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EDWIN H. PERT. Clerk

Presented by Representative HOGLUND of Portland. Cosponsored by Representative RAND of Portland and Representative NADEAU of Saco.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Establish a Local Option Municipal Income Tax Surcharge on Residents and a Municipal Earnings Tax on Nonresidents.



Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 36 MRSA c. 843 is enacted to read:
CHAPTER 843
MUNICIPAL INCOME TAX SURCHARGE
<u>§5601. Definitions</u>
As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwis indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
1. Municipal resident estate or trust. "Municipal residen estate or trust" means:
A. The estate of a decedent who at the time of death wa domiciled in that municipality;
<u>B. A trust or a portion of the trust created by will of the decedent who at the time of death was domiciled in the time of the time of death was domiciled in the time of death was down was d</u>
municipality; or
C. A trust or a portion of a trust created by or consistin of the property of a person domiciled in that municipality.
2. Municipal resident individual. "Municipal residen
individual" means an individual:
A. Who is domiciled in a municipality which has imposed municipal income tax surcharge under the authority of thi
chapter; or
B. Who is not domiciled in a municipality which has impose
a municipal income tax surcharge, but maintains a permanen
<u>place of abode in such a municipality and spends in th</u> aggregate more than 183 days of the taxable year in tha
municipality, unless that individual is in active service i
the Armed Forces of the United States.
3. Municipal nonresident estate or trust. "Municipa
nonresident estate or trust" means an estate or trust which i
not a resident of that municipality.
4. Municipal nonresident individual. "Municipa
nonresident individual" means an individual who is not a resident
of that municipality.

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1 1. General. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, but subject to the limitations and conditions set 3 forth in this chapter, any municipality in this State may adopt and amend local ordinances imposing in that municipality, for 5 taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990, a municipal income tax surcharge on residents of that municipality at a rate 7 not to exceed 15% of the net state tax as defined in section 5604. The municipal income tax surcharge shall be administered, 9 collected and distributed by the State Tax Assessor as provided in this chapter. 11 2. Earnings tax on nonresidents requirement. The municipal income tax surcharge authorized by this chapter may be imposed 13

13 Income tax surcharge authorized by this chapter may be imposed only if the Legislature authorizes the adoption of a municipal 15 tax on the earnings of nonresidents and the municipality imposing the tax authorized by this chapter also includes a tax on the 17 earnings of nonresidents.

- 19 3. Effective date; filing with State Tax Assessor. No local ordinance adopted under the authority of this chapter may 21 be effective unless the ordinance is enacted at least 90 days prior to the date it is to become effective and unless a 23 certified copy of the local ordinance is mailed by registered mail to the State Tax Assessor by that date.
- 4. Filing of local ordinance with others. Certified copies
 27 of the local ordinance shall also be filed with the clerk of the municipality where the tax is imposed, the Secretary of State,
 29 and the State Comptroller within 30 days of the date of enactment.
- 31 <u>§5603. Persons subject to the municipal income tax surcharge</u>

1. General. The munciipal income tax surcharge imposed under the authority of this chapter shall be imposed for each taxable year on every municipal resident individual, estate and trust, except that residents whose gross income is less than 80% of the median income for that municipality for the preceding tax year, as determined by the State Tax Assessor, shall not be liable for any municipal income tax surcharge. A taxpayer's taxable year for purposes of a municipal income tax surcharge
imposed under the authority of this chapter shall be the same as the taxpayer's taxable year for state income tax purposes.

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2. Partners and partnerships. A partnership shall not be 45 subject to a municipal income tax surcharge imposed by this chapter. Persons carrying on business as partners shall be 47 liable for the municipal income tax surcharge imposed by this chapter only in their separate or individual capacities.

3. Associations taxable as corporations. An association, 51 trust or other unincorporated organization, which is taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, shall not be subject

- 1 to a municipal income tax surcharge imposed under the authority
 of this chapter.
- <u>4. Exempt trusts and organizations.</u> A trust or other
 <u>unincorporated organization which by reason of its purposes of activities is exempt from federal income tax shall be exempted</u>
 <u>from any municipal income tax surcharge imposed under the authority of this chapter, whether or not it is subject to</u>
 <u>federal income tax on unrelated business taxable income.</u>
- 11 §5604. Net state tax
- 13 The net state tax of a municipal resident individual, estate or trust shall be the sum of all the taxes imposed on that individual, estate or trust under this Part for the taxable year, not including the taxes imposed by this chapter less the applicable credits, other than the credit for tax withheld, allowed to such individual, estate or trust under this Part for the taxable year.
- 21 §5605. Time and place for filing returns and paying tax
- 23 The municipal income tax surcharge return required by this Part shall be filed on or before the date a federal income tax
 25 return is due to be filed, not including any extensions of time claimed or allowed. A taxpayer required to make and file a
 27 return under this Part shall, without assessment, notice or demand, pay any tax due thereon to the assessor on or before the
 29 date fixed for filing the return. The assessor shall prescribe by regulation the place for filing any return, declaration,
 31 statement or other document required by this Part and for the payment of any tax.
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- <u>§5606. Liabilities of husband and wife</u>
- 35 1. Separate returns. If the Maine state personal income 37 tax liabilities of husband and wife are determined on separate returns, their municipal income tax surcharge liabilities in 39 return shall be separate.
- 41 2. Joint returns. If the Maine state personal income tax liabilities of husband and wife, other than a husband and wife as
 43 described in subsection 3, are determined on a joint return, they shall file a joint municipal income tax surcharge return and
 45 their municipal income tax surcharge liability shall be joint and several.
- 3. Only one spouse resident. If either husband or wife is a municipal resident and the other is a municipal nonresident and their Maine state personal income tax liabilities are determined 51 on a joint return as follows.

- A. They may elect to file a joint municipal income tax surcharge return as if both were residents, in which case their municipal income tax surcharge liability shall be joint and several.
- B. The resident spouse may elect to file a separate municipal income tax surcharge return, in which case the income tax surcharge liability shall be determined as if that spouse were filing a separate Maine state personal income tax return.

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<u>§5607. Change of resident status during year</u>

 General. If an individual changes status during the taxable year from municipal resident to municipal nonresident or from municipal nonresident to municipal resident, that individual
 shall file one return as a municipal resident for the portion of the year during which the individual is a municipal resident, and
 a return under a local ordinance authorized by chapter 845 for the portion of the year during which the individual is a
 municipal nonresident, subject to such exceptions as the State Tax Assessor may prescribe by rule.

 2. Trusts. If the status of a trust changes during its
 taxable year from municipal resident to municipal nonresident, or from municipal nonresident to municipal resident, the fiduciary
 shall file one return as a municipal resident trust for the portion of the year during which the trust is a municipal
 resident trust and a return under a local ordinance authorized by chapter 845 for the portion of the year during which the trust is
 a municipal nonresident trust, subject to such exceptions as the State Tax Assessor may prescribe by rule.

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3. Computation of net state tax. Computation of net state tax shall be as follows.

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A. When an individual or trust changes resident status 39 during the taxable year, the net state tax for the period of residence shall be the net state tax determined as if that individual or trust were a state resident for the entire 41 taxable year, multiplied by a fraction: the numerator of 43 which is the individual's or trust's federal adjusted gross income for the period of residence, computed as if its taxable year for federal tax purposes were limited to the 45 period of residence; and the denominator of which is the individual's or trust's federal adjusted gross income for 47 the taxable year.

B. For the purposes of paragraph A, the federal adjusted
 51 gross income of a trust shall be determined as if the trust
 were an individual.

§5608. Requirement of withholding tax from wages

5 1. Manner of withholding. A municipal income tax surcharge imposed under the authority of this chapter shall provide that 7 the tax shall be withheld from the wages of municipal residents in the same manner and subject to the same requirements, to the 9 greatest extent possible, as provided in section 5250. 11 Commencement of withholding. Withholding of tax on 2. wages shall commence not later than the effective date of the local ordinance or 90 days after the date of enactment of the 13 local ordinance, whichever is later. 15 §5609. Enforcement in conjunction with other taxes 17 1. Joint action. If the State Tax Assessor takes action 19 with respect to the enforcement and collection of the tax or taxes assessed under other chapters of this Part, the State Tax 21 Assessor shall, whenever possible, accompany that action with a similar action for enforcement and collection of the municipal 23 income tax surcharge. 25 2. Apportionment of money collected. Any money collected as a result of a joint action shall be deemed to have been 27 collected in proportion to the amounts due, including tax, penalties and interest in addition to tax under other chapters of 29 this Part. 31 <u>§5610. Administration, collection and review; interpretation</u> 33 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any municipal income tax surcharge imposed under the authority of this chapter 35 shall be administered and collected by the State Tax Assessor in the same manner as the tax imposed by chapters 803 and 809. All 37 of the provisions of this Part relating to or applicable to the administration, collection, liability for and review of the tax 39 imposed by chapters 803 and 809 shall apply to a municipal income tax surcharge imposed under this chapter with the same force and effect as if those provisions had been incorporated in full into 41 this chapter and had expressly referred to the municipal income 43 tax surcharge imposed under this chapter, except when inconsistent with this chapter. 45 Sec. 2. 36 MRSA c. 845 is enacted to read: 47 CHAPTER 845 49 MUNICIPAL EARNINGS TAX ON NONRESIDENTS 51 §5701. Authorization to impose tax

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 General. In addition to any other taxes now authorized
 by law, any municipality may adopt and amend local ordinances imposing a tax on the earnings of nonresidents of that
 municipality to be administered in the manner provided by the State Tax Assessor.
 Municipal income tax surcharge required. The tax

9 <u>authorized by this chapter may be imposed only if the municipality imposing this tax also imposes a municipal income tax surcharge on its residents under chapter 843. The rates of such tax shall be the rates contained in the model local 13 ordinance.</u>

- 15 <u>3. Model local ordinance.</u> The Bureau of Taxation shall, by February 1, 1990, adopt by rule a model local ordinance for the imposition of an earnings tax on nonresidents, giving due consideration to model ordinances in effect in other states.
- 4. Effective date; filing with State Tax Assessor. A local
 ordinance enacted under the authority of this section shall go
 into effect on the first day of the next succeeding January and
 shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after that date,
 provided that no local ordinance may be effective unless the
 local ordinance is enacted at least 90 days prior to the date it
 is to become effected unless a certified copy of the ordinance is
 mailed by registered mail to the State Tax Assessor by that date.

 29 <u>5. Terms. The terms of any local ordinance adopted under</u> this chapter shall be substantially the same as the model
 31 <u>ordinance. Substantial compliance shall be determined by the</u> State Tax Assessor.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill allows municipalities to adopt an income tax 39 surcharge on residents, in conjunction with an earnings tax surcharge on nonresidents. The State Tax Assessor is directed to 41 develop a model local ordinance for taxation of the earnings on nonresidents. Municipalities who choose to enact an income tax 43 surcharge system will be required to substantially adopt the model ordinance.

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