



# 114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989**

Legislative Document

No. 1088

H.P. 776

House of Representatives, April 10, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Id Clear

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative CASHMAN of Old Town. Cosponsored by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake, Senator ANDREWS of Cumberland and President PRAY of Penobscot.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Provide Comprehensive Property Tax Relief.



1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §2, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 821, is amended to read:

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3. Mandated programs. Any legislation containing a state mandate enacted by the Legislature after January 1, 1989, which requires additional funding, shall contain provisions for full funding by the State for-2-years, after-which-the-legislation shall-contain-full-funding-through-the-School-Finance-Act-of 1985, as - amended. The funding requirements to implement the mandate must be identified. Any such legislation for which full state funding is not provided may not be enacted.

- 15 State mandates are defined as any state-initiated or statutory action that requires a local school administrative unit to 17 establish, expand or modify its activities in such a way as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues, 19 excluding any order issued by a state court or any legislation necessary to comply with a federal mandate.
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This chapter is repealed on June 30, 1992, unless reviewed and extended by specific Act of the Legislature.

- 25 Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §15602-A is enacted to read:
- 27 §15602-A. State aid to education
- 29 <u>1. Education funding. The responsibility for funding</u> education shall shift to the State according to the following
   31 <u>timetable.</u>
- A. Beginning on July 1, 1989, the State shall pay a minimum effective rate of 59% of the total allocation for education
   as defined in section 15603, subsection 28.
- B. Beginning on July 1, 1990, the State shall pay a minimum effective rate of 61% of the total allocation for education
   as defined in section 15603, subsection 28.
- 41 <u>C. Beginning on July 1, 1991, the State shall pay a minimum effective rate of 63% of the total allocation for education</u>
   43 <u>as defined in section 15603, subsection 28.</u>
- 45 <u>D. Beginning on July 1, 1992, the State shall pay a minimum effective rate of 65% of the total allocation for education</u>
   47 <u>as defined in section 15603, subsection 28.</u>

 49 E. Beginning on July 1, 1989, the State shall pay each municipality the sum of \$50 for each student for which that
 51 municipality has educational responsibility under this Title and who is enrolled in Maine's public education system or placed in some other educational system at the expense of the municipality. The money received pursuant to this paragraph shall only be used to reduce the municipality's local allocation for education.

Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §15613, sub-§§12 and 13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 848, §10, are amended to read:

12. Hold harmless to maximize subsidy stability. Effective in 1988-89, each school administrative unit shall be guaranteed a minimum state allocation for operating costs that is 90% 95% of that unit's state allocation for operating costs during the previous year. These funds shall be included as part of the school unit's total allocation as computed under this chapter and not as an adjustment to the unit's total allocation.

13. Minimum state allocation. Effective 1988-89, each school administrative unit shall be guaranteed a minimum state share of its total allocation that is determined by multiplying 5% <u>15%</u> of the foundation per pupil operating rate by the average number of resident kindergarten to grade 12 pupils, including special education tuition pupils, in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation. These funds shall be included as part of the school unit's total allocation as computed under this chapter and not as an adjustment to the unit's total allocation.

#### Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §709 is enacted to read:

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### §709. Responsibility for funding county government

31 <u>1. County government funding. The responsibility for</u> 33 <u>funding county government shall shift to the State according to</u> <u>the following timetable.</u>

A. Beginning on July 1, 1989, the State shall pay all costs associated with the county jail system, including, but not limited to, the costs for personnel, operation, maintenance and construction.

 B. Beginning on July 1, 1990, the State shall pay 1/3 of all the other costs of county government throughout the State.

45 <u>C. Beginning on July 1, 1991, the State shall pay 2/3 of all the other costs of county government throughout the State.</u>
 47 <u>State.</u>

49 <u>D. Beginning on July 1, 1992, the State shall pay all the costs of county government throughout the State.</u>
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Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §5681, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106; and PL 1989, cc. 6 and 9, is further amended to read:

5 5. Treasurer of State. An amount equal to 5.1% of the receipts from the taxes imposed under Title 36, Parts 3 and 8, and credited to the General Fund, plus an amount equal to \$237,000 of the receipts from the tax imposed under Title 36, Part 3, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the Local Government Fund on the first day of each month.

Beginning July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 6.1% of the receipts of the taxes under Title 36, Parts 3 and 8, and credited to the General Fund, plus an amount equal to \$237,000 of the receipts from the tax imposed under Title 36, Part 3, shall be transferred by the Treasurer of State to the Local Government Fund on the first day of each month.

19 Beginning July 1, 1990, an amount equal to 7.1% of the receipts of the taxes under Title 36, Parts 3 and 8, and credited to the 21 General Fund, plus an amount equal to \$237,000 of the receipts from the tax imposed under Title 36, Part 3, shall be transferred 23 by the Treasurer of State to the Local Government Fund on the first day of each month.

- The Treasurer of State shall distribute the balance in the Local Government Fund on the 20th day of each month.
- 29 Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §6218 is enacted to read:

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- 31 <u>§6218. State funding for the Household Tax and Rent Refund Act</u>
- 33 <u>1. Funding for the Household Tax and Rent Refund Act.</u>
   <u>State funding for the Household Tax and Rent Refund Act shall be</u>
   35 <u>as follows.</u>
- A. Beginning on July 1, 1989, the Legislature shall allocate an additional \$1,750,000 to fund the benefit
   provided by section 6206 and an additional \$1,750,000 to fund the benefit provided by section 6207 and in each
   section shall adjust either the income caps or benefit levels or both to reflect the additional funding.
- B. Beginning on July 1, 1990, the Legislature shall45allocate an additional \$3,500,000 to fund the benefit47fund the benefit provided by section 6206 and an additional \$3,500,000 to47fund the benefit provided by section 6207 and in eachsection shall adjust either the income caps or benefit49levels or both to reflect the additional funding.
- 51 <u>C. Beginning on July 1, 1991, the Legislature shall</u> allocate an additional \$2,250,000 to fund the benefit

- provided by section 6206 and an additional \$5,250,000 to fund the benefit provided by section 6207 and in each section shall adjust either the income caps or benefit levels or both to reflect the additional funding.
  - D. Beginning on July 1, 1989, the Legislature shall allocate an additional \$7,000,000 to fund the benefit provided by section 6206 and an additional \$7,000,000 to fund the benefit provided by section 6207 and in each section shall adjust either the income caps or benefit levels or both to reflect the additional funding.

#### STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to provide meaningful and ongoing relief from rising property taxes for both municipalities and citizens by shifting a significant portion of the burden currently carried by the property tax to the state sales tax and income tax, which are the major sources of state revenue, are progressive, and which more realistically reflect a person's ability to pay.

Section 1 of the bill related to education is to amend the mandated programs provision in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 2, subsection 3, to require full state funding for any mandates enacted after January 1, 1989. The current law requires the State to only fund its mandates for 2 years after which the funding mandates become part of the school funding formula. This means that a significant portion of the mandate falls upon municipalities and must be paid for with local property tax dollars.

Section 2 of the bill requires the State to pay an increasing percentage of the total allocation for education. As with the county tax, it proposes increased payments over a 4-year period at the rate of 2% per year. The current effective rate of state participation is 58.59%; this proposal would increase the State's share to 65% by July 1, 1992.

The bill also proposes that each municipality receive a \$50 allocation for each student for which that municipality has educational responsibility and that the money be used only to reduce the municipality's local allocation for education. The purpose of this provision is to make certain that those communities that have lost significant amounts of state aid to education will receive a relatively stable minimum amount for each year and that all other municipalities will also receive additional money to be deducted from the local cost of education.

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Section 3 proposes to increase state aid to municipalities who lose money under the current formula by raising the hold-harmless provision in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 15613, subsection 12, from 90% to 95%. The effect of this change would be to minimize further a loss in state revenue due to factors in the current formula, primarily state valuation.

Section 3 also proposes to assist municipalities that have lost revenues under the current formula by increasing the minimum state allocation in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 15613, subsection 13, from 5% to 15% of the foundation per pupil operating rate.

Section 4 of the bill increases the State's share of funding county government over a 4-year period leading up to a total assumption of the cost of county government beginning on July 1, 1992. The cost of county government represents an expenditure over which municipalities have little or no control and which has been rising at an alarming rate in many counties throughout the State.

Section 5 of this bill relates to the municipal revenue sharing program. The bill proposes that the amount of revenue
sharing be increased over a 2-year period to a level .1% above the level recommended by the Speaker's Select Committee on
Property Tax Reform in 1986.

29 Section 6 of the bill calls for increased funding over a 4-year period for the Household Tax and Rent Refund Act. This Act is designed primarily to assist low-income and elderly 31 individuals with either property taxes or rent payments. By 3.3 increasing funding to the program, it will be possible to increase the income levels and the benefit levels so that the 35 program provides some relief from the property tax for middle-income individuals.

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