



114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 1045

S.P. 401

In Senate, April 5, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Utilities suggested and ordered printed.

1 D. O'Bren

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BOST of Penobscot. Cosponsored by Senator BALDACCI of Penobscot, Representative CARTER of Winslow and Representative PARADIS of Old Town.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act Concerning the Regulation of Cable Television.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:		
3	Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §3008, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2, and Pt. C, §106, and as amended by PL 1989, c.c. 6 and 9,		
5	is further amended to read:		
7	§3008. Cable television ordinances		
9	 State policy. It is the policy of this State, with respect to cable television: 		
11			
13	A. To affirm the importance of municipal eentrelef franchising and regulation <u>subject to the authority of the</u> <u>State as defined in Title 35-A</u> in order to ensure that the		
15	needs and interests of local citizens are adequately met;		
17	B Thateachmunicipality,whenactingtodisplace competition-with-regulation-in-the-area-of-cable-television,		
19	shallproceed-accordingtothe-judgmentofthemunicipal officersastothetypeanddegreeofregulatory-activity		
21	considered-to-be-in-the-best-interests-of-its-citizens+-and		
23	C. To provide adequate statutory authority to municipalities to make franchising and regulatory decisions		
25	to implement this policy and to avoid the costs and uncertainty of lawsuits challenging that authority+ <u>; and</u>		
27	D. To provide for state regulation of cable television to		
29	the maximum extent allowed under federal law.		
31	2. Ordinances. A municipality may enact any ordinances, not contrary to this chapter <u>or Title 35-A</u> , governing franchising		
33	and regulation of cable television systems using public ways. Systems located in accordance with those ordinances, franchises		
35	and regulations are not defects in public ways.		
37	The municipal officers of municipalities have the exclusive power to enact all ordinances authorized by this section. They shall		
39	give 7 days' notice of the meeting at which those ordinances are to be proposed in the manner provided for town meetings. Those		
41	ordinances take effect immediately, or as provided.		
43	3. General requirements. The following requirements apply generally to cable television systems geverned-by-this-section-		
45	using public ways.		
47 49	A. Any cable television system must be constructed and operated in accordance with Federal Communications Commission regulations.		
51	B. Notwithstanding any provision in a franchise, no cable television company may abandon service or a portion of that		

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service without having given 6 months' prior written notice to the franchising municipality, if any, anđ to the affected municipalities by that abandonment. When abandonment of any service is prohibited by a municipal franchise, no cable television company may abandon that service without written consent of the municipal officers. Any cable television company which violates this paragraph commits a civil violation for which a fine of \$50 a day for each day that the violation continues may be adjudged.

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11 Neither the cable television company whose facilities C. are used to transmit a program produced by a person other 13 the cable television company, under than Federal Communications Commission regulations or municipal 15 ordinance, nor the officers, directors or employees of any such cable television company are liable for damages arising from any obscene or defamatory statements or actions or 17 invasion of privacy occurring during any program when that 19 company does not originate or produce the program.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, D. any permit to provide a cable television system issued before July 1, 1965, without a fixed termination date, is 23 deemed to expire on September 18, 1996, unless an earlier expiration date is mutually agreed upon by the municipality 25 and the permit holder. These cable television systems, as a condition of franchise, shall be operated in such a manner as to provide a safe, adequate and reliable service to 29 subscribers.

31 Ε. A municipality is entitled to injunctive relief in addition to any other remedies available by law to protect 33 any rights conferred upon the municipality by this section or any ordinances enacted under this section.

Franchise procedures. Pursuant to subsection 2, a 4. 37 municipality may enact ordinances governing the procedures for granting cable television franchises. These ordinances must be enacted before granting any such franchise or franchises and 39 shall be designed to ensure that the terms and conditions of a 41 franchise will adequately protect the needs and interests of the municipality. The ordinances shall include, but are not limited to, provisions for the following: 43

45 A mechanism for determining special local needs or Α. interests before issuing a request for proposals, whether by actively seeking to determine those needs or interests or by 47 allowing a period for public comment on a proposed request 49 for proposals;

The filing of franchise applications and related Β. documents as public records, with reasonable notice to the

public that the records are open to inspection during reasonable hours;

- C. A reasonable opportunity for public input before granting franchises; and
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D. The assessment of reasonable fees to defray the costs of public notice, advertising and other expenses incurred by the municipality in acting upon applications.

11 Franchise The State 5. agreements or contracts. specifically authorizes municipal officers pursuant to 13 ordinances, and subject to approval by the Public Utilities Commission under Title 35-A, to contract on such terms and 15 conditions and impose such fees as are in the best interests of municipality, including the grant the of exelusive---or 17 nonexclusive franchises for a period not to exceed 15 10 years, for the placing and maintenance of cable television systems and 19 appurtenances, or parts thereof, along public ways and including contracts with cable television companies which receive the 21 services of television signal transmission offered by any public utilities using public ways for such transmission. No public 23 utility may be required to contract with the municipal officers under this subsection. Each franchise must contain the following 25 provisions:

- 27 A. The area or areas to be served;
- 29 B. A line extension policy;
- 31 C. A provision for renewal, the term of which may not exceed 15 10 years;

D. Procedures for the investigation and resolution of complaints by the cable television company; and

37 E. Any other terms and conditions that are in the best interests of the municipality.

6. Current ordinances and agreements. This section shall
41 not be construed to invalidate any ordinance, franchise or agreement in effect or under consideration on July 25, 1984, but
43 those ordinances, franchises or agreements shall be subject to this section upon renewal at any time after that date.

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Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§§1-A, 1-B and 1-C are enacted to 47 read:

49 <u>1-A. Cable television franchise. "Cable television franchise" means any franchise, privilege, permit, license or other authorization granted by a municipality to construct, operate, maintain or manage a cable television system;</u>

	1-B. Cable television system. "Cable television system"					
3	means any system which receives and amplifies programs broadcast					
	by one or more television or radio stations and other programs					
5	initiated by the owner or operator of the system or by any other					
	person, and distributes those programs by wire, cable, microwave					
7 ·	or other means, whether the means are owned or leased, to persons					
who subscribe to the service. This definition shall not inc						
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	A. Any system which serves fewer than 50 subscribers;					
11	<u>me mi bibben mien berveb tener ende bebberberby</u>					
	B. Any master antenna television system;					
13	D. Any master antenna terevision systemy					
10	C. Any specialized closed-circuit system which does not use					
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15	the public rights-of-way for its physical plant;					
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17	D. Any translator system which simply receives and					
1.0	<u>rebroadcasts over-the-air signals; or</u>					
19						
	E. The interactive television system of the University of					
21	<u>Maine System.</u>					
23	1-C. Cable television utility. "Cable television utility"					
	<u>includes every person, its lessees, trustees, receivers or</u>					
25	trustees appointed by any court owning, controlling, operating or					
	<u>managing</u> any cable television system for compensation within this					
27	<u>State.</u>					
29	Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§§9-A and 11-A are enacted to read:					
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29 31	Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§§9-A and 11-A are enacted to read: 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna					
	<u>9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the</u>					
31	<u>9-A. Master antenna television system.</u> "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common					
31	9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals					
31 33	<u>9-A. Master antenna television system.</u> "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed					
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31 33 35	<u>9-A. Master antenna television system.</u> "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service.					
31 33 35 37	9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program,					
31 33 35	<u>9-A. Master antenna television system.</u> "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service.					
31 33 35 37 39	9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service.					
31 33 35 37	9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. <u>11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program,</u> signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c.					
31 33 35 37 39 41	9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service.					
31 33 35 37 39	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable 					
31 33 35 37 39 41	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility. 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility, electric utility, telephone utility, telegraph utility, water 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility, electric utility, telephone utility, telegraph utility, water utility, public heating utility and ferry, as those terms are 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility, electric utility, telephone utility, telegraph utility, water utility, public heating utility and ferry, as those terms are defined in this section and each of those utilities is declared 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility, electric utility, telephone utility, telegraph utility, water utility, public heating utility and ferry, as those terms are defined in this section and each of those utilities is declared to be a public utility. "Public utility" does not include the 					
31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47	 9-A. Master antenna television system. "Master antenna television system" means any system which serves only the residents of one or more apartment buildings under common ownership, control or management and which transmits only signals broadcast over the air by stations which may normally be viewed locally, and which does not provide any additional service. 11-A. Program. "Program" means any broadcast-type program, signal, message, graphics, data or communication content service. Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§13, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 13. Public utility. "Public utility" includes every cable television utility, gas utility, natural gas pipeline utility, electric utility, telephone utility, telegraph utility, water utility, public heating utility and ferry, as those terms are defined in this section and each of those utilities is declared 					

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- 1 jurisdiction, control and regulation by the commission pursuant to private and special act of the Legislature.
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Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §107, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

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A. An administrative director, a director of cable <u>television</u>, a director of finance, a director of technical analysis and a director of consumer assistance;

Sec. 6. 35-A MRSA §107, sub-§2, ¶¶A and C, as amended by PL 1987, c. 631, §3, are further amended to read:

A. The general counsel, the administrative director, the assistant administrative director, the administrative assistant to the administrative director, <u>the director of cable television</u>, the director of finance, the director of technical analysis, the director of consumer assistance and the assistant to the director of consumer assistance shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and their salaries shall be set by the commission within the ranges established by Title 2, section 6-A.

The salaries of the other subordinate officials and C. 25 employees of the commission, other than those of the general administrative director, the assistant counsel, the 27 administrative director, the administrative assistant to the administrative director, the director of cable television, the director of finance, the director of technical analysis, 29 the director of consumer assistance, the assistant to the 31 director of consumer assistance and the staff attorney, financial analyst, chief utility accountant and utility 33 accountant III positions, shall be subject to the Civil Service Law, except as provided in paragraph D.

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Sec. 7. 35-A MRSA §301, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. Cable television utilities. Cable television utility 39 rates shall not be subject to subsections 2, 3 and 4, nor to section 303, 310 or 312. Those rates shall be subject to section 41 8312.

43 Sec. 8. 35-A MRSA §2102, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

45 <u>3. Cable television utilities. Cable television utilities</u> shall not be subject to subsections 1 and 2, nor to section 2105. 47

- Sec. 9. 35-A MRSA §8301, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. 49 A, §6, is amended to read:
- 51 §8301. Public Utilities Commission regulation

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1 Cable television companies, to the extent they offer services like those of telephone utilities subject to regulation 3 by the commission, shall be subject to the commission's jurisdiction over rates, charges and practices, as provided in 5 this Title for telephone utilities. 7 Sec. 10. 35-A MRSA §8301-A is enacted to read: 9 §8301-A. Short title; purpose 11 1. Short title. This chapter shall be known and cited as the "Maine Cable Television Act." 13 2. Purpose. In order to protect the vital state interests involved in public rights-of-way, municipal franchising and 15 necessary business and community service, this Act subjects cable television operations to state oversight to the maximum extent 17 permitted under federal law. 19 Sec. 11. 35-A MRSA §8302, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. 21 A, $\S6$, is amended to read: 23 §8302. Pole attachments Where a cable television system and <u>any other</u> public utility 25 have failed to agree on the joint use of poles or other equipment or on the terms and conditions or compensation for the use, the 27 matter shall be subject to section 711. 29 Sec. 12. 35-A MRSA §§8303 to 8320 are enacted to read: 31 §8303. Duties of the commission 33 The commission shall, to the extent permitted by federal law 35 and regulations: 37 1. Procedures and practices for municipal franchises. Prescribe procedures and practices which municipalities shall follow in granting franchises under Title 30-A, section 3008, 39 which standards shall provide for: 41 A. The issuance of a public invitation to compete for the 43 franchise; B. The filing of all franchise applications and related 45 documents as public records, with reasonable notice to the public that the records are open to inspection and 47 examination during reasonable business hours; 49 The holding of a public hearing in the proposed С.__ franchise area, upon reasonable notice to the public and the 51 commission, at which the applicants and their proposals

1 shall be examined and members of the public and interested parties are afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views; 3 5 D. The rendition of a written report by the municipality, made available to the public, setting forth the reasons for 7 its decision in awarding the franchise; and 9 E. Other procedural standards that the commission may deem necessary or appropriate to assure maximum public 11 participation and competition and to protect the public interest; 13 Minimum franchise standards. Prescribe minimum 2. 15 standards for inclusion in franchises, including: 17 A. Maximum initial and renewal terms; 19 B. Minimum channel capacity; 21 C. Provisions regarding access to, and facilities to make use of, channels for education and public service programs; 23 D. A requirement that no franchise may be exclusive; 25 E. Standards necessary or appropriate to protect the 27 interests of viewers of free broadcast television and the public generally, which prohibit or limit cable television 29 companies from prohibiting or entering into agreements prohibiting the sale or other transfer of rights for the 31 simultaneous or subsequent transmission over free broadcast television of any program originated or transmitted over 33 cable television; and 35 F. Other standards for inclusion in franchises that the commission shall deem appropriate to protect the public 37 interest: 39 3. Criteria for evaluating applicant. Prescribe standards by which the franchising authority shall determine whether an applicant possesses the qualifications necessary to operate a 41 cable television system in the public interest, including: 43 A. The technical ability; 45 B. The financial ability; 47 C. Good character; and 49 D. Other necessary gualifications; 51

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4. Construction and operation. Prescribe standards for the 1 construction and operation of cable television systems, which 3 standards shall be designed to promote and establish: 5 A. Safe, adequate and reliable service to subscribers; 7 B. The construction and operation of systems consistent with the state of the art; 9 A construction schedule providing for maximum C. 11 penetration as rapidly as possible within the limitations of economic feasibility; 13 The construction of systems with the maximum practicable D. channel capacity, facilities for local program origination, 15 facilities to provide service in areas conforming to various 17 community interests and facilities capable of transmitting signals from subscribers to the cable television company or 19 to other points; 21 E. The prompt handling of inquiries, complaints and requests for repairs; and 23 F. Minimum specifications for equipment, service and safety 25 of cable television systems; 27 5. Technical assistance. Provide advice and technical assistance to municipalities and community organizations in 29 matters relating to cable television franchises and services; 31 Certificate of confirmation. Review and act upon 6. applications for certificates of confirmation in accordance with section 8309; 33 35 7. Represent State. Represent the interests of the people of the State before the Federal Communication Commission; and 37 8. Studies. Undertake such studies as may be necessary to 39 meet the objectives of this chapter. 41 <u>§8304.</u> Powers of commission 43 1. Rules and orders. The commission may adopt and amend any rules and orders it finds appropriate to carry out the 45 purposes of this chapter. A copy of any rule or order adopted under this chapter shall be subject to public inspection during reasonable business hours. 47 2. Reports, contracts and statements. The commission may 49 require cable television companies to maintain and file reports, 51 contracts and statements, including, but not limited to, ownership, accounting, auditing and operating statements,

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engineering reports and other data that the commission deems appropriate to administer this chapter. The commission, including members of its staff, may make reasonable inspections of the records and facilities of any cable television company.

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 Examination under oath. The commission may examine,
 under oath, all officers, agents, employees and stockholders of any cable television company, municipal officials and any other
 persons and compel the production of papers and the attendance of witnesses to obtain the information necessary to administer this
 chapter.

4. Interagency cooperation. The commission may require and 13 receive from any agency of the State, or any of its political 15 subdivisions, assistance and data that may be necessary to enable the commission to administer this chapter. The commission may 17 enter into cooperative arrangements with the University of Maine System, other state agencies and municipalities, each of which is 19 hereby authorized to enter into those cooperative arrangements, as appropriate to assure maximum use of existing expertise in 21 communications technology, cable television operations and programming so that the purposes of this chapter may be 23 effectively accomplished. Upon request of the commission, any state agency may transfer to the commission those officers and 25 employees that the commission deems necessary from time to time to assist the commission in carrying out its functions and 27 duties. Officers and employees transferred shall not lose their civil service status or rights.

- 5. Other powers. The commission shall have all other 31 powers appropriate to carry out this chapter.
- 33 **§8305.** Funding of cable television activities of commission

 35 1. Source of funds. Except for expenses funded through the Public Utilities Commission Reimbursement Fund, the expenses of the commission in implementing this chapter shall generally be paid pursuant to allocation from the Public Utilities Commission
 39 Cable Television Regulatory Fund.

 2. Deposit of funds. All revenues derived from assessments levied against cable television companies under subsection 3
 shall be deposited with the Treasurer of State in a separate account to be known as the Public Utilities Commission Cable
 Television Regulatory Fund.

47	3. Cable television utilities subject to assessments.
	Every cable television utility subject to regulation by the
49	commission shall be subject to an assessment of not more than 2%
	on its intrastate gross operating revenues to produce no more
51	than \$500,000 in revenues annually beginning in the 1990-91
	fiscal year. The commission shall determine the assessments

1 annually prior to May 1st and shall assess each cable television utility for its pro rata share. Each cable television utility 3 shall pay its assessment by July 1st of each year. Any increase in the assessment that becomes effective subsequent to May 1st 5 may be billed on the effective date of the act authorizing the increase. 7 A. The assessments charged to utilities under this section are just and reasonable operating costs. 9 B. For the purposes of this section, "intrastate gross 11 operating revenues" means intrastate revenues derived from all program services, except revenues derived from sales for 13 resale. 15 C. The commission may correct any errors in the assessments by means of a credit or debit to the following year's 17 assessment rather than reassessing all utilities in the 19 current year. 21 D. The commission may exempt utilities with annual intrastate gross operating revenues under \$10,000 from assessments under this section. 23 25 4. Legislative approval of budget. The assessments and expenditures provided in this section are subject to legislative 27 approval in the same manner as the budget of the Public Utilities Commission is approved. The commission shall make an annual 29 report in accordance with section 120 of its planned expenditures for the year and on its use of funds in the previous year. The 31 commission may also receive other funds as appropriated by the Legislature. 33 5. Deposit of funds. All revenues derived from assessments 35 levied against utilities described in this section shall be deposited with the Treasurer of State in a separate account known 37 as the Public Utilities Commission Cable Television Regulatory Fund. 39 6. Use of funds. The commission may use the revenues 41 provided in accordance with this section to fund up to 10 employees and to defray the other costs incurred by the commission to administer this chapter, including administrative 43 expenses, general regulatory expenses, consulting fees and all 45 other reasonable costs. 47 7. Unexpended funds. Except as specified in this subsection, any amount of the funds that is not expended at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall be carried 49 forward to be expended for the purposes specified in this chapter 51 in succeeding fiscal years; but any unexpended funds in excess of 7% of the total annual assessment authorized in subsection 3

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 shall, at the option of the commission, either be presented to the Legislature in accordance with subsection 4 for reallocation
 and expenditure for commission purposes, or used to reduce the utility assessment in the following fiscal year.

8. Violations. Any utility, subject to this section, that willfully fails to pay the assessments in accordance with this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$500 may be adjudged for each day for which payment is not made following the due date.

Initial assessment. Every cable television utility 9. 13 subject to assessment under this section shall be subject to an additional assessment on its intrastate gross operating revenues 15 to produce no more than \$250,000 in revenues in fiscal year 1989-90. The revenues produced from this assessment shall be used to initiate implementation of this chapter by the 17 commission, and shall be deposited in the Public Utilities 19 Commission Cable Television Regulatory Fund. The authority to issue assessments under this subsection shall terminate on June 21 30, 1990. The assessments charged to utilities under this subsection shall be deemed just and reasonable operating costs. 23 Any of these funds remaining in the fund after June 30, 1990, shall be used to reduce the following year's Public Utilities 25 Commission Cable Television Regulatory Fund assessment.

27 10. Reimbursement fund. All money collected by the commission in the form of filing fees, expense reimbursements
 29 ordered by the commission or payment for services, such as reproduction and distribution of copies of commission decisions
 31 and photocopying or for the use of facilities in connection with cable television utilities, shall be deposited with the Treasurer
 33 of State in accordance with section 117.

 35 <u>11. Fines. Fines collected by the commission in connection with cable television which do not constitute a reimbursement of
 37 commission expenses shall be deposited in the General Fund of the State Treasury as provided in section 117.
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<u>§8306. Municipal fees; taxes or charges</u>

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the power of any municipality to impose upon any cable television company, a fee, tax or charge, provided that the fee, tax or the charge when added to the amount payable to the commission pursuant to section 8305 does not exceed the maximum amount permitted by applicable federal law, rules or regulations.

49 §8307. Franchise requirement

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51 **1.** Operation without franchise prohibited. Notwithstanding any other law, no cable television system, whether or not it is deemed to occupy or use a pubic thoroughfare, may commence operations or expand the area it serves unless it has been
 franchised by each municipality in which it proposes to provide or extend service.

 2. Municipal authority. A municipality may require a
 franchise of any cable television system providing service within the municipality, notwithstanding that the cable television
 9 system does not occupy, use or in any way traverse a public street. Any municipal charter or other law authorizing a
 11 municipality to require and grant franchises is hereby enlarged and expanded, to the extent necessary, to authorize those
 13 franchises.

- 15 3. Additional requirement. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prevent franchise requirements in excess of those
 17 prescribed by the commission, unless that requirement is inconsistent with this chapter, any rule, policy or procedure of
 19 the commission or federal law.
- 21 §8308. Construction of systems

Every cable television system constructed or undergoing a major modification, as defined by the commission by rule, after
 April 1, 1991, shall comply with construction standards that the

commission may prescribe pursuant to subsection 4 of section 8303.

<u>\$8309. Certificate of confirmation</u>

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 Certificate of confirmation required. After April 1, 1991, no person shall exercise a franchise, and no franchise may be effective until the commission has confirmed the franchise. A person wishing to exercise a franchise shall file with the commission an application for a certificate of confirmation in the form and containing the information and supportive documentation that the commission requires. The application shall be accompanied by proof of service on the franchisor and by any fee that the commission sets.

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 Public hearing. The commission may hold a public
 hearing on any application for a certificate of confirmation if it determines that the hearing is in the public interest. The
 commission shall fix the time and place for the hearing and notify the applicant, the municipality issuing the franchise and
 any other persons that the commission deems appropriate. Testimony may be taken and evidence received at the hearing
 pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.

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3. Criteria for approval. The commission shall issue a 51 certificate of confirmation of the franchise unless it finds that the applicant, the proposed cable television system or the proposed franchise does not conform to the standards embodied in the rules adopted by the commission pursuant to section 8303,
 subsection 2, or that operation of the proposed cable television system by the applicant under the proposed franchise would be in
 violation of law, or any rule or standard adopted by the commission or the public interest.

4. Conditional approval. The commission may issue a
 9 certificate of confirmation contingent upon compliance with standards, terms or conditions set by the commission which it
 11 determines would not have been met by the applicant, system or franchise as proposed.

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5. Denial of certificate. If the commission decides not to issue a certificate of confirmation, it shall set forth in writing the reasons for its decision.
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6. Fee. When an application for a certificate of
confirmation is filed, the applicant shall pay to the commission
a fee equal to 1% of the estimated value of the cable television
system in question. The fee shall be deposited in the Public
Utilities Commission Reimbursement Fund. Within 90 days after
final action by the commission on the application, any portion of
the fee which is not needed to cover the cost of review and
processing that application shall be returned to the applicant.

27 <u>§8310. Transfer, renewal or amendment of franchises and transfer</u> of control over franchises and system properties

1. Commission approval required. No transfer, renewal nor amendment of any franchise, or any transfer of control of a 31 franchise or certificate of confirmation nor any transfer of facilities constituting a significant part of any cable 33 television system may be effective without the prior approval of 35 the commission. Commission approval shall be required in addition to any municipal approval required under the franchise 37 or by law. For the purposes of this section, a merger or consolidation of 2 or more cable television companies shall be deemed to be a transfer of the franchises or certificates granted 39 to those companies.

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 Application. A person wishing to transfer, renew or
 amend a franchise, or to transfer control of a franchise or of a substantial part of its facilities shall file with the commission
 an application for approval of the change, in the form and containing the information and supporting documents that the
 commission requires. The application shall be accompanied by proof of service on the franchisor, if any, and by any fee the
 commission may set. The commission may hold a public hearing on any application set forth in section 8309, subsection 2.

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1	3. Criteria for approval. The commission shall approve the transfer, renewal or amendment unless it finds that the				
3	applicant, the proposed transferee or the cable television system				
5	<u>does not conform to the standards embodied in the rules adopted</u> by the commission pursuant to section 8303 or that approval would				
7	<u>be in violation of law, any rule or standard promulgated by the commission or the public interest.</u>				
9	4. Conditional approval. The commission may approve the				
	application contingent upon compliance with standards, terms or				
11	<u>conditions set by the commission which it determines would not</u> <u>have been met by the proposed transfer, renewal or amendment.</u>				
13	5. Denial of approval. If the commission decides not to				
15	approve the application, it shall set forth in writing the reasons for its decision.				
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19	6. Illegal franchises. Approval of a transfer, renewal or amendment under this section shall not preclude invalidation of a franchise obtained illegally.				
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23	7. Fee. When an application for transfer or amendment renewal is filed, the applicant shall pay the commission a fee equal to 0.5% of the estimated value of the cable television				
25	system in question. The fee shall be deposited in the Public				
27	Utilities Commission Reimbursement Fund. Within 90 days after final action by the commission on the application, any portion of				
29	<u>the fee which is not needed to cover the cost of review and processing that application shall be returned to the applicant.</u>				
31	<u>§8311. Requirement for adequate service</u>				
33	1. Required. Every cable television company shall provide safe, adequate and reliable service in accordance with applicable				
35	laws, rules and franchise requirements.				
37	2. Delays. Whenever upon complaint or upon its own motion and after public notice and opportunity for hearing the				
39	commission finds that, despite its economic feasibility, the construction or operation of a franchised or certificated cable				
41	television system has been unreasonably delayed or that the				
43	extension of service to any persons or area within a cable television company's territory has been unreasonably withheld, it				
45	may order construction, operation or extension on terms and conditions that it deems reasonable and in the public interest.				
47	3. Compliance orders. Whenever upon complaint or upon its				
49	own motion and after public notice and opportunity for hearing, the commission finds that a cable television company is not meeting its service requirements and obligations, it may order				
51	compliance on terms and conditions that it deems reasonable and in the public interest				

in the public interest.

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1 4. Denial; suspension or revocation. Failure to comply 3 with an order of the commission issued under subsection 2 or 3 shall be grounds for denial, suspension or revocation of the right to exercise a franchise or to operate pursuant to a 5 certificate of confirmation. 7 <u>§8312. Rates</u> 9 1. Set in franchise. Except as otherwise provided in this 11 section, the rates charged by a cable television company shall be those specified in the franchise which may establish, or provide for the establishment of reasonable classifications of service 13 and categories of subscribers, or charge different rates for 15 differing services or for subscribers in different categories. 17 2. Rate changes. Rates may not be changed except by amendment of the franchise. 19 3. Conditions. The following conditions apply to rates. 21 A. No rate provision in any franchise may bind a municipality for more than 10 years and no rate provision in 23 any renewed franchise may bind a municipality for more than 25 5 years. 27 B. Any rate or rates found by the commission, after public notice and opportunity for hearing, to be discriminatory or 29 preferential as between subscribers similarly situated shall thereafter be void. Reduced rates or free service to government, educational or charitable institutions shall not 31 be considered unduly discriminatory or preferential. 33 -4. Discriminatory rates. If the commission finds that any 35 rate is discriminatory or preferential pursuant to subsection 3, paragraph B, or that any cable television company is in violation 37 of an order issued by the commission pursuant to section 8311 requiring adequate service, it may issue an order requiring the 39 municipality and the cable television company to provide for new rates which are nondiscriminatory and nonpreferential or reduced 41 to reflect the inadequate service, as the case may be. 43 §8313. Unauthorized receipt of services 45 1. Prohibition. Any cable television company may initiate a civil proceeding within the appropriate courts of this State to 47 collect any rates, charges or fees duly imposed in accordance with applicable law, or to enjoin the procurement or reception of 49 cable television services from the facilities of the cable television company without its consent, and to seek appropriate 51 monetary damages for that procurement or reception of cable television services. Upon a showing that the cable television

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 service has been obtained without its consent, the cable television company shall be granted an injunction prohibiting the continuation of those practices and, upon a showing that the cable television service was obtained under circumstances
 evincing a knowledge that the service would be obtained without payment of the proper charges, the company may be awarded
 monetary damages and any punitive award that the court in its discretion deems appropriate.

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2. Implied consent. Every cable television company is 11 deemed to have consented to the attachment of one television receiver, of a type accepted by the Federal Communications 13 Commission, to an authorized outlet of its facilities by any of its cable television service subscribers.

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§8314. Abandonment of service

 Notice required. No cable television company, notwithstanding any provision in a franchise, may abandon any service or portion of service without having given 6 months'
 prior written notice to the commission and to the franchisor, if any, and to the municipalities it serves.

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 2. Franchise conditions. When abandonment of any service
 is prohibited by a franchise, no cable television company may abandon service without written consent of the franchisor, if
 any, and the commission. In granting the consent, the commission may impose any terms, conditions or requirements which in its
 judgment are necessary to protect the public interest.

31 §8315. Termination of franchises

33 1. Early termination. A franchise shall terminate at the expiration of its term or otherwise in accordance with the 35 provisions of the franchise, unless the commission orders an earlier termination. The commission may so order only if it 37 finds, after public notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the franchisee:

- A. Has committed a material breach of its franchise or of41this chapter or of the rules promulgated hereunder and has
failed, without reasonable justification, to cure that43breach within 60 days after having received written notice
from the commission; or
- B. Has been adjudicated bankrupt or has filed a voluntary
 petition for bankruptcy or reorganization or for an order
 protecting its assets from the claims of creditors and the
 commission finds that termination of the franchise or
 certificate of confirmation under those conditions is in the
 best interests of the public.

2. Disposition of facilities. Upon termination of a 1 franchise or certificate of confirmation, the cable television company shall dispose of its facilities in accordance with the 3 provisions of the franchise or certificate. However, on motion 5 of any interested party or upon its own motion, and after public notice and opportunity for hearing, if the commission finds that 7 the continued presence of the facilities in any public thoroughfare would pose a nuisance to the municipality or its residents, the cable television company shall remove its 9 facilities within a period that the commission orders. In the absence of any applicable franchise or certificate provision or 11 order by the commission to the contrary, the cable television 13 company may abandon its facilities.

15 §8316. Civil penalties

17 1. Failure to comply with orders. Every cable television company and all officers, agents and employees of any cable 19 television company shall comply with every order made by the commission under this chapter. Except as provided in subsection 2, any cable television company which violates any provision of 21 this chapter, or which fails to comply with any order of the commission, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed 23 \$1000 for each offense, payable to the State, to be recovered ir 25 a civil action; every violation of this order or this chapter shall be a separate offense and, in case of a continuing 27 violation, every day's continuance of the violation shall be a separate offense.

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2. Failure to file. Notwithstanding subsection 1, any cable television company which, within the period specified for submission to the commission, fails to make and file its annual report; to make specific answers to any question formally posed; or to submit any special reports that the commission may from time to time require commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$100 may be adjudged. Each day the company continues to be in default with respect to that annual report, answer or special report is a separate violation.

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3. Action to recover. An action to recover a civil penalty 41 under subsection 1 or 2 may be brought at any time within one year after the cause of action occurs, in any court of competent 43 jurisdiction in this State, in the name of the people of the State on the request of the commission. In any such action, all 45 forfeitures incurred up to the time of commencing the action may be sued for and recovered, and the commencement of an action to 47 recover a civil penalty shall not be, nor be held to be, a waiver of the right to recover any other penalty or forfeiture. All 49 money recovered in that action, together with its costs, shall be paid into the General Fund.

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<u>§8317. Landlord-tenant relationship</u>

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-	1. Prohibition. No landlord may:
3	A. Interfere with the installation of cable television
5	facilities upon the landlord's property or premises, except
	that a landlord may require:
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9	(1) That the installation of cable television facilities conform to any reasonable conditions that
2	are necessary to protect the safety, functioning and
11	appearance of the premises and the convenience and
	well-being of other tenants;
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15	(2) That the cable television company or the tenant, or both, bear the entire cost of the installation,
10	operation or removal of the facilities; and
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	<u>(3) That the cable television company agree to</u>
19	indemnify the landlord for any damage caused by the
21	installation, operation or removal of the facilities;
21	B. Demand or accept payment from any tenant, in any form,
23	in exchange for permitting cable television service on or
	within the landlord's property or premises, or from any
25	cable television company in exchange for those services in
27	<u>excess of any amount which the commission, by regulation, determines reasonable; or</u>
61	<u>decermines reasonable, or</u>
29	<u>C. Discriminate in rental charges, or otherwise, between</u>
	tenants who receive cable television service and those who
31	<u>do not.</u>
33	2. Tenant's rights. No cable television company may enter
	into any agreement with the owners, lessees or persons
35	controlling or managing buildings served by cable television, or
- 7	permit any act that would have the effect, directly or
37	indirectly, of diminishing or interfering with existing rights of any tenant or other occupant of the building to use or avail the
39	tenant of master or individual antenna equipment.
41	<u>§8318. Censorship prohibited</u>
4 7	1 Completion The completion may ach muchible on light
43	1. Commission. The commission may not prohibit or limit any program or any class or type of program or otherwise censor
45	the communications or signals transmitted by any cable television
	company or over any cable television system, and may not
47	promulgate any regulation or condition which would interfere with
49	the right of free speech by means of cable television.
49	2. Municipality. No municipality may prohibit or limit any
51	program or class or type of program or impose discriminatory or
	preferential franchise fees in any manner that would tend to

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1	encourage or discourage programming of any particular nature, directly or indirectly.				
3	2 Company No cable television company may prohibit or				
5	3. Company. No cable television company may prohibit or limit any program or class or type of program presented over a leased channel or any channel made available for public access or				
7	educational purposes.				
9	§8319. Subscriber limitation on television reception				
11	 Locking devices. To the extent technologically feasible, every cable television company shall offer to each of 				
13	its subscribers a locking program control device which enables the subscriber to limit the reception in the subscriber's				
15	<u>residence, of any channel which displays public access programs</u> or for which a specific, optional premium charge is imposed.				
17	2. Subscriber's request. Program control devices need only				
19	be installed when they are requested by the subscriber. Any subscriber requesting a device may be charged by the cable				
21	<u>television company, on a one-time or recurring basis, no more</u> than 15% above the actual cost to the company for the				
23	manufacture, purchase and installation of the device.				
25	3. Notice. Every cable television company shall notify each of its subscribers in writing of the availability of the				
27	device described in subsection 1. The notice shall be printed in prominent type face and shall include information concerning the				
29	cost to the subscribers. The notice may be included with other materials distributed by the company. Notice shall be given to				
31	<u>all new subscribers at the time of initial subscription, to each subscriber who requests a change in service and to all</u>				
33	subscribers annually thereafter.				
35	<u>§8320. Liability for obscenity, defamation and invasion of privacy</u>				
37	Neither the cable television company whose facilities are				
39	used to transmit a program produced by a person other than the cable television company nor the officers, directors or employees				
41	of that cable television company shall be liable for damages arising from any obscene or defamatory statements or actions or				
43	invasion of privacy occurring during any program when the company does not originate or produce the program.				
45					
47	Sec. 13. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Public Utilities Commission Cable Television Regulatory Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.				
49	1989-90 1990-91				
51	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION				

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Cable Television Division

9	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION TOTAL	\$175,000	\$225,000
7	Capital Expenditures	15,000	
	All Other	15,748	18,283
5	Personal Services	\$144,252	\$206,717
	Positions	(7.0)	(7.0)
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STATEMENT OF FACT

15 This Act may be cited as the Maine Cable Television Act. The Legislature finds that, while cable television serves in part 17 as an extension of interstate broadcasting, its operations also involve public rights-of-way, municipal franchising and vital 19 business and community service, which are of state concern.

21 The purpose of this Act is to respond to the widespread public concern over cable television operations by subjecting 23 them to state oversight, under the jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission, to the maximum extent permitted under 25 federal law. At the same time, those operations must be protected from undue regulation to assure development of cable 27 systems with optimum technology and maximum penetration in this State as rapidly as economically and technically feasible. 29

The Legislature also intends that municipalities and the 31 should benefit from valuable educational and public State services through cable communications systems; the cable 33 communications industry must provide the opportunity for minority participation; and the public and the business community should 35 be served by cable channels sufficient to meet the needs of producers and distributors of program and other communication content services. The Legislature also 37 notes that many municipalities lack the necessary resources and expertise to plan for and secure these benefits and to protect subscribers and 39 other parties and the public interest in franchise negotiations.

Further, the intent of this Act is to promote the rapid development of the cable communications industry responsive to community and public interest and consonant with policies, regulations and laws of the Federal Government; to assure that cable communications companies provide adequate, economical and efficient service to their subscribers, the municipalities within which they are franchised and other parties to the public interest; to encourage the endeavors of public and private institutions, municipalities, associations and organizations in developing programming for public interest; and to provide 1 minorities with the fullest opportunity to make effective use of the medium.

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It is the intent of this Act to establish mechanisms to 5 oversee development of the cable television industry in Maine; to suitability of practices for franchising cable review the 7 communications companies to protect the public interest; to set communications standards for cable systems and franchise 9 practices; to assure channel availability for municipal services, educational television, program diversity, local expression and 11 other program and communications content services; to provide quidance to community organizations and municipalities in 13 franchise negotiations; and to stimulate the development of diverse instructional, educational, community interest and public 15 affairs programming with full access thereto by cable communications companies, educational broadcasters and public and 17 private institutions operating closed circuit television systems and instructional television fixed services. 19

- This bill expands chapter 83 of Title 35-A to provide for 21 comprehensive regulation of cable television systems by the Public Utilities Commission, within the limits of federal law, as 23 follows:
- 25 1. Cable television operators would be regulated as public utilities, but, because of federal preemption, regulation of
 27 rates and program content would be extremely limited;
- 29 2. Cable television franchises will continue to be issued by municipalities, but will not become operational until
 31 confirmed by the commission. Operation without a confirmed franchise is prohibited;
- The commission will establish minimum statewide
 standards for cable television franchises and the procedures by which they are awarded;
 37
- The commission will establish minimum statewide
 technical standards for construction and operation of cable television systems; and
- 5. The commission will provide advice and technical 43 assistance to municipalities.

Funding of \$500,000 per year is provided by an assessment on cable television utilities, in a manner similar to the assessment
 of other utilities for operation of the Public Utilities Commission. Allocation of funds in the budget requires approval
 by the Legislature.

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Landlords would be prohibited from interfering with the installation of cable television facilities, but could set reasonable conditions.

5 Other provisions prohibit censorship, require the offering of locking devices and limit the liability of cable television 7 companies for program content.

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