MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 420

H.P. 306

House of Representatives, February 23, 1989

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative HEPBURN of Skowhegan.
Cosponsored by Representative SEAVEY of Kennebunkport.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

An Act to Confiscate Assets Garnered by Convicted Felons Through Criminal Acts.



Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

17-A MRSA §1330-A is enacted to read:

§1330-A. Distribution of money received as result of commission of crime

1. Definition. As used in this section, unless the context

otherwise indicates, "victim" means a human being who suffers
personal injury, death or economic loss as a result of a crime or

as a result of the good faith effort of any person to prevent a

<u>crime.</u>

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2. Money to be paid to Attorney General; escrow account. Every person, firm, corporation, partnership, association or other legal entity contracting with any person, or the representative or assignee of any person, accused or convicted of a crime in this State, with respect to the reenactment of that crime by way of a movie, book, magazine article, tape recording, phonograph record, radio or television presentation, live entertainment of any kind or from the expression of the accused or convicted person's thoughts, feelings, opinions or emotions regarding that crime, shall submit a copy of that contract to the Department of the Attorney General and pay to the department any money which, by the terms of that contract, would otherwise be owing to the person accused or convicted of the crime or the accused person's representatives. The Attorney General shall deposit that money in an escrow account for the benefit of and payable to any victim or the legal representative of any victim of crimes committed by:

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A. The convicted person; or

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- B. The accused person, but only if the accused person is eventually convicted of the crime.
- No payment may be made to a victim unless, within 5 years of the date of the establishment of the escrow account or within 5 years

 from the date of release of the convicted person from imprisonment, whichever is later, the victim or the victim's representative brings a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction and recovers a money judgment against the convicted or accused person or the accused person's representative.
- Prior to paying any money to the Department of the Attorney
 General under this subsection, any person, firm, corporation,
 partnership, association or other legal entity contracting as
 described in this subsection may submit a copy of the contract to
 the Attorney General for a determination of whether the contract
 is covered by this subsection.

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- 1 3. Notice. The Attorney General, at least once every 6 months for 5 years from the date the Attorney General receives money pursuant to subsection 2, or for 5 years from the date of 3 release of the convicted person from imprisonment, whichever is 5 later, shall publish a legal notice in newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the crime was committed and in 7 counties contiquous to that county advising any victim that escrow money is available to satisfy money judgments pursuant to 9 this section. The Attorney General may provide for additional notice as the Attorney General determines necessary. The costs 11 of publishing and providing notice under this subsection shall be paid out of the escrow money.
 - 4. Acquittal; return of money. Upon dismissal of charges or acquittal of any accused person, the Attorney General shall immediately pay to that person the money in the escrow account established on behalf of that person.

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- 5. Limitation. Upon a showing by any convicted person that 5 years have elapsed from the establishment of the escrow account or from the date of the convicted person's release from imprisonment, whichever is later, and that no actions are pending against that person pursuant to this section, the Attorney General shall immediately pay any money in the escrow account to that person or the person's legal representative.
- 6. Insanity. For purposes of this section, a person found not guilty pursuant to section 39 shall be deemed to be a convicted person.
 - 7. Competent to stand trial; interpleader. When, pursuant to Title 15, section 101, it is found that a person accused of a crime is not competent to stand trial, the Attorney General shall petition the court to determine disposition of the escrow account.
 - 8. Period not to run until account established. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the first 5-year period provided for in subsection 2 shall not begin to run until an escrow account has been established.
 - 9. Payment to convicted or accused person. Notwithstanding this section, the Attorney General shall make payments from an escrow account to any person accused or convicted of a crime upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, after a showing by that person that the money shall be used for the exclusive purpose of retaining legal representation, at any stage of the criminal proceedings against that person, including the appeals process. The Attorney General, in the Attorney General's discretion and after notice to the victims of the crime, may make payments from the escrow account to a representative of any person accused or convicted of a crime for the necessary expenses of the production of the money paid into the escrow account,

Т	provided that the Attorney General finds that those payments
2	would be in the best interests of the victims of the crime and
3	would not be contrary to public policy. The total of all
5	payments made from the escrow account under this subsection shall
5	not exceed 1/5 of the total money paid into the escrow account
7	and available to satisfy civil judgments obtained by the victims of the crime.
,	or the crime.
9	10. Actions taken to defeat purpose of section. Any action
9	taken by any person accused or convicted of a crime, whether by
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T.T.	way of execution of a power of attorney, creation of corporate entities or otherwise, to defeat the purpose of this section
13	shall be void as against the public policy of this State.
13	shall be volu as against the public policy of this state.
15	11. Priority of payments. Notwithstanding any other
- 5	provision of law, claims on money in the escrow account have the
17	following priorities:
Τ,	tottowing prioricles.
19	A. Payments ordered by the Attorney General or a court
	pursuant to subsection 9;
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	B. Civil judgments of the victims of the crime;
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	C. Other judgment creditors or persons claiming money
25	through the person accused or convicted of a crime who
	present lawful claims, including State Government or local
27	government agencies; and
29	D. The person accused or convicted of the crime.
31	No payment may be made out of the escrow account when that
	payment would be in derogation of claims, either presented or
33	pending, entitled to a higher priority under this subsection.
	The Attorney General may bring an action for a declaratory
35	judgment when the Attorney General cannot determine the priority
	of claims and the proper disposition of the escrow account.
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	Money in the escrow account shall not be subject to execution,
39	levy, attachment or lien, except in accordance with the priority
	of claims established in this subsection.
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	12. Control over money. The Attorney General shall have
43	exclusive jurisdiction and control, as escrow agent, over any
	money subject to this section. No distribution of money in the
45	escrow account may be made except by determination and order of
	the Attorney General, pursuant to this section. Any party
47	aggrieved by a final determination and order of the Attorney
	General, under this section, may seek judicial review of that
49	decision.

association or other legal entity who fails to pay money as

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13. Penalty. Any person, firm, corporation, partnership,

required by subsection 2 and any person who takes an action described in subsection 10 commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

9 The purpose of this bill is to restrict criminals from prospering financially from crime through movies, books or other forms of entertainment which recreate the story of the crime. This bill places any money earned by a convicted person or accused person in an escrow account and the funds shall be paid to victims of the crime who have won a money judgment against the person.