

1	L.D. 723
3	(Filing No. S-255)
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7	STATE OF MAINE SENATE
9	114TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION
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13	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 277, L.D. 723, Bill, "An Act to Require Counties to Accept Prisoners with Sentences up to
15	One Year in Length and to Provide Assistance to Counties in Developing Community Corrections Programs"
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19	Amend the bill by striking out all of the title and inserting in its place the following:
21	'An Act to Amend the Community Corrections Laws'
23	Further amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in
25	its place the following:
27	'Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §1710, as amended by PL 1981, c. 493, \S and 3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
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31	§1710. Transfer of persons under sentence to county jails for rehabilitative reasons
33	A sheriff having custody of a person sentenced to a county jail for a term of 60 days or more, upon receipt from that person
35	of a request, in writing, for transfer to a state correctional facility, may apply, in writing, to the Commissioner of
37	Corrections for the transfer of that person from the county jail to a state correctional facility, solely for the purpose of
39	permitting that person the opportunity to participate in rehabilitative programs conducted at or from the state
41	correctional facility.
43	In the event that the Commissioner of Corrections shall accept the application, the commissioner's written acceptance
45	shall be the sheriff's sufficient authority to transport that person to the appropriate institution.
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	The attested copy of the judgment and order of commitment by
49	which the sheriff has legally held that person before transfer shall be delivered to the chief administrative officer of the

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 correctional facility with a copy of the authorization for transfer attested by the sheriff and upon which shall be noted by
 the delivering officer the date of delivery of the person to the correctional facility. ٢

In no case may the time of sentence to be served at the 7 state correctional facility exceed the remaining time of the sentence originally imposed. In every other respect the person 9 transferred shall be treated as if committed to the state correctional facility originally, including prosecution in the 11 event of escape. In the event that any person transferred under this section is granted furlough or permission to participate in 13 any other rehabilitative program as authorized under Title 34-A, section 3035, any such grant shall be subject to the approval of 15 the sheriff of the county from which jail that person was transferred.

The county responsible for the support of the person transferred under this section while that person was incarcerated 19 in the county jail shall pay directly to the Department of Corrections upon the request of the department an amount computed 21 at a per diem per capita rate established by the department; the 23 county shall also reimburse the department for any costs incurred by it in the provision of extraordinary medical or surgical 25 treatment to the person transferred. All sums paid under this section to the department shall become a part of the operating 27 funds of the department. The payment amount provided for in this section may be adjusted upon terms mutually agreeable to the sheriff and the Commissioner of Corrections in the event that the 29 county jail shall house any work releasee under Title 34-A, section 3035, simultaneously with any period of transfer of a 31 transferee under this section. 33

Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §1557, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 35 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106, and amended by PL 1989, c. 6; c. 9, §2; and c. 104, §§8 and 10, is repealed.

Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §1557, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Reimbursement for transferred prisoners. The county 41 responsible for the support of the prisoner transferred under this section while the prisoner was incarcerated in the county jail shall pay directly to the receiving county jail or the 43 Department of Corrections upon the request of the receiving sheriff or the department an amount computed at a per diem per 45 capita rate established by the receiving county jail or the 47 department. The county shall also reimburse the receiving county jail or the department for any costs incurred by it in the provision of extraordinary medical or surgical treatment to the 49 person transferred.

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1 Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §1656, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2, and Pt. C., §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6; c. 9, §2; 3 and c. 104, \$ and 10, is further amended to read: 5 §1656. Transfer of prisoners when jail unfit or insecure 7 1. Transfer of prisoners when jail unfit or insecure. Whenever complaint on oath is made to a Justice of the Superior 9 Court that a prisoner or prisoners should be removed from a jail to another jail or to a state correctional facility because that jail is unfit for occupation or is insufficient for the secure 11 keeping of any person charged with a crime and committed to await trial, awaiting sentencing, or serving a sentence in that jail, 13 the Justice of the Superior Court shall: 15 A. Schedule the time and place for a hearing on this 17 complaint; 19 Have not less than 3 days' notice of that hearing given в. to the sheriff or sheriffs of the county jail or jails 21 involved and, if transfer to a state correctional facility is anticipated, to the Commissioner of Corrections; 23 C. Order removal, at the expense of the sending county, of 25 the prisoner or prisoners to a state correctional facility pending hearing, provided that the Commissioner of 27 Corrections and the sending sheriff agree; and 29 D. Conduct a hearing and if the matter complained of is found true: 31 (1) Issue a warrant for the transfer of the prisoner 33 or prisoners, at the expense of the sending county, to any jail; or 35 (2) Issue a warrant for the transfer of the prisoner 37 or prisoners, at the expense of the sending county, to a state correctional facility, provided that the Justice of the Superior Court finds that the receiving 39 institution is able to resolve the problem causing the 41 need to transfer, the nature of the offense committed or alleged to have been committed by the prisoner is so 43 severe that it requires sending to the receiving institution and the security of the sending facility is 45 inadequate to handle the problem. 47 2. Emergency. In the event of an emergency, regardless of whether a complaint on oath has been made to a Justice of the sheriff, with the agreement of the 49 Superior Court, the

49 Superior Court, the sheriff, with the agreement of the Commissioner of Corrections, may immediately, at the expense of
 51 the sending county, remove any prisoner from the county jail to a state correctional facility. If removal is made under this

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 section, a complaint on oath shall be made to a Justice of the Superior Court within 24 hours and a hearing shall be conducted
 in accordance with the requirements in subsection 1, paragraph D, subparagraph (2). t

Transfer of prisoners when jail unfit due to casualty. 3. 7 If by fire or other casualty any jail is destroyed or rendered unfit for use, any Justice of the Superior Court may, upon being 9 notified by the district attorney of the county where the jail was or is located, issue a an order to the sheriff and the deputies and constables of that county to have all prisoners who 11 might be liable to imprisonment in that county imprisoned in the 13 jail of some adjoining county or in any other place of confinement. The order shall be printed in the newspapers having 15 general circulation in that county.

 4. Reimbursement for transferred prisoners. The county responsible for the support of the person transferred under this section while incarcerated in the county jail shall pay directly to the receiving county jail or the Department of Corrections
 upon the request of the receiving sheriff or the department an amount computed at a per diem per capita rate established by the receiving county jail or the department. The county shall also reimburse the receiving county jail or the department for any costs incurred by it in the provision of extraordinary medical or surgical treatment to the person transferred.

Sec. 5. 34-A MRSA §1210, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 29 821, §18, is amended to read:

31 Β. "Community corrections" means the delivery of correctional services in the least restrictive manner by or 33 for the county, including, but not limited to, preventive or diversionary correctional programs, pretrial release or 35 conditional release programs, alternative sentencing or housing programs, residential treatment and halfway house 37 programs, community correctional centers and temporary release programs from a facility for the detention or 39 confinement of persons convicted of crime or adjudicated delinguents.

Sec. 6. 34-A MRSA §1210, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 43 821, §18, is amended to read:

45 2. Reimbursement The Department of Corrections shall, under this section, reimburse each county quarterly for each actual day
 47 served at that county correctional facility by:

A. Persons convicted of a Class A, Class B or Class C crime sentenced after March 31, 1987, to serve a term of imprisonment pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1, or section 1252, subsection 1; and

B. Persons convicted of a Class A, Class B or Class C crime sentenced after December 31, 1988, to serve a term of imprisonment pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1 or 1252, subsection 1.

7 Reimbursement for periods after June 30, 1987, shall not be authorized until the reimbursable costs for the operations of the 9 jail are agreed upon by the Commissioner of Corrections, or his a designee, and the county commissioners for that county. 11 Reimbursable costs for the operations of the jail, shall, to the extent practicable, be mutually agreed upon prior to the actual expenditures of funds for those costs. Prior approval of all 13 capital expenditures is required for reimbursement of that 15 expense item. If the Commissioner of Corrections and the county commissioners are unable to agree upon reimbursable costs, they shall jointly select an arbitrator to determine those costs. The 17 arbitrator's decision shall be final and both the commissioner and the county commissioners shall be bound by his that decision. 19

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Sec. 7. 34-A. MRSA §1210, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

 23 2-A. Reimbursement for capital expenditures related to increased jail population. Prior notice by the county of the
 25 intent to apply and approval by the commissioner or a designee for both initial and subsequent reimbursement of actual capital
 27 building expenditures made after March 31, 1987, to the extent that it reflects the actual increase in the jail population
 29 resulting from the net gain of prisoners under Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1 and section 1252, subsection 1, is
 31 required. At a minimum, this application and approval process shall require:

- A. That the county commissioners provide the commissioner
 with written notice of the intent to apply and the projected cost of a capital building project, or portion of the same,
 to provide bed space related to the net gain of prisoners resulting from Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1, and
 section 1252, subsection 1, at least 30 months in advance of anticipated reimbursement by the State to the county for the same if secure bed spaces are involved, or 6 months if nonsecure bed spaces are involved;
- B. That the county and the commissioner, or designee, agree
 upon the basis for determining the projected prisoner
 population and capital building costs related to the net
 qain of prisoners resulting from Title 17-A, section 1203,
 subsection 1 and section 1252, subsection 1;

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1	C. That the county notify the commissioner in writing, of
3	<u>the actual final capital building costs for which</u> reimbursement is requested. The commissioner, or a
5	<u>designee, shall review the request for reimbursement to</u> <u>determine compliance with the basis for reimbursement agreed</u>
7	upon under paragraph B. If there is compliance, the commissioner or designee shall authorize payment;
9	D. In the case of a county that has received reimbursement
11	from the State for capital building costs related to the net gain of prisoners resulting from Title 17-A, section 1203,
13	subsection 1, and section 1252, subsection 1, included as a portion of the daily per diem rate prior to December 1989, funds already received shall be deducted from the counties.
15	funds already received shall be deducted from the counties' initial reimbursement under this subsection. A county may only apply one time for reimbursement for actual capital
17	building costs for secure bed space within the perimeter of a jail facility related to the net gain of prisoners
19	resulting from Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1, and section 1252, subsction 1, Subsequent reimbursement from
21	the State for capital building costs for additional bed space must be consistent with a comprehensive local plan.
23	approved by the commissioner or a designee, to provide and
25	monitor community-based programs as defined under section 1210, subsection 1, paragraph B, A county may only make
27	<u>subsequent requests to the State for reimbursement of capital building costs related to the net gain of prisoners resulting from Title 17-A, section 1203, subsection 1 or </u>
29	section 1252, subsection 1, to provide for alternative housing, outside the secure perimeter of a jail facility,
31	for prisoners who are classified as minimum security.
33	If the Commissioner of Corrections and the county commissioners are unable to agree upon reimbursable costs, they shall jointly
35	select an arbitrator to determine those costs. The arbitrator's decision shall be final and both the commissioner and the county
37	commissioners shall be bound by that decision.
39	Sec. 7. 34-A MRSA §1210, sub-§5, ¶D, as amended by PL 1989, c. 127, §2, is repealed.
41	Sec. 8. 34-A MRSA §1210, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1985, c.
43	821, §18, is amended to read:
45	6. County Correctional Improvement Account. The county commissioners of each county shall establish the County
47	Correctional Improvement Account for funds received from the State under this section, which shall be used for improving,
49	maintaining and developing correctional programs, community-based correctional programs, standards compliance and capital
51	improvements <u>for the support of prisoners in that county</u> , <u>including personal services</u> , <u>contractual services</u> , <u>commodities</u> ,

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 debt service and capital outlay. A portion of all funds received under this section, except those reimbursed for capital
 expenditures, shall be used to develop, monitor and operate community correctional programs as defined under section 1210,
 subsection 1, paragraph B as follows: 10% in 1991, 20% in 1992, 30% in 1993, 40% in 1994 and 50% in 1995 and subsequent years.
 Funds in this account unexpended at the end of the year do not lapse, but shall carry forward into subsequent years. All funds
 received under this section shall be dealt with under the normal budgetary process.

Sec. 9. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.

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1989-90 1990-91

\$831,680

\$1,450,000

17 CORRECTIONS, DEPARTMENT OF

- **19 Community-based Corrections**
- 21 All Other

 23 Provides funds to reimburse counties for capital
 25 expenditures for building.'

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STATEMENT OF FACT

31 Current law limits the ability to house sentenced county jail prisoners who are security problems in state correctional 33 facilities and does not make explicit provision for the county to pay the per diem costs if transferred. Sections 1-4 of this 35 amendment allow transfers of sentenced county jail prisoners, or those awaiting sentencing, and explicity establish a basis for 37 reimbursement.

39 Section 5 of the amendment changes the definition of "community corrections" to include housing programs.

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Sections 6 and 7 of the amendment separate out the 43 capital reimbursement operating costs and building for expenditures. The operating costs are covered under a per diem 45 rate. The capital costs for the increase in the number of prisoners sent to county jails under the changes in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 34-A, section 1202, subsection 1, are 47 paid for by the State.

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Section 8 of the amendment makes it clear that a portion of 51 the money received by counties as reimbursement for the state

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prisoners housed in county jails should be used for the development of community corrections programs.

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Reported by Senator Bustin for the Joint Select Committee on Corrections. Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (6/12/89) (Filing No. S-255)