MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 661

H.P. 481

House of Representatives, March 7, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake.
Cosponsored by Representative RAND of Portland, Representative RUHLIN of Brewer and Senator TITCOMB of Cumberland.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Establish Occupational Health and Safety Standards for Operators of Video Display Terminals.



1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
3	26 MRSA c. 5, sub-c. II-A is enacted to read:
5	SUBCHAPTER II-A
7	VIDEO DISPLAY TERMINAL OPERATORS
9	§251. Definitions
11	As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
13	1. Bureau. "Bureau" means the Department of Labor, Bureau
15	of Labor Standards.
17	2. Employ. "Employ" means to employ or permit to work.
19	3. Employee. "Employee" means any person engaged to work on a steady or regular basis as an operator by an employer
21	located or doing business in the State.
23	4. Employer. "Employer" means any person, partnership, firm, association or corporation, public or private, located
25	within the State which uses 5 or more terminals within the State. The term "employer" includes, but is not limited to:
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29	A. Any person, partnership, firm, association or corporation acting in the interest of any employer, directly or indirectly; and
31	B. The State, in its capacity as an employer.
33	5. Operator. "Operator" means any employee who normally
35	operates a terminal for 4 or more hours per day.
37	6. Terminal. "Terminal" means any electronic video screen data presentation machine, commonly called video display
39	terminals, VDTs or cathode-ray tubes, CRTs. The term does not
41	apply to television or oscilloscope screens, except to the extent that they are used as terminals for presentation of verbal or numerical data.
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45	§252. Requirements
47	Every employer shall provide for the safety and health of all terminal operators by providing workplace conditions which
49	meet the following requirements.
51	1. Work station standards. Every employer shall provide user-adjustable work stations and chairs which meet the following minimum requirements.

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3		A. Seats of chairs must be user-adjustable for height, and backrests must be user-adjustable to positions behind and
5		forward of the vertical position.
7		B. Chairs must be capable of being swivelled by the user.
,		C. The video display terminal table must have a height and
9		angle adjustable platform for the video display screen.
11		D. The video display terminal table must have a height and angle adjustable sliding keyboard platform. This
13		requirement may be satisfied by use of a video display unit equipped with an angle-adjustable keyboard.
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17	• • • •	E. All video display terminals must be equipped with a detachable keyboard.
19		F. The employer must provide a copyholder the position and angle of which can be adjusted by the user.
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. •	,	G. Office lighting must be indirect, or direct lighting
23		must be shielded by appropriate parabolic or polarized louvers or panels. Where individual work station lighting
25		is provided, it must be adjustable by the user so that it
27		may be directed at the reference materials and not at the screen surface.
29		H. Direct light, surface reflections and glare must be reduced by use of the following methods, as appropriate.
31		reduced by use of the following methods, as appropriate.
		(1) Video display terminals must be positioned in
33		relation to artificial and natural light sources in such a way as to minimize direct light and glare
35		reflected from the video display screen into the operator's eyes.
37		(2) Video display screens, at the operator's request,
39		must be fitted with contrast enhancement filters or mesh screens.
41		mesir screens.
		I. Direct noise must be reduced by placing covers over
43		impact printers, or by isolating sources of noise such as impact printers from the rest of the work environment.
45		Reflected noise from these sources must be reduced by the
		use of sound-absorbing materials in the work environment.
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49		2. Terminal maintenance. Every employer shall provide for semi-annual maintenance of all terminals to assure clear
		entation of display and proper functioning of all display
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- 3. Work breaks. Employers shall provide flexible work breaks for all operators. Such work breaks shall be consistent with the terms of existing collective bargaining agreements in effect, if any, as required by the nature and intensity of the work. The following minimum standards shall apply.
 - A. No operator may be required to perform steady terminal work for longer than 8 hours each day.

B. No operator may be required to work at a terminal continuously for more than 2 hours without a 15-minute break as a paid rest period provided that an employer may reassign an operator to other appropriate work away from the terminal rather than provide a 15-minute rest period. This alternative work shall be considered part of the working day. The work break provided for by this paragraph does not entitle any employee to refuse to perform other suitable and appropriate work to be assigned to that employee, consistent with the provisions of any existing collective bargaining

agreement.

4. Vision examinations. Any individual who is to be assigned as an operator shall receive, with the employee's written consent, an ophthalmological or optometric examination conforming to the recommended components of an eye and vision examination established by the American Optometric Association. The examination must focus on diagnosis of the operator's specific visual correction needs for the job. The examination must be made before, or within 30 days after, the employee begins an assignment. Additional examinations must be made in each subsequent year the operator is so employed. Employees assigned as operators prior to the effective date of this chapter shall receive such an examination within 90 days after the effective date of this chapter and again in each subsequent year.

The employer shall grant operators, without penalty and with compensation at the operators' normal rate, leave from employment during paid work hours for baseline and annual vision examinations.

The employer shall provide access to a list of all licensed ophthalmologists and optometrists within the pertinent community to employees and shall permit operators to select the provider of the examination, except as otherwise provided under any previously or subsequently negotiated group health care agreement or policy or collective bargaining agreement.

No employer may use the results of any ophthalmological or optometric examination required by this section to screen prospective operators for suitability for employment.

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7	compliance with this subsection.
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5	Any operator who declines the ophthalmological or optometric examination shall do so in writing. This declination may be
7	rescinded at any time.
	Employee education and training. Employers shall
9	establish an education and training program for all operators, which shall inform operators orally and in writing of the actual
11	and potential health hazards to which they are exposed in the course of their employment as operators. This training and
13	education shall include, at a minimum:
15	A. Notification of the rights and duties created under this subchapter by posting in a prominent location in the
17	workplace a copy of the law and by providing to each operator a written notice which explains these rights and
19	duties in plain language;
21	B. Notification of health hazards and physical symptoms associated with terminal use, including, but not limited to:
23	(1) Deterioration of visual acuity, either temporary
25	or permanent;
27	(2) Headaches, burning of eyes, effects of normal and excessive terminal flicker;
29	(3) Musculoskeletal problems and cumulative trauma
31	disorders;
33	(4) Current data on the relationship between video display terminal use and the incidence among operators
35	of reproductive dysfunction, miscarriage and birth defects; and
37	(5) An explanation or description of the precautions
39	and protective measures which the operator can take to avoid, minimize or alleviate these symptoms, conditions
41	or disorders.
43	The bureau shall prepare on an annual basis a safety manual based on appropriate, current and pertinent data which employers shall
45	distribute to employees through the education and training program. The bureau shall also serve as a clearinghouse for
47	information regarding workplace safety relative to the use of terminals.
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51	Employers shall provide current operators with this education and training program within 6 months after the effective date of this

chapter, and annually thereafter. Beginning 6 months after the

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1	effective date of this chapter, employers shall provide all new
	operators with the training and educational program within the
3	first month of employment as operators.
5	§253. Employees' rights
7	The rights and duties of employers and employees with regard
9	to employees' reports of violations of this subchapter to the employer or a public body are governed by the Whistleblowers' Protection Act, chapter 7, subchapter V-B.
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10	§254. Penalties
13	Any amplement who wielstes this substantes on any sule on
15	Any employer who violates this subchapter or any rule or order adopted or issued by the bureau to carry out or supplement this subchapter commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture
17	of not more than \$300 for each violation may be adjudged. For purposes of this section, each day of a continuing violation
19	constitutes a separate violation.
21	§255. Administration and enforcement
23	The bureau shall administer and enforce the provisions of this subchapter and shall make and enforce reasonable rules for
25	the enforcement of this subchapter pursuant to Title 5, chapter
27	375. The bureau, through its officers or agents, may inspect any workplace where terminals are used.
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2.1	STATEMENT OF FACT
31	Duning the good deads a good-standard of suidense shows
33	During the past decade, a preponderance of evidence shows several actual and potential health risks associated with video display terminals VDTs operation. This bill provides for the
35	occupational safety and health of operators of VDTs by requiring public and private employers to implement minimum standards to
37	avoid, alleviate, or mitigate health and safety hazards. These standards include:
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	 Safe workplace conditions;
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43	Periodic maintenance of terminals;
	3. Employee education and training programs regarding the
45	hazards and symptoms of VDT operation, and procedures for proper VDT operation;
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	4. Annual eye examinations; and
49	5. Periods of rest or alternative work away from VDT.
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Penalties of up to \$300 per violation are provided, with administration and enforcement by the Bureau of Labor Standards.