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No. 1548

H.P. 1115

House of Representatives, May 8, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

2d Pert

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative COLES of Harpswell. Cosponsored by Representative RIDLEY of Shapleigh, Representative GOULD of Greenville and Representative CARTER of Winslow.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Create the Maine Solid Waste Authority.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
3	PART A
5	Sec. 1. 3 MRSA §507, sub-§8-A, ¶B, as amended by PL 1987, c. 735, §1, is further amended to read:
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9	B. The evaluations and analyses of the justification reports for the programs of the following Group E-2 independent agencies shall be reviewed by the Legislature no
11	later than June 30, 1988:
13	(1) Board of Trustees of the University of Maine System;
15	(2) Board of Trustees of the Maine Maritime Academy;
17	(3) State Government Internship Advisory Committee;
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21	(6) Electricians' Examining Board;
	(7) Arborist Examining Board;
23	(8) Maine Occupational Information Coordinating
25	Committee;
27	(9) Maine Conservation School;
29	(10) Advisory Committee on Maine Public Broadcasting;
31	(11) Board of Examiners of Psychologists;
33	(12) Board of Commissioners of the Profession of Pharmacy;
35	(13) Alcohol and Drug Abuse Planning Committee; and
37	(14) State Board of Social Worker Licensure, <u>; and</u>
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41	(15) Maine Solid Waste Authority.
43	Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §12004-D, sub-§4 is enacted to read:
τJ	4. Maine Solid Waste 100/Day 38 MRSA §2102
45	Authority Plus Expenses
47	Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §1303, first ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 383, §2, is amended to read:

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The following words when used in this chapter <u>or in chapter</u> <u>25</u> shall have the following meanings unless the context in which they are used clearly shows a different meaning.

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Sec. 4. 38 MRSA S1310-N, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §25, is amended to read:

Presumption of public benefit. A publicly owned waste
 disposal facility is presumed to have met the requirements of subsection 3 when it receives only waste generated within the
 municipality in which the facility is located or when it receives only waste generated within municipalities which are members of
 the facility. A solid waste landfill facility established under chapter 25 is presumed to have met the requirements of subsection
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Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §1310-N, sub-§8 is enacted to read:

8. New commercial landfills prohibited. The board shall 19 not issue a license for a new commercial landfill after July 1, 21 1990. The board may relicense commercial landfills after July 1, 1989, if those facilities had been previously licensed by the board prior to July 1, 1989, and all other provisions of law have 23 been satisfied. The board may license expansions of commercial landfills after July 1, 1989, if those facilities had been 25 previously licensed by the board prior to July 1, 1989, and if the board determines that additional disposal capacity is needed 27 to meet the needs of the State before the development of disposal facilities by the Maine Solid Waste Authority under chapter 25. 29 For the purposes of this section, "commercial landfill" means a 31 privately owned facility which accepts solid waste or special waste for a fee or other consideration and which is used for the 33 disposal of the solid waste.

Sec. 6. 38 MRSA c. 25 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 25

MAINE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY

SUBCHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

<u>§2101. Purpose</u>

The Legislature finds that rising costs, a shortage of landfill capacity and the serious environmental and public health consequences of improper waste disposal pose a severe threat to public health, safety and welfare. The Legislature further finds that the most critical environmental threat from solid waste

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1	disposal is ground water contamination from leaking landfills and
3	that, therefore, the most critical solid waste disposal need is for adequate, environmentally sound landfill capacity under public control. Therefore, the Legislature declares that it is
5	in the best interests of the citizens of the State to adopt a method of creating landfill capacity which will minimize adverse
7	environmental impacts and will serve all regions of the State. The Legislature further declares that the development of future
9	<u>landfill capacity should be subject to a fair and open site</u> <u>selection process and that public control over the operation of</u>
11	landfill capacity is essential.
13	<u>§2102. Authority_established</u>
15	<u></u>
17 19	There is established, to carry out the purposes of this chapter, the Maine Solid Waste Authority referred to in this chapter as the "authority." The authority is a body corporate and politic and is an instrumentality of the State.
19	and portere and is an instrumentatily of the state.
21	§2103. Membership; qualifications; terms; compensation
23	1. Membership. The authority shall be controlled, managed and operated by a 7-member board. The members shall be appointed
25	by the Governor, subject to review by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural
27	resource matters and to confirmation by the Legislature.
29	<u>A. Two of the members shall initially be appointed to terms</u> of 2 years; 2 to terms of 3 years; and 3 to terms of 4
31	years. The successor of each appointed member shall be appointed for a term of 4 years, except that any person
33	appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the
35	<u>expiration of the term for which the predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and </u>
37	qualification of that member's successor.
39	<u>B. No member may be an officer or employee of the United</u> States or this State. All members of the board shall be
41	<u>citizens of the State. Members may be removed from the board by the Governor only for cause.</u>
43	2. Selection of officers. Annually the authority shall
45	elect one of its members as the chair of the authority, another as vice-chair of the authority and a 3rd member as treasurer of
47	the authority.
49	3. Compensation. The members shall be compensated as
	provided in Title 5, section 12004-D, subsection 4.
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Qualifications. The appointments shall reflect 4. geographical diversity.

§2104. Powers

The authority is exempt from the budget requirements of Title 5. In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter and in addition to any other powers conveyed by this chapter, the 9 authority may exercise the following powers:

- 11 1. Sue. Sue and be sued;
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2. Seal. Have a seal and alter the seal at its pleasure;

15 3. Bylaws. Adopt and amend, from time to time, bylaws covering its procedure, publish those bylaws as necessary or 17 advisable and keep records of its proceedings;

19 4. Rules. Promulgate in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, all rules necessary to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter, 21 including procedural rules, rules for operation of a landfill 23 facility and other rules;

5. Landfill facility. Plan, site, construct, operate, 25 maintain, close, provide long-term care for solid waste landfill 27 facilities with sufficient capacity to dispose of the solid waste generated by municipalities within this State and other solid 29 waste as the authority finds consistent with the purposes of this chapter;

6. Personal property. Acquire, hold and dispose of 33 personal property;

35 7. Real property. Acquire in the name of the authority by purchase, lease or otherwise, real property and interests in real property determined necessary or desirable for its purposes, and 37 use the property; 39

8. Fees. Establish and collect fees, assessments and other charges and expend money received as provided in this chapter; 41

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9. Contracts. Make, modify and carry out contracts or agreements with the United States or any instrumentality or agency of the United States, this State or any agencies or 45 instrumentalities, municipalities or bodies existing in the State, public corporations, private corporations, partnerships, 47 associations and individuals which are necessary or useful in 49 carrying out its powers, duties or purposes;

10. Employees. Employ assistants, agents, engineering, 51 architectural and construction experts and inspectors, attorneys

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1 and other employees it deems necessary or desirable to carry out its purposes; 3 11. Information. Obtain any information and conduct investigations useful or convenient for carrying out any of its 5 purposes, powers or duties; 7 12. Entry at reasonable hours. Enter during normal working 9 hours upon any lands, waters and premises in the State for the purpose of making surveys, soundings, drillings, examinations and 11 inspections as it deems necessary for the purposes of this chapter. The entry shall not be deemed a trespass; 13 13. Insurance. Procure insurance or other assurances in 15 aid of any of its purposes; 17 14. Exercise powers. Exercise any of its powers in the public domain of the United States, unless the exercise of those 19 powers is not permitted by the laws of the United States; and 21 15. Other actions. Take all other lawful actions necessary and incidental to these powers in carrying out the requirements 23 of this chapter. §2105. Definitions 25 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 27 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 29 1. Authority. "Authority" means the Maine Solid Waste 31 Authority created in this chapter. 2. Closure. "Closure" or "site closure" means all 33 activities performed at a waste disposal site, such as 35 stabilization and contouring, to ensure that the site is in a stable condition so that only minor custodial care, surveillance 37 and monitoring are necessary at the site, following termination of operation. 39 3. Operator. "Operator" means a person, including the 41 authority, designated to develop and operate a facility. 43 4. Person. "Person" means an individual, partnership, voluntary association, firm, corporation or a governmental or 45 quasi-public entity. 47 §2106. Meetings; quorum 49 1. Meetings. The authority shall meet at least every 2 months. The chair may call a meeting of the authority at any time. The chair shall call a meeting of the authority upon 51

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1 receiving a written request for a meeting from at least 4 members of the authority.

 Quorum. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of the authority and any decision requiring a vote shall require the favorable vote of at least a majority of the members of the authority.

9 <u>§2107. Executive director</u>

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 11 1. Salary. The authority shall hire an executive director who shall serve at the pleasure of the authority. The salary of the executive director shall be established by the authority at the time of appointment.

2. Powers and duties. The executive director shall oversee 17 day-to-day operations of the authority, hire appropriate staff members with approval of the authority and carry out other 19 responsibilities delegated by the authority subject to conditions and instructions which the authority deems appropriate. 21

§2108. Staff employees; conflict of interest; personal liability 23

 Authority. The authority may hire, on a temporary or
 permanent basis, necessary staff, including legal counsel and financial experts.

2. Civil Service Law. Except for the executive director, 29 employees of the authority are subject to Title 5, chapters 71 and 372.

3. Conflict of interest. Notwithstanding Title 5, section 18, subsection 1, each member of the authority and each employee, contractor, agent or other representative of the authority is 35 deemed an "executive employee" solely for purposes of Title 5, section 18. In addition, Title 17, section 3104, shall be 37 applicable in accordance with its provisions to all such representatives of the authority.

 4. Personal liability. Personal liability of authority
 41 members and employees shall be as provided in the Maine Tort Claims Act, Title 14, chapter 741, except that the authority
 43 shall indemnify a member or an employee against any liability arising out of an act or omission occurring within the course or
 45 scope of employment.

47 §2109. Essential governmental function

 49 <u>The purposes of this chapter are public and the authority is</u> performing an essential governmental function in carrying out
 51 <u>this chapter.</u>

1 <u>§2110. Exemption from taxes; payment in lieu of taxes</u> 1. Exemption from taxes. The authority shall not be 3 required to pay any tax on any property required or used by it 5 for the purposes provided in this chapter or any tax upon its income, except as may be required by the laws of the United 7 States. 2. Payment in lieu of taxes. The authority shall annually 9 pay a municipality an amount in lieu of taxes equal to the amount 11 of property taxes not paid to that municipality during the previous calendar year due to the statutory property tax 13 exemption provided in this section. In the case of an unorganized territory, the authority shall annually pay the 15 amount to the State Tax Assessor who shall deposit that amount in the Unorganized Territory Education and Services Fund established 17 in Title 36, section 1547. If the authority disagrees with the amount determined due in lieu of taxes under this subsection, it 19 may appeal to the State Board of Property Tax Review as provided in Title 36, section 271. 21 §2111. Property 23 All property of the authority and all property held in the 25 name of the State pursuant to this chapter shall be exempt from levy and sale by virtue of any execution, and no execution or 27 other judicial process may be a lien upon its property held pursuant to this chapter. 29 <u>§2112. Fiscal year</u> 31 The fiscal year of the authority shall coincide with that of 33 the State. §2113. Sunset 35 37 For purposes of the Maine Sunset Act, Title 3, chapter 23, the authority shall be considered an independent agency with its 39 first justification report in accordance with Title 3, section 504, due no later than October 31, 1998, and the evaluation and 41 analysis in accordance with Title 3, section 505, by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over 43 audit and program review matters due no later than December 31, 1999. Notwithstanding Title 3, sections 506 and 507, the 45 authority shall not terminate. 47 <u>§2114.</u> Contractors; contracts 1. Use authorized. The authority may determine to carry 49 out any authorized activity through use of contractors, subject 51 to the requirements of law.

1 2. Approval. Contracts and agreements for more than \$10,000 relating to the site selection, design, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and post-closure monitoring of a 3 landfill facility shall be awarded only after competitive bid and 5 approval by the authority. 7 3. Rules. The authority shall promulgate rules by January 1, 1990, for the awarding of contracts. 9 §2115. Penalties 11 1. Violation. Any person who violates this chapter or any 13 rule promulgated under this chapter or neglects or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter, commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$1,000 may 15 be adjudged. Each day of violation shall be considered a 17 separate offense. 19 2. Public health and safety. Any person who commits a violation as described in subsection 1 which endangers the health and safety of the public or of the employees of an 21 authority-owned landfill facility shall be subject to a civil 23 penalty not to exceed \$5,000 to be recovered in a civil action. Each day of violation shall be considered a separate offense. 25 3. Suspension of access. Any person who commits a 27 violation as described in subsections 1 and 2 may, in addition to the penalties provided in subsections 1 and 2, have access to a 29 landfill facility suspended by the authority for up to one year. That suspension may be renewed until the violator demonstrates the ability to remedy the situation for which the penalty was 31 assessed. 33 The authority shall enforce this section in the Superior Court for Kennebec County or for the county in which the violation 35 occurs. 37 §2116. Annual report; audit 39 The authority shall submit its annual report to the Governor 41 and the Legislature no later than 120 days after the close of the authority's fiscal year. 43 Within 120 days after the close of its fiscal year, the 45 authority shall provide the Treasurer of State with a copy of its annual financial report certified by an independent certified 47 public accountant selected by the authority. The authority shall also be subject to Title 5, chapter 11.

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SUBCHAPTER II

SITING AND OPERATION

<u>§2121. Planning, siting and construction of facilities</u>

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 Siting criteria. The authority shall adopt by rule, by
 May 1, 1990, siting criteria for solid waste landfill facilities based on geologic, hydrologic, social, economic, transportation
 and other factors the authority finds necessary.

13 2. Site screening. The authority shall complete a site screening and selection process on or before July 1, 1991, and subsequently as necessary to identify landfill capacity 15 sufficient to meet the projected needs identified in the analysis 17 conducted under former section 1310-0, including the need for geographic distribution to adequately serve all regions of the 19 State. The authority also shall consider in its site selection process the need for landfill capacity to dispose of incinerator 21 ash resulting from the combustion of domestic and commercial solid waste generated within its jurisdiction. Prior to completion of the site selection process, the authority shall 23 hold a public hearing in every municipality or plantation 25 identified in the screening process as a potential site. For potential sites within an unincorporated township, the authority 27 shall hold a public hearing within the vicinity of the proposed site. 29

State facility required. On or before July 1, 1994, the
 authority shall develop facilities sufficient to meet the
 projected needs identified in the analysis conducted under former
 section 1310-0 and to serve all geographic areas of the State.
 The authority shall develop solid waste landfills as required and
 may develop landfill capacity for industrial and special waste
 generated within its jurisdiction.

4. Other facilities and services. The authority may provide for the development of landfill facilities for solid waste from generators other than municipalities and may also provide recycling facilities and services.

 43 <u>5. Authority ownership. The authority shall maintain</u> ownership of any landfill facility it develops and shall maintain
 45 full control over the use of the facility or facilities.

47 §2122. Operation of facilities

 49 <u>The authority shall select qualified contractors to design,</u> <u>construct, operate, maintain and close its facilities, subject to</u>
 51 <u>the requirements of this Title.</u>

1 <u>§2123. Records</u>

- 3 Following commencement of operation of any authority-owned solid waste landfill facility in this State, the authority shall 5 keep, or cause to be kept, detailed records of all waste disposed of at the facility.
 - <u>§2124. Host community participation</u>
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1. Formation. Within 60 days of the selection of a site by the authority for development as a solid waste landfill facility 11 under section 2121, subsection 2, the municipal officers of the municipality in which the site is located shall form a citizen 13 advisory committee consisting of at least 3 and no more than 7 residents of the municipality. For sites located in an 15 unincorporated township, the county commissioners for the county 17 in which the site is located shall act as the municipal officers for the purposes of this section. For sites located in a 19 plantation, the plantation assessors shall act as the municipal officers for the purposes of this section.

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2. Liaison function. The authority or its staff shall meet 23 at least every other month with the citizen advisory committee during the designing and development of the facility and shall 25 consult with the committee on a regular basis during the operating life of the facility.

- 3. Intervenor status. The municipal officers may designate 29 the citizen advisory committee as their representatives under section 1310-S.
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4. Host community benefits. Subject to the approval of the
 municipal officers, the citizen advisory committee may negotiate
 with the authority the scope and amount of benefits paid by the
 authority to the host community under sections 2110 and 2125.

37 <u>§2125. Impact payments</u>

39 In addition to payment in lieu of taxes provided in section 2110, the authority shall make impact payments to a municipality 41 in which an authority-owned solid waste landfill facility is located or, in the case of an unorganized territory, to the State 43 Tax Assessor upon request by the community involved or by the State Tax Assessor. The authority shall base its impact payments 45 on measurable criteria including, without limitation:

- A. Improvement, maintenance and repair of local roads directly affected by traffic to and from an authority-owned
 landfill facility;
- 51 <u>B. Development and maintenance of adequate local emergency</u> response capacity; and

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	<u>C. Financial support for on-site, municipally employed</u>
3	personnel or for other means determined necessary to enable
	the municipality to monitor the facility's compliance with
5	state and local requirements.
7	<u>§2126. Local access to facilities</u>
9	The municipal officers or, in the case of the unorganized
-	territory, the county commissioners may designate a person to
11	monitor any authority-owned solid waste landfill facility within
	their jurisdiction for compliance with the requirements of any
13	local ordinance, the requirements of this Title and any
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1 -	conditions of any permit or license issued to the facility. The
15	<u>designated person shall have access to the facility at any time.</u>
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17	§2127. Household and small generator hazardous waste
19	The authority shall develop and implement by July 1, 1991, a
	<u>statewide system for the collection and disposal of hazardous</u>
21	<u>waste generated by households, public and private nonprofit</u>
	institutions and small quantity generators.
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	<u>§2128. Real and personal property; right of eminent domain</u>
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	<u>The authority may acquire and hold real and personal</u>
27	property which it deems necessary for its purposes, is granted
	the right of eminent domain and for those purposes may take and
29	hold, either by exercising its right of eminent domain or by
	purchase, lease or otherwise, for public use, any land, real
31	estate, easements or interest therein, necessary for
	constructing, establishing, maintaining and operating solid waste
33	disposal facilities.
35	<u>§2129. Procedure in exercise of right of eminent domain</u>
00	Junior Trobodare in energine of right of eminent demain
37	<u>The right of eminent domain granted in section 2128 may only</u>
57	be exercised after complying with the following procedures.
20	be exercised after comprying with the forrowing procedures.
39	1 Notice to summer The suthanity shall succeive the
4 7	1. Notice to owner. The authority shall provide to the
41	owner or owners of record notice of the following:
43	A. The determination of the authority that it will exercise
	the right of eminent domain;
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	<u>B. A description and scale map of the land or easement to</u>
47	<u>be taken;</u>
49	<u>C. The final amount offered for the land or easement to be</u>
	taken, based on the fair value as estimated by the
51	authority; and

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1 D. Notice of the time and place of the hearing provided in subsection 4. 3 Notice may be made by personal service in hand by an officer 5 duly qualified to serve civil process in this State or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known 7 address of the owner or owners. If the owner or owners are not known or cannot be notified by personal service or 9 certified mail, notice may be given by publication in the manner provided in subsection 4. 11 2. Notice to tenant. Notice shall be given to any tenant 13 in the same manner notice is given to the owner of the property. 15 3. Notice to the affected municipality. Notice shall be given to the municipality in which the property to be acquired is located in the same manner notice is given to the owner of the 17 property and shall be addressed to the municipal officers. 19 4. Hearing. The authority shall hold a public hearing on 21 the advisability of the proposed exercise of the right of eminent domain. Notice of the hearing shall be made by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the taking and 23 shall be given once a week for 2 successive weeks, the last 25 publication to be at least 2 weeks prior to the time appointed in the hearing. The hearing notice shall include: 27 A. The time and place of the hearing; <u>2</u>9 B. A description of the land or easement taken; and 31 C. The name of the owners, if known. 33 35 SUBCHAPTER III 37 FEES AND BUDGETS 39 §2131. Fees and other charges 41 The authority shall establish, by rule, fees and other charges sufficient to fund the costs of all solid waste disposal 43 activities required by this chapter, including sufficient reserves to cover the costs of operation, including debt payment, 45 closing and post-closure monitoring of the facility and any cost of reasonably foreseeable remedial activity. All users of a 47 solid waste disposal facility shall be assessed a user fee. The authority may design its fee structure to provide incentives for 49 recycling and waste reduction.

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1 <u>§2132.</u> Obligations of the authority; use of revenue

1. Payment. All expenses incurred in carrying out this chapter shall be paid solely from funds provided in accordance with this chapter and no obligation may be incurred beyond the extent to which money has been provided in accordance with this chapter.

 9 2. Limitation on expenditures. Expenditure of all revenues received by the authority shall be limited to the purposes of
 11 this chapter.

13 <u>§2133. Grants</u>

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15 The authority may accept and expend for any of the purposes of this chapter grants or donations of money, equipment, 17 supplies, materials and services from the United States or a political subdivision of the United States, this State or a political subdivision of this State, any other state or a political subdivision of any other state, any interstate agency 21 or any person.

23 §2134. Supplemental fee

25 Except for costs attributable to negligence by the authority or its contractors, if the cost of post-closure care and long-term institutional control, including mitigation of any 27 environmental problems that may develop at the site, exceeds the 29 available funds, including enforcement of a judgment, federal assistance and the reserve for contingencies provided in section 31 2131, the authority may assess generators of solid waste a supplemental fee to cover that cost, in proportion to the volume 33 of the waste generated by each generator which remains in the waste stream. If any owner pays more than that owner's 35 proportional share of the costs under this subsection, that owner shall have a cause of action to recover that excess from other 37 owners who paid less than their share.

39 <u>§2135. Solid Waste Facility Fund</u>

 There is created a nonlapsing, revolving fund known as the Solid Waste Facility Fund to be used to pay for the planning,
 siting, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and post-closure costs of facilities undertaken by the authority and
 the administrative and operational costs of the authority.

 47 1. Revenue deposited. Unless otherwise provided, all revenue collected by the authority or the disposal facility to be used for planning, siting, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and post-closure costs of a disposal facility and 51 administrative and operational costs of the authority shall be deposited in the Solid Waste Facility Fund. All other funds

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1	received by the authority whether by grant, gift, appropriation or other means shall also be deposited in the fund.
3	2. Expenditure of funds. Unless otherwise provided, all
5	activities described in this chapter, including administrative
7	and operational costs of the authority, shall be funded from the Solid Waste Facility Fund. Expenditures from the fund shall not require allocation by the Legislature.
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11	3. Surplus revenues. Surplus revenues in the Solid Waste Facility Fund shall be carried forward and used to reduce the assessments or fees for the following year.
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15	SUBCHAPTER IV
17	BONDING AUTHORITY
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21	2141. Authority bonds and notes
	1. Authorization of bonds. Subject to the limitations in
23	subsection 10, the authority may provide by resolution of its board of directors for the borrowing of money and the issuance,
25	from time to time, of bonds and notes for any of its corporate purposes including, but not limited to:
27	A. Paying and refunding its indebtedness;
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31	B. Paying any necessary expenses and liabilities incurred under this chapter, including organizational and other necessary expenses and liabilities incurred by the authority;
33	necessary expenses and reasoned mearied by the damartey,
35	C. Paying costs directly or indirectly associated with acquiring properties, paying damages, constructing, maintaining and operating waste facilities, making renewals,
37	additions, extensions and improvements to the property or facilities and covering interest payments during the period
39	of construction and for such period as the authority may determine;
41	<u>decermine</u>
43	<u>D. Providing the reserves for debt service, repairs and replacements or other capital or current expenses that may</u>
45	<u>be required by a trust agreement or resolution securing</u> bonds or notes; or
47	E. Any combination of paragraphs A to D.
49	Bonds may be issued by the authority under this chapter as general obligations of the authority or as special obligations
51	payable solely from particular funds. The principal, premium and interest on all bonds shall be payable solely from the funds

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1 provided for that purpose from revenues. All bonds issued by the authority under this chapter shall be legal obligations of the 3 authority. Bonds may be issued under this chapter without obtaining the consent of any commission, board, bureau or agency 5 of the State or of any municipality encompassed by the authority and without other proceedings or the occurrence of other 7 conditions or things other than those proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by this chapter. Except 9 as provided in this subchapter, bonds issued by the authority under this chapter shall not constitute a debt or liability of 11 the State or of any municipality encompassed by the authority or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or any such 13 municipality. A statement to that effect shall be recited on the face of the bonds. 15 2. Notes. The authority may also provide by resolution of 17 its board of directors for the issuance from time to time of notes in anticipation of: 19 A. Bonds authorized under this chapter; 21 B. The revenues to be collected or received in any year; or 23 C. The receipt of federal or state grants or other aid. The 25 issuance of these notes shall be governed by the applicable provisions of this chapter relating to the issuance of 27 bonds, provided that notes in anticipation of revenue must mature no later than one year from their respective dates 29 and notes issued in anticipation of federal or state grants or other aid and renewals thereof must mature no later than 31 the expected date, as determined by the board of directors, of receipt of those grants or aid. The board of directors 33 may adjust the maturity date of notes issued in anticipation of federal or state grants or other aid to reflect changes 35 in the expected date of receipt. Notes in anticipation of revenue issued to mature less than one year from their dates 37 may be renewed from time to time by the issuance of other notes, provided that the period from the date of an original 39 note to the maturity of any note issued to renew or pay the note or the interest thereon may not exceed one year. 41 The authority may enter into agreements with the State or the 43 United States, or any agency of either, or any municipality, corporation, commission or board authorized to grant or loan 45 money or to otherwise assist in the financing of projects of the type which the authority is authorized to carry out and to accept 47 grants and borrow money from any such government, agency, municipality, corporation, commission or board as may be 49 necessary or desirable to accomplish the purposes of the authority. 51

1	3. Maturity; interest; form; temporary bonds. The bonds
3	<u>issued under this chapter shall be dated, mature at such time or times not exceeding 40 years from their date or dates and bear</u>
	interest at such rate or rates as may be determined by the board
5	of directors or determined pursuant to a formula approved by the
7	<u>board of directors or by a 3rd party rate-setting agent selected</u> by the board of directors and may be made redeemable before
,	maturity, at the option of the authority, at such price or prices
9 ·	and under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the board
2	of directors prior to the issuance of the bonds. The board of
11	directors shall determine the form of the bonds, including any
	interest coupons to be attached, and the manner of execution of
13	the bonds, and shall fix the denomination or denominations of the
	bonds and the place or places of payment of principal and
15	interest, which may be at any financial institution having trust
	powers within or without the State. Bonds shall be executed in
17	the name of the authority by the manual or facsimile signature of
	such officer or officers as may be authorized in the resolution
19	to execute the bonds, but at least one signature on each bond
	shall be a manual signature. Coupons, if any, attached to the
21	bonds shall be executed with the facsimile signature of the chair
	of the authority. In case the chair whose signature or facsimile
23	<u>signature appears on any bonds or coupons ceases to hold that</u>
	office before the delivery of the bonds, the signature or its
25	facsimile shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all
	purposes, as if the chair had remained in office until the
27	delivery. Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this
20	chapter or any recitals in any bonds issued under this chapter,
29	all these bonds shall be deemed negotiable instruments under the
31	laws of this State. The bonds may be issued in coupon or registered form, or both, as the board of directors may
31	determine, and provision may be made for the registration of any
33	<u>coupon bonds as to principal alone and as to both principal and</u>
55	interest, and for the reconversion into coupon bonds of any bonds
35	registered as to both principal and interest. The board of
	directors may sell the bonds in the manner, either at public or
37	private sale, and for such price as they may determine to be for
	the best interests of the authority. The proceeds of the bonds
39	<u>of each issue shall be used solely for the purpose for which</u>
	those bonds have been authorized and disbursed in such manner and
41	<u>under such restrictions as the board of directors may provide in</u>
	the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in the
43	trust agreement securing the bonds. The resolution providing for
	the issuance of bonds, and any trust agreement securing the
45	bonds, may contain limitations upon the issuance of additional
	bonds as the board of directors may deem proper and these
47	additional bonds shall be issued under restrictions and
4.0	limitations as may be prescribed by that resolution or trust
49	agreement. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the
51	board of directors may, under like restrictions, issue interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or without coupons,
91	exchangeable for definitive bonds when those bonds are executed
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1 and available for delivery. The board of directors may provide for the replacement of any bond which is mutilated, destroyed or 3 lost.

5 **4.** Pledges and covenants; trust agreement. In the discretion of the board of directors of the authority, each or 7 any issue of bonds may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the authority and a corporate trustee which may be any 9 financial institution having trust powers within or without the State.

11

The resolution of the directors authorizing the issuance of the bonds or the trust agreement may pledge or assign, in whole or in 13 part, the revenues and other money held or to be received by the 15 authority and any accounts and contracts or other rights to receive the revenues or money, whether then existing or thereafter coming into existence and whether then held or 17 thereafter acquired by the authority, and the proceeds thereof, 19 and may convey or mortgage the waste facilities or any other properties of the authority. The resolution may also contain 21 provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders, including, but not limited to, covenants 23 setting forth the duties of the authority and the board of directors in relation to the acquisition, construction, 25 reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation and insurance of its waste facilities or any of its other properties; 27 the fixing and revising of rates, tolls, assessments, rents, tipping fees and transportation charges and other charges; the 29 application of the proceeds of bonds; the custody, safequarding and application of revenues; and the definition of defaults and 31 provision for remedies in the event of default, which may include the acceleration of maturities, the establishment of reserves and 33 the making and amending of contracts. The resolution or trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the 35 bondholders and of the trustee, if any, and may restrict the individual right of action by bondholders as customary in trust 37 agreements or trust indentures securing bonds or debentures of corporations. The resolution or trust agreement may contain 39 other provisions as the board of directors may deem reasonable and proper for the security of the bondholders, including means 41 by which the resolution or trust agreement may be amended. All expenses incurred in carrying out the resolution or trust agreement may be treated as a part of the cost of operation. The 43 pledge by any such resolution or trust agreement shall be valid 45 and binding and deemed continuously perfected for the purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code, Title 11, from the time when the pledge is made. All revenues, money, rights and proceeds so 47 pledged and thereafter received by the authority shall 49 immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery or segregation thereof or further action under 51 the Uniform Commercial Code or otherwise and the lien of the pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having

1 <u>claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the</u> <u>authority regardless of whether those parties have notice thereof.</u>

The resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds under this 5 chapter or any trust agreement securing those bonds may provide that all or a sufficient amount of revenues and assessments, 7 after providing for the payment of the cost of repair, maintenance and operation and reserves therefor as may be 9 provided in the resolution or trust agreement, shall be set aside at regular intervals as may be provided in the resolution or 11 trust agreement and deposited in the credit of a fund for the payment of the interest on and the principal of bonds issued 13 under this chapter as the bonds shall become due and the redemption price or purchase price of bonds retired by call or 15 purchase. The use and disposition of money in or to the credit of the fund shall be subject to regulations as may be provided in 17 the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in the trust agreement securing the bonds and, except as may otherwise 19 be provided in the resolution or trust agreement, the fund shall be a fund for the benefit of all bonds without distinction or 21 priority of one over another.

23 5. Trust funds. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all money set aside for payment of the bonds, or other 25 purposes pursuant to the provisions of any trust agreement securing the bonds, shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held 27 and applied as provided by the trust agreement, provided that investment or deposit of those funds shall be subject to the 29 provisions applicable to municipal funds under Title 30-A, chapter 223, subchapter III-A. The resolution authorizing the 31 issuance of bonds or the trust agreement securing the bonds shall provide that any officer, bank, trust company or other financial 33 institution, or fiscal agent to which money shall be paid shall act as trustee of the money and shall hold and apply the money 35 for the purposes hereof, subject to regulations provided in the resolution or trust agreement or required by this chapter. 37

6. Remedies. Any holder of bonds issued under this chapter 39 or of any coupons appertaining to those bonds and the trustee under any trust agreement, except to the extent the rights given 41 may be restricted by the resolution authorizing the issuance of those bonds or trust agreement, may protect and enforce, either 43 at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding, including proceedings for the appointment of a 45 receiver to take possession and control of the properties of the authority, any and all rights under the laws of the State, this 47 chapter or the resolution or trust agreement and may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by this chapter or 49 by the resolution or trust agreement to be performed by the authority or by any officer of the authority, including the 51 fixing, charging and collecting of rates, fees and charges for the use of or for the services and facilities furnished by the

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1 <u>authority or, if applicable, the making of any assessments</u> against member municipalities under section 1756.

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7. Refunding bonds. The authority by resolution of its 5 board of directors may issue refunding bonds for the purpose of paying any of its bonds at maturity or upon acceleration or 7 redemption. The refunding bonds may be issued at such time prior to the maturity or redemption of the refunded bonds as the board 9 of directors deems to be in the public interest. The refunding bonds may be issued in sufficient amounts to pay or provide the principal of the bonds being refunded, together with any 11 redemption premium on those bonds, any interest accrued or to 13 accrue to the date of payment of those bonds, the expenses of issuance of the refunding bonds, the expenses of redeeming the 15 bonds being refunded and such reserves for debt service or other capital or current expenses from the proceeds of the refunding 17 bonds as may be required by a trust agreement or resolution securing bonds. The issuance of refunding bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the security for the bonds, the rights 19 of the holders of the bonds, and the rights, duties and 21 obligations of the authority in respect of the same shall be governed by the applicable provisions of this chapter relating to 23 the issuance of bonds.

25 8. Tax exemption. All bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under this chapter, and their transfer and the income therefrom, including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all times be free from taxation within the 29 State.

31 9. Bonds declared legal investments. Bonds and notes issued by the authority under this chapter are made securities in 33 which all public officers and public bodies of the State and its political subdivisions, all insurance companies and associations 35 and other persons carrying on an insurance business, trust companies, banks, bankers, banking associations, savings banks 37 and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, credit unions, building and loan associations, 39 investment companies, executors, administrators, trustees and other fiduciaries, pension, profit-sharing and retirement funds and other persons carrying on a banking business, and all other 41 persons who are now, or may hereafter be, authorized to invest in 43 bonds or other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to 45 them. The bonds and notes are made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any state, 47 municipal or public officer or any agency or political subdivision of the State, for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or may 49 hereafter be authorized by law.

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1	<u>10. Certain bond issues; notice; special meeting; vote. In</u>
	the event that the directors vote to authorize bonds or notes for
3	any of the corporate purposes of the authority, excluding notes payable within one year, notes in anticipation of the revenues to
5	be collected or received in any year, notes in anticipation of
7	bonds which have already been authorized in accordance with this
7	chapter or notes in anticipation of the receipt of approved federal or state grants, the authorized amount of which, singly
9	or in the aggregate included in any one financing, is \$1,000,000
11	or more, the directors shall provide notice to the general public
11	<u>of:</u>
13	A. The proposed bond or note issue and the purposes for
15	which the debt is being incurred; and
10	B. The call of a special authority meeting for the purpose
17	of permitting the collection of testimony from the public
19	concerning the amount of the debt so authorized.
19	Notice of the proposed bond or note issue, the purposes for which
21	the debt is being issued and the call of the special meeting
23	shall be published at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in the authority.
25	No debt may be incurred under the vote of the directors until the expiration of 7 days following the date on which the special
27	authority meeting was held.
20	11 Negetisted og gerestitive bidding prograg boy ochog
29	11. Negotiated or competitive bidding process. Any notes, bonds or other instruments of indebtedness may be the subject of
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31	a negotiated or competitive bidding process or any other process
	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of
31 33	
	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority.
33	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of
33 35 37	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B
33 35	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL
33 35 37	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B
33 35 37 39 41	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning"</pre>
33 35 37 39	which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read:
33 35 37 39 41	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning" includes, but is not limited to: A. Preparation of strategic and long-range plans and goals</pre>
33 35 37 39 41 43 45	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning" includes, but is not limited to: A. Preparation of strategic and long-range plans and goals for human and physical resources development and</pre>
33 35 37 39 41 43	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning" includes, but is not limited to: A. Preparation of strategic and long-range plans and goals</pre>
33 35 37 39 41 43 45	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning" includes, but is not limited to: A. Preparation of strategic and long-range plans and goals for human and physical resources development and utilization, but does not include preparation of an economic development strategy pursuant to chapter 383;</pre>
 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 	<pre>which may be advantageous to the authority and determination of the process to be used shall be made by and at the discretion of the authority. PART B Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 534, Pt. A, §§7 and 19, is amended to read: 1. Comprehensive planning. "Comprehensive planning" includes, but is not limited to: A. Preparation of strategic and long-range plans and goals for human and physical resources development and utilization, but does not include preparation of an economic</pre>

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1	C. Coordination of related departmental plans;
3	D. Intergovernmental coordination of related planning activities;
5 7	E. Preparation of regulatory and administrative measures in support of paragraphs A to D; and
9 11	F. Continuing analysis of the economy of the State in conjunction with the Department of Economic and Community Development, $\frac{1}{2}$ and
13	<u>G. Interdepartmental coordination of solid waste management</u> <u>planning.</u>
15	Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §§3308 and 3309 are enacted to read:
17	<u>§3308. Comprehensive solid waste planning and management</u>
19	
21	1. Interdepartmental coordination. There is established the Interdepartmental Council on Waste Management, referred to in this chapter as the "council." The council shall consist of the
23	<u>Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the Commissioner of</u>
25	Economic and Community Development, the Chair of the Maine Solid Waste Authority and the Director of the State Planning Office who shall serve as the chair of the council.
27	
29	2. Council responsibilities. The council is responsible for conducting ongoing and comprehensive planning to meet the State's solid, special and hazardous waste needs including, without
31	limitation, waste reduction, recycling and disposal capacity needs.
33	3. Agency responsibilities. The respective member agencies
35	of the council shall undertake the following responsibilities.
37	A. The State Planning Office is responsible for coordinating all solid, special and hazardous waste planning
39	and management programs undertaken by the member agencies and shall provide staff support to the council.
41	
43	B. The Department of Environmental Protection is responsible for the regulation of the environmental aspects
45	<u>of solid, special and hazardous waste management but shall</u> have no responsibility for waste facility development or solid waste disposal.
47	
49	<u>C. The Department of Economic and Community Development</u> through the Division of Waste Reduction and Recycling is responsible for all technical and financial assistance
51	programs promoting waste reduction and recycling.

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	D. The Maine Solid Waste Authority is responsible for
3	providing adequate disposal capacity for all domestic and
	commercial solid waste and may provide disposal capacity for
5	industrial and special waste.
7	4. Report. The council shall report annually by January 1st
	to the Governor and to the joint standing committee of the
9	Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resource matters.
9	Begistadare having jurisdiction over natural resource matters.
11	<u>§3309. State solid waste planning and management</u>
13	The council shall complete and adopt by rule, by January 1,
10	<u>1990, a solid waste management plan for the State.</u>
15	1990, a solid waste management plan for the state.
TO .	1 Marka maluation and complian compared. To supplication
1.7	1. Waste reduction and recycling component. In consultation
17	with the Recycling Advisory Council, municipalities, regional
	councils and the private sector, the council shall develop and
19	incorporate into the state plan an assessment of waste reduction
	and recycling opportunities. The council shall revise the plan
21	<u>or components of the plan as necessary, but in no case less than</u>
	once every 5 years. The Division of Waste Reduction and
23	Recycling, referred to in this chapter as the "division," is
	responsible for the necessary data collection and analysis.
25	
	A. The plan shall include investigation and assessment of
27	the following elements:
67	che following elements.
29	(1) The surrout level of public resurling offerts
29	(1) The current level of public recycling efforts,
2.1	including the quantities and categories of waste
31	currently recycled;
33	<u>(2) The current market structure of the recycling</u>
	industry in the State and in those areas receiving
35	recycled materials from the State. This element shall
	include identification of the existing private and
37	public recycling operations, recycling capacity and the
	quantities and categories of materials currently
39	recycled;
55	<u>iceycieu</u>
41	(2) The extential for regurating in various regions of
41	(3) The potential for recycling in various regions of
	the State, including estimates of the types and
43	<u>quantities of waste available for recycling and an</u>
	analysis of the economic and institutional obstacles to
45	<u>increased recycling;</u>
47	(4) The categories of industrial waste which present
	opportunities for reuse; and
49	
	(5) Opportunities to reduce waste quantities by
51	reducing generation at the source.
J T	reducing generation at the source.

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1	B. The state recycling plan shall also include the development of the following program elements in the form of
3	specific recommendations, including, when necessary, additional legislative authority for implementation and for
5	estimated staff, operating and capital costs.
7	<u>(1) The division shall design a program of public education in support of the state recycling plan to</u>
9	promote waste reduction, source separation and feasible recycling efforts at the individual, local, regional
11	and state level.
13 .	(2) The division shall design a market development strategy consistent with the state recycling plan which
15	shall include, without limitation, the following elements:
17	(a) Methods of collecting and marketing of
19	recyclable materials, including those with a direct state role, to achieve necessary economies
21	of scale and product quality specifications. The strategy shall include a plan for source
23	<u>separation of recyclable materials at the</u> household, municipal, regional or state level, as
25	appropriate;
27	(b) An incentive program to encourage end users of recyclable materials to locate or expand their
29	<u>operations within the State. The division shall</u> consult with the Finance Authority of Maine in
31	developing this element;
33	<u>(c) A program for facilitating the marketing of recyclable materials consistent with this</u>
35	<u>paragraph. The program may include a</u> <u>clearinghouse of information for municipalities</u>
37	and recycling businesses to improve the flow of recyclable materials in the market, as well as
39	<u>direct state involvement in marketing recyclable</u> materials where private sector capacity is
41	inadequate; and
43	<u>(d) The establishment of an industrial materials</u> exchange to promote the reuse of industrial waste
45	which may be suitable raw materials for other processes. The division shall coordinate those
47	efforts with other waste exchanges in the northeastern United States.
49	
51	<u>(3) The division shall develop a program of assistance</u> for municipalities, groups of municipalities and

1 regional councils. This program shall include, without limitation, technical assistance and grants to: 3 (a) Study the feasibility of local or regional 5 recycling programs consistent with the state recycling plan; and 7 (b) Implement the feasibility studies developed 9 under this section when the proposed activities are consistent with the state recycling plan. The 11 division shall establish a preference for proposals under this subparagraph from individual 13 municipalities or groups of municipalities which have enacted mandatory recycling ordinances. 15 The division, after consulting with the (4) 17 Commissioner of Administration, shall assess the status of recycling efforts undertaken directly by the State 19 for its own solid waste and shall develop a proposal for a program of recycling to reduce the generation of solid waste by the State. The program shall include, 21 without limitation, recycling of office papers, 23 cardboard, used motor oil, yard waste and other materials used by the State for which recycling markets 25 exist or may be developed. 27 (5) The division shall develop, after reviewing waste and source reduction programs in other countries and 29 states, a recommended waste reduction strategy for this State. 31 C. The division shall coordinate its efforts with the 33 Department of Environmental Protection to ensure consistency with the disposal capacity needs analysis developed pursuant 35 to this section and to ensure compatibility with state and local environmental requirements. The Department of 37 Environmental Protection shall provide the office with any information it possesses on the quantities of waste 39 materials recycled and any other relevant information developed pursuant to this section. The division shall 41 develop the recycling plan, including the interim progress report and any revisions to the plan, with the advice of the 43 Recycling Advisory Council. 45 2. Disposal capacity needs component. The council shall develop and incorporate into the state plan an assessment of disposal capacity needs. The council shall revise the plan as 47 necessary, but in no case less than once every 5 years. 49 A. The Department of Environmental Protection, which shall be referred to as the "department," is responsible for the 51 necessary data collection and analysis. The department

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1	<u>shall develop and maintain a comprehensive data base on</u> <u>solid waste generated or disposed of in the State. The</u>
3	types of data collected shall include:
5	(1) The amount of solid, special and hazardous waste generated, handled or transported within the State;
7	(2) The source of the waste;
9	(3) The type of waste;
13	(4) The costs and types of treatment or disposal technologies currently employed, including, without
15	limitation, recycling, composting, landspreading,
12	<u>incineration or landfilling;</u>
17	(5) The capacity of existing licensed solid, special and hazardous waste treatment and disposal facilities
19	receiving waste generated within the State;
21	(6) The costs of transporting solid, special and hazardous waste to disposal facilities; and
23	
25	(7) The extent to which the State relies on solid, special and hazardous waste disposal capacity outside
27	its jurisdiction.
29	<u>B.</u> The council shall identify the need in the State for current and future expansions of solid, special and hazardous waste treatment and disposal capacity by type of
31	waste. The analysis shall include, but not be limited to:
33	(1) Identification of solid, special and hazardous wastes by type which are capable of being reused or
35	recycled in an economically and environmentally sound manner and the preferred technologies to be utilized;
37	(2) Estimation of waste generation by region and waste
39	type over the next 10-year and 20-year periods based on
41	<u>the best available forecasts of population growth,</u> economic activity within the State, estimates provided
43	by the solid, special and hazardous waste generators and other available information;
45	(3) Comparison of the projected waste generation levels
47	with existing capacity, including consideration of expected facility closures under this chapter;
49	(4) Identification of the regional availability of
51	<u>solid, special and hazardous waste disposal capacity,</u> including consideration of transportation costs; and

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(5) Assessment of the level of competition in the solid, special and hazardous waste disposal industry.

C. The council shall consult with industrial waste generators, regional councils and municipal officials concerning the specific needs of their locales. The council shall identify areas of the State which are underserved with regard to waste treatment or disposal capacity or which have capacity in excess of regional needs. In determining regional needs, the council may consider economic criteria, including disposal and transportation costs, population densities, regional differences in current industrial mix and the potential for economic growth, the level of competition in the solid, special and hazardous waste disposal industry and any other factors as the council deems relevant.

Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§22, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 786, $\S5$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 19

21 22. Envi-Recycling Ad-<u>Legislative</u> 5 MRSA ronment: Natural visory Council Per Diem <u>§13077</u> 23 Resources

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Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §§13076 to 13079 are enacted to read:

27 <u>§13076.</u> Program established; goals

29 The Division of Waste Reduction and Recycling, referred to as the "division," is established in the Office of Community 31 Development to encourage the recycling of waste materials and the reduction of waste volumes generated within the State to the 33 maximum extent possible to conserve the natural resources of the State, reduce the detrimental effects of waste disposal on the 35 environment, safeguard the public health and welfare, reduce the disposal costs incurred by municipalities and waste generators 37 and reduce the amount of waste requiring incineration and landfilling.

<u>§13077. Recycling Advisory Council</u>

There is established a Recycling Advisory Council to provide the division with information and advice concerning the recycling 43 and waste reduction needs and opportunities of the State.

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1. Membership; terms. The Governor shall appoint 12 members, 47 with 2 members each representing municipal governments, statewide and local environmental organizations, the recycling industry and the waste disposal industry; one member representing industrial 49 waste generators; and 3 members from the general public. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall serve as an ex 51 officio member. All members, except the commissioner, shall be

	pointed for a term of 3 years. For the initial appointments, wever, 4 members shall be appointed for terms of one year; 4
	nbers shall be appointed for terms of 2 years; and 4 members
	all be appointed for terms of 3 years. A vacancy shall be
	lled for the unexpired portion of the term.
	2. Compensation. Members shall be compensated according to
<u>Tit</u>	tle 5, section 12004-I, subsection 22.
	3. Quorum; actions. A quorum shall be a majority of the
men	nbers of the council. An affirmative vote of the majority of
	e members present at a meeting shall be required for any
	tion. No action may be considered unless a quorum is present.
	4. Meetings. The council shall meet at least 4 times per
<u>yea</u>	ar.
	5. Annual report. The council shall report annually to the
Gov	vernor and to the Legislature on the status of the State's
	cycling planning effort.
	6. Staff support. The division shall provide the council
wit	th all necessary staff support.
	The division shall undertake a program of technical and nancial assistance to municipalities and private parties to
	omote recycling and waste reduction efforts. All the vision's programs under this section shall be consistent with
	e waste management plan adopted by the Interdepartmental
	uncil on Waste Management.
<u></u>	merr on Masee Management.
	1. Recycling information clearinghouse. The division shall
	tablish and administer a clearinghouse on recycling markets
	formation. The division shall make its information on
	cycling services available to municipalities and private solid
	ste generators seeking markets or services for materials to be
rea	cycled.
	2. Recycling feasibility studies. The division shall provide
pro	ofessional technical assistance to municipalities or groups of
	nicipalities in the planning and design of local and regional
rec	cycling programs. The purpose of this assistance program is to
	rther the goals established in the state recycling plan. This
ass	sistance shall include:
	A. The assessment of economically feasible recycling potential
	including the supply of materials which can be recycled,
	probable markets for these materials and the avoided costs of
	<u>solid waste disposal;</u>

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- B. The planning for the logistical, administrative and financial management requirements of a recycling program;
- C. The design of flow control or other ordinances necessary for the implementation of a recycling program; and
- D. The coordination of the proposed recycling program with overall solid waste management.

3. Recycling capital investment grants. The division may make 11 grants to eligible municipalities and groups of municipalities for the construction of public recycling facilities and the purchase of recycling equipment. The division may establish 13 requirements for local cost sharing of up to 25% of the total 15 grant amount. The local share of costs may include in-kind services provided by the grant recipient. 17

4. Technical assistance and special services. The division 19 shall develop a pilot program to provide grants for the identification, design and development of tire and white goods 21 recycling and disposal facilities, including pickup of these items, and stump and demolition debris disposal facilities by 23 municipalities, county governments and regional planning agencies.

- Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §1303, sub-§3, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 383, §2, is amended to read:
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"Disposal" з. Disposal. means the discharge, deposit, 29 combustion, burning, incineration, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of any hazardous or solid waste, including any 31 material derived from waste for use as a fuel, or any sludge or septage into or on any land or water or into the air so that the 33 hazardous or solid waste, sludge or septage or any constituent thereof may enter the environment or be emitted into the air, or 35 discharged into any waters, including ground waters.

- 37 Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §1303, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 528, §1, is repealed.
- Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §1303, sub-§10-A, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 528, §1, is repealed. 41

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43 Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §1303, sub-§11-B, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 822, §3, is repealed. 45

Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1987, c. 883, 47 §1, is repealed.

Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§5, as repealed and replaced by PL 49 1979, c. 383, §7, is repealed.

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Sec. 11. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§15, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §12, is repealed.

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Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §1305, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1973, c. 387, 5 is amended to read:

Disposal facilities. Each municipality shall provide a selid-waste-disposal-facility for the management of domestic and commercial solid waste generated within the municipality and may provide such a facility for the management of industrial wastes
 and sewage treatment plant sludge.

13 Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §1310-D, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

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 15 5. Closure prior to available alternatives. The board shall not order the closure of a municipal solid waste landfill until
 17 the Maine Solid Waste Authority, under chapter 25, has made an offer of disposal services to the municipalities currently using
 19 the landfill.

21 Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §1310-J, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §25, is repealed.

Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §1310-K, as amended by PL 1987, c. 752, §§1 25 and 2, is repealed.

27 Sec. 16. 38 MRSA §1310-L, as amended by PL 1987, c. 769, Pt. A, §182, is repealed.

Sec. 17. 38 MRSA §1310-O, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §25, 31 is repealed.

STATEMENT OF FACT

35 The purpose of this bill is to establish a Maine Solid Waste Authority with responsibility for siting and operating all future 37 landfill capacity for municipal and commercial solid waste and establish an effective coordinating mechanism in the State 39 Planning Office for developing and coordinating all state government programs in the area of solid waste planning and 41 management.

43 The 2 most critical solid waste issues in Maine are the need for adequate, environmentally sound landfill capacity to allow 45 closure of leaking municipal landfills and the need for comprehensive and coordinated planning for and management of 47 This bill differs from other proposals in that waste disposal. policy development and community assistance the planning, responsibilities are kept in the executive branch. The proposed, 49 independent Maine Solid Waste Authority will be able to focus 51 solely on providing the landfill capacity the State needs as soon as possible without the additional responsibilities of planning 1 and community assistance. The bill also minimizes red tape and avoids elaborate new bureaucracies.

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The Maine Solid Waste Authority is charged with identifying 5 and developing suitable solid waste disposal sites. The authority will own and operate all future disposal capacity for 7 municipal solid waste and other solid waste not handled at generator-owned disposal facilities. The authority is also 9 directed to develop special waste disposal capacity to meet Maine needs not met by generator-owned facilities. The authority may 11 also develop recycling facilities. Further development of commercial landfill capacity for solid and special waste is prohibited. 13

15 The State Planning Office is charged with coordinating an interdepartmental effort to plan for solid waste management.
17 Individual agencies, including the Department of Environmental Protection, the new Maine Solid Waste Authority and the Division
19 of Waste Reduction and Recycling, are charged with developing various analyses of recycling opportunities and disposal capacity
21 needs. These analytical efforts will be incorporated into a state waste management plan under the direction of the State
23 Planning Office.

 All technical and financial assistance programs for recycling and the disposal of problematic materials, such as tires and
 white goods, are properly based in the Division of Waste Reduction and Recycling within the Department of Economic and
 Community Development.

31 Other than participation in planning, the role of theDepartment of Environmental Protection is strictly limited to the regulation of the environmental aspects of the solid waste 33 This limitation is imposed to remove the current management. conflict in the department's mission to protect the environment 35 same time promoting various waste while at the disposal 37 technologies.

39 The bill also provides that existing municipal landfills not be closed until alternatives are provided by the Maine Solid 41 Waste Authority.