



114th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION - 1989

Legislative Document

No. 39

H.P. 39

House of Representatives, January 30, 1989

Reported by Representative HANDY for the Special Commission on Early Childhood Development and Education pursuant to Resolve 1987, chapter 110. Reference to the Joint Standing Committee on Education suggested and printing ordered under Joint Rule 18.

Id Ver

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE

AN ACT to Establish Appropriate Class Size in the Early Elementary Grades.



1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
3	20-A MRSA §4502, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
5	2-A. Class size for early elementary school grades. The maximum student-teacher ratio per classroom for grades
7	kindergarten through grade 4 shall be as follows.
9	A. For kindergarten and transition to first grades:
11	(1) For school years 1990-91 and 1991-92, the ratio shall be 22 to 1;
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15	(2) For school years 1992-93 and 1993-94, the ratio shall be 19 to 1; and
17	(3) For school year 1994-95 and thereafter, the ratio shall be 15 to 1.
19	B. For grades 1-4:
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23	(1) For school years 1990-91 and 1991-92, the ratio shall be 25 to 1;
25	(2) For school years 1992-93 and 1993-94, the ratio shall be 22 to 1; and
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29	(3) For school year 1994-95 and thereafter, the ratio shall be 18 to 1.
31	<u>C. Rules shall be adopted in accordance with subsection 5, paragraph B which establish appropriate higher ratios in</u>
33	classrooms where a teacher aide or assistant is employed.
35	STATEMENT OF FACT
37	This bill is part of the legislative recommendations of the
39	Special Commission to Study Early Childhood Development and Education. The commission was directed to study the issue of
41	class size and to make recommendations for change by Resolve 1987, chapter 110.
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45	The early years of schooling are critical in the lives of young children. It is in the early elementary years that the pattern of success or failure is often established. Because
47	children develop at very different rates, it is essential that an individualized, developmentally appropriate curriculum be
49	available to all children. In order for schools to develop and
51	provide appropriate programming for each child, classes must be limited to sizes which permit tailoring the curriculum to individual needs.

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Research by the National Association for the Education of 3 Young Children and other groups indicates that the class sizes targeted in this bill for grades kindergarten through 4 will 5 establish a better learning environment, allow for more individualized instruction and encourage better student 7 achievement.

9 The b**i**11 provides for phasing in the targeted student-teacher ratios over 5 years. This is a conservative approach recognizing the costs involved. The bill also permits 11 higher ratios in classrooms where teacher aides or assistants are present under rules adopted by the commission and the State Board 13 of Education.

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