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House of Representatives, March 21, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative MITCHELL of Freeport. Cosponsored by Representative NUTTING of Leeds, Representative TARDY of Palmyra and Representative PINES of Limestone.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act Regarding Dangerous Dogs.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:							
3	Sec. 1.7 MRSA c. 727, as amended, is repealed.							
5	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA c. 727-A is enacted to read:							
7	CHAPTER 727-A							
9	DANGEROUS DOGS							
11	§3955. Definitions							
13	As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.							
15	1. Animal control authority. "Animal control authority"							
17	means an entity acting alone or in concert with other local governmental units for the shelter and welfare of animals and the							
19	enforcement of the animal control laws of the municipality, the county and the State. If there is no authority specially							
21	designated for the enforcement of animal control laws, animal control authority shall mean a state or local law enforcement							
23	agency or county sheriff's office.							
25	2. Animal control officer. "Animal control officer" means any individual employed, contracted with or appointed by an							
27	animal control authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this chapter or any other law or ordinance							
29	relating to the licensure of animals, control of animals or seizure and impoundment of animals and includes any state, county							
31	or local law enforcement officer or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include assignments that involve the seizure							
33	and impoundment of any animal.							
35	3. Dangerous dog. "Dangerous dog" means any dog which according to the records of the appropriate authority:							
37	A. Has inflicted severe injury on a human being without							
39	provocation on public or private property;							
41	<u>B. Has killed a domestic animal without provocation while off the owner's property; or</u>							
43	C. Has been found to be potentially dangerous and after the							
45	owner has received notice, again aggressively bites, attacks or endangers the safety of humans or domestic animals.							
47	4. Owner. "Owner" means any person, firm, corporation,							
49	organization or department possessing, harboring, keeping, having an interest in or control or custody of an animal.							
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1 5. Potentially dangerous dog. "Potentially dangerous dog" means any dog: 3 That when unprovoked inflicts bites on a human or a Α. 5 domestic animal either on public or private property; 7 B. That when unprovoked chases or approaches a person upon the streets, sidewalks or any public grounds in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack; or 9 11 C. With a known propensity, tendency or disposition to attack unprovoked, to cause injury, or otherwise to threaten the safety of humans or domestic animals. 13 15 6. Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog. "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog" means, while on the owner's property, that a dangerous dog shall be securely confined indoors or in a securely 17 enclosed and locked pen or structure, suitable to prevent the 19 entry of young children and designed to prevent the animal from escaping. The pen or structure shall have secure sides, a secure 21 top and shall provide protection from the elements for the dog. 23 7. Severe injury. "Severe injury" means any physical injury that results in broken bones, disfiguring lacerations 25 requiring multiple sutures or cosmetic surgery or that impairs the normal functioning of a person or animal. 27 §3955-A. Registration of dangerous dogs 29 1. Registration of dangerous dogs required. It is unlawful for an owner to have a dangerous dog in the State without, in 31 addition to the license under chapter 721, a certificate of 33 registration issued under this section. This section shall not apply to dogs used by law enforcement officials for police work. 35 2. Requirement for registration. The animal control 37 authority of the municipality or county in which an owner has a dangerous dog shall issue a certificate of registration to the 39 owner of that animal if the owner presents to the animal control authority sufficient evidence of: 41 A. A proper enclosure to confine a dangerous dog; 43 B. The posting of the premises with a clearly visible 45 warning sign that there is a dangerous dog on the property. The owner shall conspicuously display a sign with a warning 47 symbol that informs children of the presence of a dangerous dog; and 49 C. The procurement of liability insurance in the amount of 51 at least \$100,000, covering the 12-month period for which licensing is sought. This policy shall contain a provision

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requiring the animal control authority which registered the dog to be named an additional insured for the sole purpose that the authority be notified by the insurance company of any cancellation, termination or expiration of the policy.

<u>§3955-B. Inspection</u>

The animal control authority having jurisdiction over the 9 area in which a dog registered under this chapter is located may make whatever inquiry or inspection is deemed necessary to ensure 11 compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

13 §3955-C. Notification of change of status

15 The owner shall notify the animal control authority in which the owner's dog is registered if that dangerous dog is loose, unconfined, has attacked another animal or a human being, has 17 died, has been sold or given away. If the dog has been sold or 19 given away, the owner shall provide the authority with the name, address and telephone number of the new owner. If the ownership is transferred to another person residing in this State, the 21 animal control authority in the municipality where the present owner registered the dog shall inform the authority in the 23 municipality where the new owner resides. The new owner must comply with the requirements of this chapter. 25

27 §3955-D. Governmental unit issuing registration

29 <u>The following governmental units shall have responsibility</u> for issuing registrations and conducting inspections.

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<u>1. Municipal authority.</u> If an owner has the dangerous dog
 in an incorporated area that is serviced by both a municipal and
 a county animal control authority, the owner shall obtain a
 35 certificate of registration from the municipal authority.

 2. County authority. If an owner has the dangerous dog in an incorporated or unincorporated area served only by a county
 animal control authority, the owner shall obtain a certificate of registration from the county authority.

3. County sheriff. If an owner has the dangerous dog in an incorporated or unincorporated area that is not served by an animal control authority, the owner shall obtain a certificate of registration from the office of the local sheriff.

 47 <u>Municipalities and counties may charge an annual fee, in</u> addition to regular dog licensing fees, to register dangerous
 49 <u>dogs.</u>

1 <u>§3955-E. Restraint of dangerous dogs</u>

3 It is unlawful for an owner of a dangerous dog to permit the dog to be outside the proper enclosure unless the dog is muzzled, 5 restrained by a collar or harness which the dog cannot slip out of and a substantial chain or leash and is under physical 7 restraint of a responsible person. The muzzle must not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration but 9 must prevent it from biting any person or animal.

11 §3955-F. Potentially dangerous dogs

 Potentially dangerous dogs shall be regulated only by local, municipal and county ordinances. Nothing in this section limits
 restrictions that local jurisdictions may place on owners of potentially dangerous dogs.

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§3955-G. Provoked attack

Dogs may not be declared dangerous if the threat, injury or damage was sustained by a person who at the time was committing a willful trespass or other tort upon the premises occupied by the owner of the dog, or was tormenting, abusing or assaulting the dog or has in the past been observed or reported to have tormented, abused or assaulted the dog or was committing or attempting to commit a crime.

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§3955-H. Unprovoked attack

A person who is attacked by a potentially dangerous dog 31 which is not restrained by a chain or leash may kill the dog if necessary to prevent further personal harm or harm to others.

<u>§3955-1. Hunting</u>

Dogs may not be declared dangerous if they attack 37 <u>undomesticated animals while engaged in hunting with a person</u> holding an appropriate hunting license.

- <u>§3955-J. Complaints regarding dangerous dogs</u>
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 Procedure. Any person may make written complaint to an animal control officer alleging that a dog is dangerous. The officer shall investigate the complaint. If on conclusion of the investigation the officer considers the dog dangerous, then the officer may file the complaint in District Court or Superior
 Court.

 2. Pending hearing. Pending the outcome of the District Court hearing, the dog must be securely confined in a humane
 51 manner either on the premises of the owner or with a licensed veterinarian.

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- 3. Court action. If, upon hearing, the court is satisfied that the complaint is true, it shall:
- A. Order the owner to register the dog as a dangerous dog; or
 - <u>B. Order the dog to be euthanatized if it has killed,</u> maimed or inflicted serious bodily injury upon a person or has a history of assault.

11 4. Failure to abide by court order. If the court order in subsection 2, paragraph B, is not complied with within the time 13 set by the court, the court may, upon application by the complainant or other person, issue a warrant to the county 15 sheriff, any of the county sheriff's deputies, a local law enforcement officer or constable in the municipality where the 17 dog is found, ordering the officer to kill the dog immediately and make a return of the warrant to the court within 14 days from 19 the date of the warrant.

21 <u>5. Court action; ex parte. An order may be entered ex parte upon findings by the court or justice of the peace that</u>
23 there is a reasonable likelihood that the dog is dangerous, its owner has failed to muzzle, restrain or confine it and that this
25 failure poses an immediate threat of harm to the public.

- A. Upon 2 days' notice, or a shorter period if the court prescribes, the owner whose animal has been possessed
 pursuant to an ex parte order may appear in the District Court or Superior Court and move the dissolution or
 modification of the ex parte order.
 - <u>B. The court shall hear and determine the motion as expeditiously as justice requires.</u>

C.The owner shall submit an affidavit setting forth37specific facts to substantiate the findings that will serve
to modify or dissolve the order. The applicant shall have39the burden of presenting evidence to substantiate the
original findings.

6. Lien. Any person taking possession of a dog as provided 43 in this section shall have a lien on that dog in accordance with Title 17, section 1021, subsection 6.

<u>§3955-K.</u> Penalties

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1. Confiscated.Any dangerous dog shall be immediately49confiscated by an animal control authority if the:

51 A. Dog is not validly registered under this chapter;

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B. Owner does not secure the liability insurance coverage 1 required under section 3955-A; 3 C. Dog is not maintained in the proper enclosure; or 5 D. Dog is outside of the dwelling of the owner, or outside 7 of the proper enclosure and not under physical restraint of the responsible person. 9 Any violation of this subsection shall be a Class E crime. 11 2. Prior conviction. If a dangerous dog of an owner with a 13 prior conviction under this chapter attacks or bites a person or another domestic animal, the dog's owner is guilty of a Class C 15 crime. The dangerous dog shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, placed in quarantine for the proper 17 length of time and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. 19 3. Attack on human. The owner of any dog that aggressively attacks and causes severe injury or death of any human, whether 21 the dog has previously been declared potentially dangerous or 23 dangerous, shall be guilty of a Class C crime. The dog shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, placed in quarantine for the proper length of time and thereafter destroyed 25 in an expeditious and humane manner. 27 4. Costs. The owner or keeper of the dog shall be ordered 29 to pay all costs of supplementary proceedings and all reasonable costs for seizure and euthanasia. 31 5. Treble damages. If a dog whose owner or keeper refuses or neglects to comply with the order wounds any person by a 33 sudden assault or wounds or kills any domestic animal, the owner 35 or keeper shall pay the person injured treble damages and costs to be recovered by a civil action. 37 <u>§3955-L. Stealing or killing dogs</u> 39 Except as provided in this chapter and Title 12, sections 41 7504 and 7505, and unless the killing is justified to protect persons or property, any person who steals, confines, secretes, 43 willfully or negligently injures or willfully or negligently kills a dog is liable in damages to its owner in a civil action. 45 <u>§3395-M. Severability</u> 47 If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the 49 chapter or its application to other persons or circumstances is 51 not affected.

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T	STATEMENT OF FACT										
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	This	bill	establishes	а	new	chapter	governing	the	control (of	
5	dangerous	dogs.									