# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 1457

H.P. 1046

House of Representatives, May 3, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative COLES of Harpswell.

Cosponsored by Representative ROLDE of York, Representative KILKELLY of Wiscasset and Senator ESTES of York.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act Concerning Solid Waste Management.



#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 1 Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §1310-F, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 3 517, §25, is amended to read: 5 Eligibility. Any municipality owning a solid waste landfill for which a remediation or closure plan has been adopted 7 is eligible for grants. A municipality, which has acted to close 9 its solid waste landfill or to remedy environmental and public health hazards posed by the landfill prior to the award of a 11 grant under this section, but after January 1, 1983, is also eligible for reimbursement of past and future costs consistent 13 with the plan adopted under this subchapter. The board may apportion shall use 1/2 of the available funds in-an-equitable 15 manner-between-municipalities-eliqible-for-grants-under-this for municipalities subsection --- and --- those eligible 17 reimbursement of closure and remediation costs under subsection until all those municipalities have been reimbursed. 19 Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §1310-N, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 21 517, §25, is amended to read: The board shall issue a license for a waste 23 1. Licenses. facility whenever it finds that: 25 The facility will not pollute any water of the State, 27 contaminate the ambient air, constitute a hazard to health or welfare or create a nuisance; 29 In the case of a disposal facility, 31 provides a substantial public benefit; and In the case of a disposal facility, the volume of the 33 waste and the risks related to its handling and disposal have been reduced to the maximum practical extent by 35 recycling and source reduction prior to disposal. 37 In meeting the requirements of this subsection, the board may not 39 41

apply different engineering design standards for municipal solid waste landfills based on the size of the population served by the landfills. "Municipal solid waste landfill" has the meaning set forth in section 1310-C, subsection 4.

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §1310-N, sub-§2-B is enacted to read:

2-B. Landfill liners. The board may not issue a license for an attenuation landfill. "Attenuation landfill" means a landfill designed not to include a liner and not to collect leachate, but to rely on the underlying soils to filter and treat leachate before it reaches the ground water or bedrock.

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### STATEMENT OF FACT

3	Section 1 of the bill states that 1/2 of the funds available
	in the closure and remediation grants program shall be expended
5	to reimburse municipalities that closed or remedied hazardous
	solid waste landfills, without receiving a planning grant, after
7	January 1, 1983. One half of the funds are to be used for this
	purpose until all those municipalities are reimbursed.
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Section 2 states that, in licensing waste facilities, the Board of Environmental Protection may not apply different engineering design standards for municipal solid waste landfills serving differently sized populations.

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Section 3 prohibits the licensing by the Board of Environmental Protection of attenuation landfills. These are landfills that do not have liners, but rely on the underlying soils to filter and treat leachate.