,
	attempted or inflicted physical harm on another and
3	<u>unless committed is likely to inflict physical harm on</u> <u>another; or</u>
5	
7	(2) The person is incapacitated by alcohol.
,	<u>A physician employed by the admitting facility or the office is</u>
9	not eligible to be the certifying physician. The certifying physician must be someone other than the person bringing the
11	petition.
13	4. Hearing date set; notice. Upon receipt of the petition,
15	the court shall fix a date for a hearing no later than 10 days after the date the petition was filed. A copy of the petition and of the notice of the hearing, including the date fixed by the
17	court, shall be served on the petitioner, the person whose commitment is sought, next of kin other than the petitioner, a
19	parent or a legal guardian, the administrator in charge of the approved public treatment facility to which the person has been
21	committed for emergency care and any other person the court believes advisable. A copy of the petition and certificate shall
23	be delivered to each person notified.
25	5. Hearing. At the hearing, the court shall hear all relevant testimony, including, if possible, the testimony of at
27	least one licensed physician who has examined the person whose commitment is sought. The person shall be present, unless the
29	count believes that the person's presence is likely to be injurious to that person. In this event, the court shall appoint
31	a guardian ad litem to represent the person throughout the proceeding. The court shall examine the person in open court, or
33	if advisable, shall examine the person out of court. If the person has refused to be examined by a licensed physician, the
3,5	person shall be given an opportunity to be examined by a
• •	court-appointed licensed physician. If the person refuses and
37	there is sufficient evidence to believe that the allegations of the petition are true, or if the court believes that more medical
39	evidence is necessary, the court may make a temporary order committing that person to the office for a period of not more
41	than 5 days for purposes of a diagnostic examination.
43	6. Findings. If, after hearing all relevant evidence,
45	including the results of any diagnostic examination by the office, the court finds that grounds for involuntary commitment
47	have been established by clear and convincing proof, it shall make an order of commitment to the office. It may not order
49	<u>commitment of a person, unless it determines that the office is</u> able to provide adequate and appropriate treatment and the
51	treatment is likely to be beneficial.

1 7. Custody. A person committed under this section shall remain in the custody of the office for treatment for a period of 3 30 days unless sooner discharged. 5 8. Recommitment. A person committed under this section may be recommitted. 7 A. At the end of the 30-day commitment period under 9 subsection 7, the person shall be discharged automatically, unless the office before expiration of the period files a petition for a court order for recommitment upon the grounds 11 set forth in subsection 2 for a further period of 90 days, 13 unless sooner discharged. If a person has been committed as an alcoholic likely to inflict physical harm on another, the 15 office shall apply for recommitment, if after examination it is determined that the likelihood still exists. 17 B. A person recommitted under paragraph A who has not been 19 discharged by the office before the end of the 90-day period shall be discharged at the expiration of that period, unless 21 the office before expiration of the period files a petition for a court order on the grounds set forth in subsection 2 23 for recommitment for a further period not to exceed 90 days. If a person has been committed as an alcoholic likely to inflict physical harm on another, the office shall apply 25 for recommitment if after examination it is determined that 27 the likelihood still exists. Only 2 recommitment orders under this subsection are permitted. 29 9. Petition for recommitment. Upon the filing of a petition for recommitment under subsection 8, the court shall fix 31 a date for hearing no later than 10 days after the date the 33 petition was filed. A copy of the petition and of the notice of hearing, including the date fixed by the court, shall be served 35 on the petitioner, the person whose commitment is sought, next of kin other than the petitioner, the original petitioner under 37 subsection 2, if different from the petitioner for recommitment, one parent or a legal guardian and any other person the court 39 believes advisable. At the hearing the court shall proceed as provided in subsection 5. 41 10. Treatment. The office shall provide for adequate and 43 appropriate treatment of a person committed to its custody. The office may transfer a person committed to its custody from one 45 approved public treatment facility to another, if transfer is medically advisable. 47 11. Discharge. A person committed to the custody of the 49 office for treatment shall be discharged at any time before the end of the period for which that person has been committed if either of the following conditions is met: 51

- A. In case of an alcoholic committed on the grounds of likelihood of infliction of physical harm upon another, that person is no longer an alcoholic or the likelihood no longer exists; or
- B. In case of an alcoholic committed on the grounds of incapacity, the incapacity no longer exists, further treatment will not be likely to bring about significant improvement in the person's condition, or treatment is no longer adequate or appropriate.

12. Right to contest; counsel; medical examination. The court shall inform the person whose commitment or recommitment is 13 sought of the rights to contest the application, to be 15 represented by counsel at every stage of any proceedings relating to commitment and recommitment and to have counsel appointed by 17 the court or provided by the court, if that person wants the assistance of counsel and is unable to obtain counsel. If the 19 court believes that the person needs the assistance of counsel, the court shall require counsel, by appointment if necessary, 21 regardless of that person's wishes. The person whose commitment or recommitment is sought shall be informed of the right to be 23 examined by a licensed physician of that person's choice. If the person is unable to obtain a licensed physician and requests 25 examination by a physician, the court shall employ a licensed physician.

27

1

3

5

7

9

11

13. Private treatment facility. If an approved treatment facility agrees with the request of a competent patient or a relative or guardian of a patient to accept the patient for treatment, the administrator of the approved treatment facility to which the patient has been admitted shall transfer the patient to the accepting approved treatment facility.

- 35 <u>14. Habeas corpus.</u> A person committed under this subchapter may at any time seek to be discharged from commitment
 37 by writ of habeas corpus.
- 39 15. Venue for proceedings. The venue for proceedings under this section is the place in which the person to be committed
 41 resides or is present.
- 43 §20158. Records
- 45 <u>1. Registration and records.</u> The registration and other records of treatment facilities shall remain confidential and are
 47 privileged to the patient.
- 49 2. Information for research. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the director may make available information from patients'
 51 records for purposes of research into the causes and treatment of alcoholism and drug abuse. Information under this subsection

- 1 shall not be published in a way that discloses patients' names or other identifying information.
 - §20159. Visitation and communication of patients

 Hours of visitation. Subject to reasonable rules
 regarding hours of visitation which the office may adopt, patients in any approved treatment facility shall be granted
 opportunities for adequate consultation with counsel and for continuing contact with family and friends consistent with an
 effective treatment program.

13 2. Communication. Neither mail nor other communication to or from a patient in any approved treatment facility may be intercepted, read or censored. The office may adopt reasonable rules regarding the use of telephone by patients in approved treatment facilities.

 <u>3. Restrictions.</u> Except as provided in this subsection, the office shall permit the patient to exercise all civil rights,
 including, but not limited to, civil service status, the right to vote, rights relating to the granting, renewal, forfeiture or
 denial of a license, permit, privilege or benefit under any law, and the right to enter contractual relationships and to manage
 the patient's property.

- A. The office may place restrictions on the patient's civil rights if the office determines that it is necessary for the medical welfare of the patient to impose restrictions.
- B. The office may not impose restrictions if the patient has been restored to legal capacity, except where the person's legal capacity is specifically restricted by other statute or regulation.
- C. The office may not impose restrictions solely because the person's admission to a mental hospital.

39 <u>§20160. Emergency service patrol; establishment; rules</u>

 41 **1.** Emergency service patrols. The office, counties and municipalities may establish emergency service patrols. A patrol
 43 consists of persons trained to give assistance in the streets and in other public places to persons who are intoxicated due to the
 45 use of alcohol or dependency-related drugs. Members of an emergency service patrol shall be capable of providing first aid
 47 in emergency situations and shall transport intoxicated persons to their homes and to and from public treatment facilities.

49

35

3

5

2. Rules. The office shall adopt rules for the 51 establishment, training and conduct of emergency service patrols.

1	§20161. Payment for treatment; financial ability of patients
3	1. Payment. If treatment is provided by an approved public
5	treatment facility and the patient has not paid the charge, the treatment facility is entitled to any payment received by the patient or to which the patient may be entitled because of the
7	services rendered, and from any public or private source available to the treatment facility because of the treatment
. 9	provided to the patient.
11	2. Liability. A patient in an approved treatment facility, or the estate of the patient, or a person obligated to provide
13	for the cost of treatment and having sufficient financial
16	ability, is liable to the treatment facility for cost of
15	<u>maintenance and treatment of the patient in accordance with rates</u> <u>established.</u>
17	
19	3. Finances. The office shall adopt rules governing financial ability that take into consideration the income, savings, other personal and real property and any support being
21	furnished to any other person that that patient is required by
2.2	law to support.
23	<u>§20162. Criminal law limitations</u>
25	Santos, cilminal law ilmicacions
	1. Laws. No county, municipality or other political
27	<u>subdivision may adopt or enforce a local law, ordinance,</u>
	regulation or rule having the force of law that includes
29	drinking, being a common drunkard or being found in an
31	<u>intoxicated condition as one of the elements of the offense</u> giving rise to a criminal or civil penalty or sanction.
77	giving lise to a climinal of civil penalty of sanction.
33	2. Interpretation. No county, municipality or other
	political subdivision may interpret or apply any law of general
35	application to circumvent subsection 1.
37	3. Affect. Nothing in this subchapter affects any law,
	ordinance, regulation or rule against drunken driving, driving
39	<u>under the influence of alcohol, or other similar offense</u>
	involving the operation of a vehicle, snowmobile, aircraft, boat,
41	machinery or other equipment, or regarding the sale, purchase,
43	<u>dispensing, possessing or use of alcoholic beverages at stated</u> times and places or by a particular class of persons.
±0,	<u>cimes and praces of by a particular class of persons.</u>
45	SUBCHAPTER V
47	DIVISION OF DRIVER EDUCATION AND EVALUATION
49	§20201. Division of Driver Education Evaluation

- 1The Division of Driver Education Evaluation shall administer
the alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and treatment3program. The division shall certify to the Secretary of State:
- <u>1. Administration of Driver Education Evaluation Program.</u> <u>Those individuals who have satisfactorily completed the program</u>
 <u>prescribed by section 20203; and</u>
- 9 2. Administration of nondriver education evaluation program. Those individuals who have satisfactorily completed the
 11 requirements of this subchapter by satisfying the requirement for completion of treatment as defined in section 20002, subsection
 13 7, by means other than the program prescribed by section 20202.
- 15 <u>§20202. Program components</u>

31

51

17 **1. First offenders; adult.** The alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and treatment program required for clients without a previous alcohol or drug-related motor vehicle offense consists of education, assessment, evaluation and treatment components. All first offender clients are required to complete the education and assessment component unless otherwise provided by this subchapter. The following evaluation and treatment components may be required if necessary:

A. The education component, consisting of at least 9 hours27of information utilizing films, lectures and discussion and
designed to educate the client about the effects of alcohol29and other drugs on behavior, especially behavior involving
the operation of a motor vehicle;

B. The assessment component, utilizing an assessment instrument, the client's driving record for the past 6 years, and an interview of up to one hour with the instructor designed to make a preliminary assessment regarding the extent of a client's alcohol or other drug use or abuse or potential for abuse. A client may be referred for further evaluation based on the results of the preliminary assessment;

 41 C. The evaluation component, designed to identify abusers of alcohol and other drugs. If the evaluation indicates
 43 that treatment for alcohol or other drug abuse is needed, the client will be referred to the appropriate alcohol or
 45 other drug treatment service; and

47 <u>D. The treatment component, designed to address the client's specific problem with or abuse of alcohol or other</u>
 49 <u>drugs.</u>

2. First offenders under 21 years of age. First offenders under 21 years of age shall attend the Driver Education

1	<u>Evaluation Program – Teen program. The Driver Education</u> <u>Evaluation Program – Teen program consists of the following</u>
3	elements.
5	A. The education component is a program of at least 10
7	hours during which clients receive education, especially designed for the age group, on substance use, abuse and
9	addiction. Education is provided through a group discussion process which includes segments on values clarification,
11	peer pressure the decision making.
13	B. The assessment component is designed to make a preliminary assessment regarding the extent of a client's alcohol or other drug use or abuse or potential for abuse.
15	A client may be referred for further evaluation based on the results of the preliminary assessment.
17	
19	<u>C. The evaluation component is designed to identify abusers</u> of alcohol and other drugs. If the evaluation indicates that treatment for alcohol or other drug abuse is needed,
21	the client will be referred to the appropriate alcohol or other drug treatment service.
23	
25	<u>D. The treatment component is designed to address the client's specific problem with or abuse of alcohol or other drugs.</u>
27	3. Multiple offenders; adult. The education, evaluation
29	and treatment program required for adult multiple offenders consists of the following components:
31	
33	A. A rigorous, highly structured, residential intervention program, consisting of at least 22 hours, utilizing films,
35	lectures, group discussion and individual sessions, designed to educate the client on the effects of substance use, abuse
37	and addiction and an evaluation utilizing assessment instruments, data collection and self assessment, designed to create an acceptance and commitment by the client for
39	treatment; and
41	<u>B. A treatment program provided by a community-based</u> service provider, if indicated, designed to address the
43	client's specific alcohol or other drug problem and abuse, using a treatment plan based on the completion of treatment
45	guidelines adopted by the office.
47	The division may require completion of the first offender program
49	to satisfy the requirements of the multiple offender program if an approved multiple offender program is unavailable for the client. In such appear, the for schedule for the first offender
51	<u>client. In such cases, the fee schedule for the first offender</u> program under section 20205 applies.

- <u>4. Multiple offenders under 21 years of age. Multiple offenders under 21 years of age shall attend the alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and treatment program for adult multiple offenders under subsection 3.</u>
- 5

§20203. Separation of evaluation and treatment functions

7

39

 Prohibition. A Driver Education Evaluation Program
 private practitioner or a counselor employed by a substance abuse facility approved or licensed by the office providing services
 under this chapter may not provide both treatment services and evaluation services for the same individual participating in
 programs under this chapter. The practitioner or counselor providing evaluation services shall give a client the name of 3
 practitioners or counselors who can provide treatment services, at least one of whom must not be employed by the same agency as
 the practitioner or counselor conducting the evaluation.

19 §20204. Certification; recertification

21 <u>All providers of the evaluation, intervention and treatment</u> <u>components of the program must be certified by the office. The</u> 23 <u>certification period for individual providers is 3 years and 2</u> <u>years for agencies. The office shall adopt rules requiring</u> 25 <u>continuing education for recertification.</u>

27 <u>§20205. Fees</u>

29 1. First offense program. The office may charge a registration fee, not to exceed \$105, to clients for the education and assessment components of the program. This fee shall be transferred to the General Fund. The client is responsible for the costs of the evaluation and treatment components. The office may waive all or part of the fee for 35 clients who provide sufficient evidence of inability to pay.

- 37 **2.** <u>Multiple offender program.</u> The fees and costs for the multiple offender program are as follows.
- A. The office may charge a registration fee, not to exceed
 \$350, to clients for the expenses of the intervention program, including the initial evaluation. This fee shall
 be transferred to the General Fund.
- 45 B. The client is responsible for any costs associated with 2nd and subsequent evaluations or treatment which are not a
 47 part of the cost in paragraph A.
- 49 <u>C. The office may waive all or part of the fee for clients</u> who provide sufficient evidence of inability to pay.

T	§20206. Board of appeals
3.	1. The Driver Education Evaluation Program Appeals Board.
5	The Driver Education Evaluation Program Appeals Board,
	established by section 12004-G, subsection 15-A, shall be
7	referred to as the "board" in this subchapter.
9	2. Qualifications. Each member of the board shall have training, education, experience and demonstrated ability in
11	<u>successfully treating clients with substance abuse problems.</u> Board members may not hold a current certificate to provide
13	driver education evaluation and treatment services during their terms of appointment.
15	
17	3. Appointment; term; removal. The board shall consist of 3 members appointed by the Governor for 2-year terms, except that,
11	initially, 2 members shall be appointed for 2-year terms and one
19	member for a one-year term. A vacancy occurring prior to the
	expiration of a term shall be filled by an appointment for the
21	unexpired term. Members may be removed by the Governor for cause.
23	4. Facilities; staff. The office shall provide adequate
	facilities for the board and shall provide staff support.
25	
	5. Chair; rules. The board shall annually elect a member
27	to chair the board. The office shall adopt rules to carry out
20	the purpose of this section.
29	6. Compensation. Each member of the board shall be
31	compensated in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure
	<u>Act, chapter 379.</u>
33	
	7. Appeal from decision. A Driver Education Evaluation
35	Program client may appeal to the board as follows.
37	A. The client may appeal a failure to certify completion of
-	treatment under section 20201, subsection 2.
39	
41	<u>B. The client may appeal an evaluation decision referring a client to treatment or a completion of treatment decision</u>
4.2	under section 20202. A client may only appeal under this
43	<u>paragraph after the client had sought a 2nd opinion of the</u> need for treatment or of satisfactory completion of
45	treatment.
47	8. Appeal procedure and action. An appeal shall be heard
	and decided by one board member. The board may affirm or reverse
49	the decision of the treatment provider or agency, require further
E 1	<u>evaluation, make a finding of completion of treatment or make an alternate recommendation. The board, after due consideration,</u>
51	shall make a written decision and transmit that decision to the
53	Division of Driver Education Evaluation and the client who
	appealed the case. The decision of the board is final agency

1

Page 33-LR1193(1)

1	action for purposes of judicial review under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 375, subchapter VII.
3	
5	§20207. Subchapter repealed
	This subchapter is repealed August 1, 1990.
7	SUBCHAPTER VI
9	
11	LICENSING DRUG TREATMENT CENTERS
13	<u>§20251. License required</u>
Т Э	<u>No person, firm, corporation or association may operate any</u>
15	drug treatment center without having, subject to this chapter and to the rules adopted by the office under this chapter, a written
17	license for a drug treatment center from the office.
19	§20252. Issuance of license
21	1. Types of license. The office shall issue the following
23	types of licenses.
25	A. The office shall issue a provisional license to an
25	applicant who:
27	(1) Has not previously operated the facility for which the application is made or was licensed but the license
29	has expired;
31	(2) Complies with all applicable laws and rules; and
33	(3) Demonstrates the ability to comply with all
35	applicable laws and rules by the end of the provisional license term.
37	B. The office shall issue a full license to an applicant who complies with all applicable laws and rules.
39	
41	<u>C. The office may issue a conditional license when the individual or agency fails to comply with applicable laws</u>
43	<u>and rules and, in the judgment of the office, the best</u> interest of the public would be served by issuing a
	conditional license. The conditional license must specify
45	<u>when and what corrections must be made during the term of the conditional license.</u>
47	
49	Term of license. Terms of licenses are as follows.
-	A. The office shall determine the appropriate term for a
51	provisional license, to be no less than 3 months and no longer than 12 months.

1	
	B. The office shall issue a full license for a term of
3	either one or 2 years.
5	<u>C. The office shall issue a conditional license for a</u>
	<u>specific period, not to exceed one year, or the remaining</u>
7	period of the existing full license, whichever the office
	determines appropriate based on the laws and rules violated.
9	
	D. Regardless of the term of the license, the office shall
11	monitor for continued compliance with applicable laws and
	rules on at least an annual basis.
13	
10	3. Failure to comply with applicable laws and rules. In
15	taking action under this subsection, the office shall notify the
10	licensee of the opportunity to request an administrative hearing
17	or shall file a complaint with the Administrative Court in
т,	accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter
19	
Т.Ә	<u>375.</u>
21	When on subject fails to comple with applicable laws
21	A. When an applicant fails to comply with applicable laws
2.2	and rules, the office may refuse to issue or renew the
23	license.
25	
25	B. If, at the expiration of a full or provisional license
	or during the term of a full license, the facility fails to
27	comply with applicable laws and rules and, in the judgment
	of the office, the best interest of the public would be
29	served, the office may issue a conditional license or change
	<u>a full license to a conditional license. Failure of the</u>
31	conditional licensee to meet the conditions specified by the
	<u>office shall permit the office to revoke the conditional</u>
33	<u>license or refuse to issue a full license. The conditional</u>
	<u>license is revoked when the office has delivered in hand or</u>
35	<u>by certified mail a written notice to the licensee or, if</u>
	<u>the licensee cannot be reached for service in hand or by</u>
37	<u>certified mail, has left written notice at the agency or</u>
	facility. For the purposes of this subsection the term
39	<u>"licensee" means the person, firm, corporation or</u>
	association to whom a conditional license has been issued.
41	
	C. Whenever, upon investigation, conditions are found
43	which, in the opinion of the office, immediately endanger
	the health or safety of persons living in or attending a
45	facility, the office may request the Administrative Court
	for an emergency suspension under to Title 4, section 1153.
47	
	D. Any license issued under this subchapter may be
49	suspended or revoked for violation of applicable laws and
	rules, committing, permitting, aiding or abetting any
51	illegal practices in the operation of the facility or

Page 35-LR1193(1)

Ţ

1	<u>conduct or practices detrimental to the welfare of persons</u> <u>living in or attending the facility.</u>
3	
5	Except as provided in paragraph B, when the office believes that a license should be suspended or revoked, it shall file a complaint with the Administrative Court as provided in the
7	Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 375.
9	<u>4.</u> Subsequent application for a full license. After any of the following actions, a subsequent application for a full
11	license may be considered by the office when the deficiencies identified by the office have been corrected:
13 15	A. Issuance of a conditional license;
17	B. Refusal to issue or renew a full license;
19	<u>C. Revocation or suspension of a full license; or</u>
21	D. Refusal to issue a provisional license.
23	5. Appeals. Any person aggrieved by the office's decision to take any of the following actions, may request an
	administrative hearing, as provided by the Maine Administrative
25	<u>Procedure Act, chapter 375:</u>
27	<u>A. Issue a conditional license;</u>
29	<u>B. Amend or modify a license;</u>
31	<u>C. Revoke a conditional license;</u>
33	<u>D. Refuse to issue or renew a full license; or</u>
35	E. Refuse to issue a provisional license.
37	<u>§20253. Right of entry</u>
39	The office has the right of entry to any facility licensed under this chapter, at any reasonable time in order to determine
41	whether the facility is in compliance with applicable laws and rules.
43	To increat any facility which the office knows or believes
45	To inspect any facility which the office knows or believes is operated without a license, the office may enter only with the permission of the owner or person in charge or with a search
47	warrant from the District Court authorizing entry and inspection.
49	Any application for a license under this chapter shall
51	constitute permission for entry and inspection to verify compliance with applicable laws and rules.

C

1 <u>§20254. Rules</u>

3	1. Rules adopted. The office shall adopt rules for drug
	treatment centers which must include but need not be limited to
5	rules pertaining to administration, staffing, number of
	residents, quality of treatment programs, health and safety of
7	staff and residents, community relations, the administration of
	medication and licensing procedures.
9	
	<u>§20255. Fee for licenses</u>
11	
~~	<u>The office shall charge an annual fee of \$50 for full</u>
13	<u>licenses and a fee of \$50 for provisional or conditional licenses</u>
10	for drug treatment centers.
15	tor drug creacment centers.
10	R202E6 Bins and the
17	<u>§20256. Fire safety</u>
17	
1.0	All fire safety procedures and other provisions included in
19	Title 22, section 7904-A, subsections 1 and 2, for boarding care
	facilities apply to drug treatment centers.
21	
	<u>§20257. Additional license not required</u>
23	
	<u>No facility, except as provided for in Title 22, section</u>
25	8101, subsection 4, licensed as a drug treatment center shall be
	required to be licensed as a boarding care facility or a
27	children's home. A drug treatment center, as part of its
	program, may provide a special education facility, according to
29	Title 20-A, chapter 303, for the benefit of any exceptional
-	children, as defined by Title 20-A, section 7001, subsection 2,
31	residing at the drug treatment center.
51	restand at the drug treatment tenter.
33	
55	
35	SUBCHAPTER VII
30	
	SCHOOL SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS
37	0
	<u>§20301. Substance abuse programs</u>
39	
	 Local programs. School units may institute special
41	<u>programs to address substance abuse problems. School units may</u>
	employ specialized personnel such as chemical health coordinators
43	and others knowledgeable in the field of substance abuse and may
	cooperate with public and private agencies in substance abuse
45	education, prevention, early intervention, rehabilitation
	referral and related programs.
47	rererrar and related programs.
±/) Depression The diverter shall even interview to the
4.0	2. Personnel. The director shall appoint, subject to the
49	Civil Service Law, supervisors and consultants knowledgeable in
	the area of substance abuse.
51	

(

3. Technical assistance. The office, through its 1 supervisors and consultants, shall offer technical assistance to public and approved private schools and cooperating 3 community-based organizations to aid in the establishment and 5 implementation of school-based substance abuse programs and health education curricula. 7 4. Information collection and sharing. The office may gather information about substance abuse prevention and 9 intervention programs initiated by state or federal agencies whose efforts are directed toward private and public schools of 11 the State, for the purpose of sharing that information with school administrative units. 13 Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §§6604 and 6605, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 15 395, Pt. A, §70, are repealed. 17 Sec. 6. 22 MRSA sub-t. 4, Pt. 3, as amended, is repealed. 19 Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §7801, sub-§1, ¶B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 386, §1, is repealed. 21 23 Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §7802, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1983, c. 602, §1, is further amended to read: 25 Β. The terms of full licenses or approvals shall be as 27 follows. 29 (1)Except as provided in subparagraphs (2) and (3), the term of all full licenses and approvals issued pursuant to this chapter shall be for one year. 31 The term of a residential child care facility 33 (2)license shall be for 2 years. 35 (3) -- The-term-of-a-drug-treatment-center-license-may-be 37 for-either-one-or-2-years. Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §8101, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 39 260, §4, is amended to read: 41 A drug treatment center under seetion-8001 Title 5, с. 43 section 20002, subsection 18; Sec. 10. 29 MRSA §1319 is enacted to read: 45 47 §1319. Report on operating-under-the-influence laws 1. Department of Public Safety. The Department of Public 49 Safety shall make a separate written report to the Chief Justice 51 of the Supreme Judicial Court, the Governor and the Legislature not later than May 1st of each year on the enforcement of laws

1	relating to drinking and driving during the preceding calendar year. The report must contain at least the following information:
3	
5	A. The number, by county, of arrests for attempting to or operating under the influence;
7	<u>B. The number, by county, of revocations of implied consent</u> for each category of offense;
9	
11	<u>C. The number and percentage, by court, of convictions;</u> guilty pleas to lesser charges; dismissals; and not guilty for these offenses, for each category of offense;
13	Tor chese orrenses, for each category or orrense;
15	D. The number and percentages of successful completions of the Driver Education Evaluation Program;
17	E. The number and percentages, by court, of persons whose licenses were suspended; who were fined; and who spent time
19	in jail, for each category of offense;
21	F. The minimum, maximum and average fine, jail sentence and period of license suspension, by court, for each category of
23	<u>operating-under-the-influence offense;</u>
25	<u>G. The number and percentages, by court, of convictions for operating after suspension and for being a habitual</u>
27	offender; guilty pleas to lesser charges; dismissals; and not guilty findings;
29	
31	H. The minimum, maximum and average fine, jail sentence and period of license suspension for operating after suspension and for being a habitual offender, by court; and
33	
35	I. Other items that are considered important to the review of the enforcement of the laws relating to drinking and driving.
37	<u>utiving.</u>
39	2. Assistance. The department may request assistance from the Office of Substance Abuse Services, the State Court
41	<u>Administrator, the office of the Secretary of State and the district attorneys in preparing these reports.</u>
43	Sec. 11. Effective date. This Act shall take effect January 1, 1990.
45	
47	Sec. 12. Transition. The following provisions apply to the creation of the Office of Substance Abuse Services and the transfer of all existing state substance abuse prevention and
49	treatment programs to the office.
51	 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, all accrued expenditures, assets, liabilities,

 (\cdot)

4

Page 39-LR1193(1)

 balances of appropriations, transfers, revenues or other available funds in an account or subdivision of an account of the
 Department of Human Services, Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention, shall be transferred to the proper place under this
 Act by the State Controller on the request of the State Budget Officer, and with the approval of the Governor.

7

37

41

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Maine Revised 9 Statutes, Title 5, all accrued expenditures, assets, liabilities, appropriations, transfers, revenues balances of or other available funds in an account or subdivision of an account of the 11 Alcohol and Drug Planning Committee, shall be transferred to the 13 proper place under this Act by the State Controller on the request of the State Budget Officer, and with the approval of the 15 Governor.

All agreements, leases, contracts or licenses, issued under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, Subtitle 4, Part 3,
prior to the effective date of this Act shall continue to be valid under the terms of issuance until they expire or are
rescinded, amended or revoked.

4. This Act shall have no effect on the terms of appointment of members of the Maine Council on Alcohol and Drug
 Abuse Prevention and Treatment.

27 5. This Act shall have no effect on the terms of appointment of the members of the Driver Education and Evaluation
 29 Program Appeals Board.

6. Employees of the Alcohol and Drug Planning Committee, the Office of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Prevention, the
Department of Corrections, the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation or the Department of Educational and Cultural
Services who are transferred to the Office of Substance Abuse Services shall be subject to the provisions of this subsection.

A. The employees shall retain their accrued fringe
 39 benefits, including vacation and sick leave, health and life
 insurance, and retirement benefits.

в. The employees who are members of collective bargaining units on the effective date of this Act shall remain as 43 members in their respective bargaining units and retain all 45 rights, privileges and benefits provided by the collective bargaining agreements in respective the collective 47 bargaining units with respect to employment in State service until October 1, 1991, while employed with the Office of Substance Abuse Services. 49

C. The employees who are members of collective bargaining units may remain as members of the Maine State Retirement System.

1

3

5

7

9

11

D. The Bureau of Human Resources shall assist the Office of Substance Abuse Services with the orderly implementation of these provisions.

STATEMENT OF FACT

Various alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment services are currently administered by the Department of Human
Services, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation and the Department of Educational
and Cultural Services. In addition, the Alcohol and Drug Planning Committee serves a planning and coordinating function,
and the Maine Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention and Treatment serves in an advisory capacity to the executive and legislative branches of State Government.

This bill establishes the Office of Substance Abuse Services within the Executive Department as the sole agency within State
Government planning, coordinating and administering Maine's substance abuse prevention and treatment efforts. All current
state program authority and appropriations related to substance abuse prevention, treatment and education are transferred to the
Office of Substance Abuse Services. The new agency has the authority to unify the fragmented system which currently exists,
and to develop a comprehensive and coordinated system of substance abuse prevention and treatment services for Maine.