

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION

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| Approve Legislative Referen suggested an Presented b | d for introduction by a majo Council pursuant to Joint Ru ice to the Committee on State id ordered printed. | ule 26. e and Local Government I H. PERT, Clerk Bangor. |
| | STATE OF MAIN | IE |
| | IN THE YEAR OF OUR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EI | |
| C | DLUTION, Proposing an Am Distitution of Maine to Nal Constitutional Resol Language of the Const Gender-Neutral | Clarify the ution Making the itution |
| of each br | cutional amendment. R anch of the Legislature amendment to the Cons | concurring, that t |
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1 CR 1987, c. 3 is repealed.

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Constitution, Preamble is amended to read:

3 We the people of Maine, in order to establish 4 justice, insure tranquility, provide for our mutual defense, promote our common welfare, and secure to ourselves and our posterity the blessings of liberty, acknowledging with grateful hearts the goodness of the 5 6 7 8 Sovereign Ruler of the Universe in affording us an 9 opportunity, so favorable to the design; and, 10 imploring His God's aid and direction in its 11 accomplishment, do agree to form ourselves into a free and independent State, by the style and title of the State of Maine and do ordain and establish the 12 13 following Constitution for the government of the same. 14

15 Constitution, Art. I, §§1, 3, 4, 6, 6-A, 19 and 16 20 are amended to read:

17 <u>Section 1. Natural rights.</u> All men people are 18 born equally free and independent, and have certain 19 natural, inherent and unalienable rights, among which 20 are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, 21 acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and of 22 pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

23 Section 3. Religious freedom; sects equal; religious tests prohibited; religious teachers. All men individuals have a natural and unalienable right 24 25 26 to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of 27 their own consciences, and no one person shall be 28 hurt, molested or restrained in his person, that 29 person's liberty or estate for worshipping God in the 30 manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of 31 that person's own conscience, nor for his his that 32 professions person's religious or sentiments, 33 provided he that that person does not disturb the public peace, nor obstruct others in their religious 34 35 worship; -- and all persons demeaning themselves peaceably, as good members of the State, shall 36 be 37 equally under the protection of the laws, and no preference of any one sect 38 subordination nor or 39 denomination to another shall ever be

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established by law, nor shall any religious test be required as a qualification for any office or trust, under this State; and all religious societies in this State, whether incorporate or unincorporate, shall at all times have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

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8 Freedom of speech and publication; Section 4. 9 libel; truth given in evidence; jury determines law 10 and fact. Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of this liberty; no laws 11 12 13 shall be passed regulating or restraining the freedom of the press; and in prosecutions for any publication respecting the official conduct of men people in 14 respecting the official conduct of men people in public capacity, or the qualifications of those who 15 16 17 are candidates for the suffrages of the people, or where the matter published is proper for published is proper for published information, the truth thereof may be given 18 proper for public 19 in 20 evidence, and in all indictments for libels, the jury, 21 after having received the direction of the court, 22 shall have a right to determine, at their discretion, 23 the law and the fact.

24 Section 6. Rights of persons accused. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall have a right 25 26 to heard himself accused and be by the his 27 the accused, or either, at counsel to his the 28 election of the accused;

29 To demand the nature and cause of the accusation, 30 and have a copy thereof;

31 To be confronted by the witnesses against him 32 the accused;

33 To have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses 34 in his favor of the accused;

To have a speedy, public and impartial trial, and, except in trials by martial law or impeachment, by a jury of the vicinity. He <u>The accused</u> shall not be compelled to furnish or give evidence against himself or <u>herself</u>, nor be deprived of <u>his</u> life, liberty, property or privileges, but by judgment of his that

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1 person's peers or the law of the land.

2 Section 6-A. Discrimination against persons 3 prohibited. No person shall be deprived of life, 4 liberty or property without due process of law, nor be 5 denied the equal protection of the laws, nor be denied 6 the enjoyment of his that person's civil rights or 7 be discriminated against in the exercise thereof.

8 Section 19. Right of redress for injuries. Every 9 person, for an injury done him in his inflicted on 10 the person, or the person's reputation, property or 11 immunities, shall have remedy by due course of law; 12 and right and justice shall be administered freely and 13 without sale, completely and without denial, promptly 14 and without delay.

15 Section 20. Trial by jury. In all civil suits, 16 and in all controversies concerning property, the parties shall have a right to a trial by jury, except 17 cases where it has heretofore been otherwise 18 in practiced; the party claiming the right may be heard 19 by himself and his or herself and with counsel, or 20 21 either, at his the election of the party.

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Constitution, Art. II, §1 is amended to read:

Section 1. Qualifications of electors; written ballot; military servicemen; students; Indians. Every 23 24 25 citizen of the United States of the age of 18 years 26 and upwards, excepting persons under guardianship for reasons of mental illness, having his or her residence 27 28 established in this State, shall be an elector for 29 Governor, Senators and Representatives, in the city, town or plantation where his or her residence has been 30 established, if he or she continues to reside in this State, unless barred by the provisions of the second 31 32 33 paragraph of this section; and the elections shall be by written ballot. But persons in the military, naval 34 or marine service of the United States, or this State, 35 36 shall not be considered as having obtained such 37 established residence by being stationed in any garrison, barrack or military place, in any city, town or plantation; nor shall the residence of a student at 38 39 40 any seminary of learning entitle him the student to

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the right of suffrage in the city, town or plantation where such seminary is established. No person, however, shall be deemed to have lost his residence by reason of his the person's absence from the State in the military service of the United States, or of this State.

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7 Every Indian, residing on tribal reservations and 8 otherwise qualified, shall be an elector in all 9 county, state and national elections.

10 Constitution, Art. IV, Part First, §4, as 11 amended by CR 1987, c. 1, is further amended to read:

12 Section 4. Residency requirement. No person shall be a member of the House of Representatives, 13 unless he the person shall, at the commencement of the period for which he the person is elected, have been 5 years a citizen of the United States, have 14 15 16 arrived at the age of 21 years, have been a resident 17 in this State one year; and for the 3 months next preceding the time of his this person's election 18 19 20 shall have been, and, during the period for which he 21 $\pm s$ elected, shall continue to be a resident in the 22 district which he that person represents.

23 No person may be a candidate for election as a member 24 of the House of Representatives unless, at the time of the nomination for placement on a primary, general or 25 special election ballot, that person is a resident 26 in 27 the district which he the candidate seeks to 28 represent.

29 Constitution, Art. IV, Part First, §5 is amended 30 to read:

Section 5. Election of representatives; lists of votes delivered forthwith; lists of votes examined by Governor; summons of persons who appear to be elected; lists shall be laid before the House. The meetings within this State for the choice of Representatives shall be warned in due course of law by qualified officials of the several towns and cities 7 days at least before the election, and the election officials of the various towns and cities shall preside

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1 impartially at such meetings, receive the votes of all 2 the qualified electors, sort, count and declare them in open meeting; and a list of the persons voted for 3 4 shall be formed, with the number of votes for each 5 person against his that person's name. Cities and 6 towns belonging to any representative district shall hold their meetings at the same time in the respective 7 8 cities and towns; and such meetings shall be notified, 9 held and regulated, the votes received, sorted, counted and declared in the same manner. 10 Fair copies 11 of the lists of votes shall be attested by the 12 municipal officers and the clerks of the cities and 13 towns and the city and town clerks respectively shall cause the same to be delivered into the office of the 14 The Governor shall 15 Secretary of State forthwith. examine the returned copies of such lists and 7 days 16 17 before the first Wednesday of December biennially, shall issue a summons to such persons as shall appear 18 to have been elected by a plurality of all votes returned, to attend and take their seats. All such 19 20 21 lists shall be laid before the House of on the first Wednesday of December 22 Representatives 23 biennially, and they shall finally determine who are 24 elected.

25 Constitution, Art. IV, Part Third, §1-A, as 26 amended by CR 1985, c. 3, is further amended to read:

27 Legislature Section 1-A. to Establish Apportionment Commission; number of 28 quorum; 29 compensation of commission members; commission's among political parties. 30 budget; division A 31 required apportion Legislature which is to the 32 districts of the House of Representatives or the Senate, or both, under Article IV, Part First, Section 2, or Article IV, Part Second, Section 2, shall 33 34 35 establish, within the first 3 calendar days after the 36 convening of that Legislature, a commission to develop 37 in accordance with the requirements of this Constitution, a plan for apportioning the House 38 of 39 Representatives, the Senate, or both.

40 The commission shall be composed of 3 members from 41 the political party holding the largest number of 42 seats in the House of Representatives, who shall be 43 appointed by the Speaker; 3 members from the political

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party holding the majority of the remainder of the seats in the House of Representatives, who shall be appointed by the floor leader of that party in the 2 members of the party holding the largest House; number of seats in the Senate, who shall be appointed the President of the Senate; 2 members of the bv political party holding the majority of the remainder of the seats in the Senate, to be appointed by the floor leader of that party in the Senate; the chairperson of each of the 2 major political parties in the State or their designated representatives; and 3 members from the public generally, one to be selected by each group of members of the commission representing the same political party, and the third to be selected by the other 2 public members. The Speaker of the House shall be responsible for the commission and shall organizing be chairman chairperson pro tempore thereof until a permanent chairman chairperson is selected by the commission members from among their own number. No action may be taken without a quorum of 8 being present. The commission shall hold public hearings on any plan for apportionment prior to submitting such plan to the Legislature.

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25 Public members of the commission shall receive the same rate of per diem that is paid to Legislator's for 26 27 every day's attendance at special sessions of the 28 Legislature as defined by law. All members of the 29 commission shall be reimbursed for actual travel expenses incurred in carrying out the business of the 30 31 The Legislature which is required to commission. 32 apportion shall establish а budget for _the 33 apportioning commission within the state budget 34 document in the fiscal year previous to the fiscal 35 year during which the apportioning commission is 36 required to convene and shall appropriate sufficient funds for the commission to satisfactorily perform its 37 38 duties and responsibilities. The budget shall include 39 sufficient funds to compensate the chairman 40 chairperson of the commission and his the 41 chairperson's staff. The remainder of the 42 appropriation shall be made available equally among 43 the political parties represented on the commission to provide travel expenses, incidental expenses and 44 45 compensation for commission members and for partisan

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staff and operations.

2 Constitution, Art. IV, Part Third, §2 is amended 3 to read:

4 Bills to be signed by the Governor; Section 2. 5 proceedings, in case the Governor disapproves; 6 allowing the Governor 10 days to act on legislation. Every bill or resolution, having the force of law, to 7 8 which the concurrence of both Houses may be necessary, 9 except on a question of adjournment, which shall have 10 passed both Houses, shall be presented to the 11 Governor, and if he the Governor approves, he 12 the Governor shall sign it; if not, he the Governor 13 shall return it with his objections to the House, in which it shall have originated, which shall enter 14 15 the objections at large on its journals, and proceed 16 to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration, 2/3 of that House shall agree to pass it, it shall be sent 17 18 together with the objections, to the other House, by 19 which it shall be reconsidered, and, if approved by 2/3 of that House, it shall have the same effect, 20 as if it had been signed by the Governor; but in all such cases, the votes of both Houses shall be taken by yeas 21 22 23 and nays, and the names of the persons, voting for and 24 against the bill or resolution, shall be entered on the journals of both Houses respectively. If the bill 25 or resolution shall not be returned by the Governor within 10 days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have 26 27 been presented to him the Governor, it shall have 28 the same force and effect as if he the Governor had 29 30 signed it unless the Legislature by their adjournment 31 prevent its return, in which case it shall have such 32 force and effect, unless returned within 3 days after 33 the next meeting of the same Legislature which enacted 34 the bill or resolution; if there is no such next 35 meeting of the Legislature which enacted the bill or 36 resolution, the bill or resolution shall not be a law.

37 Constitution, Art. IV, Part Third, §§10 and 11 38 are amended to read:

| 39 | | ion : | | | | | | | appointed | |
|----|----------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|-------|------|------------|------|
| 40 | certain | offic | es. | No Ser | nator | or | Repr | esen | tative sha | ill, |
| 41 | during | the | term | for | whic | h | he | the | Senator | or |
| 42 | Represen | tative | e shal | l have | been | ele | ected | , be | appointed | |

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to any civil office of profit under this State, which requires the approval of the Legislature for appointment or which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which increased during such term, except such offices as may be filled by elections by the people.

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7 <u>Section 11. Persons disqualified to be members.</u> 8 No member of Congress, nor person holding any office 9 under the United States (post officers excepted) nor 10 office of profit under this State, justices of the 11 peace, notaries public, coroners and officers of the 12 militia excepted, shall have a seat in either House 13 during his being such while a member of Congress, 14 or his continuing in such office.

15 Constitution, Art. IV, Part Third, \$17, sub-\$3 16 is amended to read:

3. Referral to electors; proclamation by Governor. As soon as it appears that the effect of any Act, bill, resolve, or resolution or part or parts 17 18 19 20 thereof has been suspended by petition in manner aforesaid, the Governor by public proclamation shall give notice thereof and of the time when such measure 21 22 23 is to be voted on by the people, which shall be at the 24 next statewide election not less than 60 days after 25 such proclamation, or in case of no statewide election 26 within 6 months thereafter the Governor may order such 27 measure submitted to the people at a special election 28 not less than 60 days nor more than 6 months after his proclamation thereof. If the Governor fails to 29 30 order such measure to be submitted to the people at the next statewide election, the Secretary of State 31 32 shall, by proclamation, order such measure to be submitted to the people at such an election and such 33 order shall be sufficient to enable the people to vote. 34

35 Constitution, Art. IV, Part Third, §§19 and 20 36 are amended to read:

37 Section 19. Effective date of measures approved 38 by people; veto power limited. Any measure referred 39 to the people and approved by a majority of the votes 40 given thereon shall, unless a later date is specified 41 in said measure, take effect and become a law in 30

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days after the Governor has made public proclamation 1 2 of the result of the vote on said measure, which he 3 the Governor shall do within 10 days after the vote 4 thereon has been canvassed and determined; provided, 5 any measure which entails however, that such expenditure in an amount in excess of available and 6 7 unappropriated state funds shall remain inoperative 8 until 45 days after the next convening of the Legislature in regular session, unless the measure 9 10 provides for raising new revenues adequate for its The veto power of the Governor shall not 11 operation. extend to any measure approved by vote of the people, 12 13 and any measure initiated by the people and passed by the Legislature without change, if vetoed by 14 the 15 Governor and if his the veto is sustained by the Legislature shall be referred to the people to be 16 17 voted on at the next general election. The Legislature may enact measures expressly conditioned 18 upon the people's ratification by a referendum vote. 19

Section 20. Meaning of words "electors," "people," 20 "recess of Legislature," "statewide election," "measure," "circulator," and "written petition;" 21 22 23 written petitions for people's veto; written petitions 24 for direct initiative. As used in any of the 3 25 in this section preceding sections or the words "electors" and "people" mean the electors of the State 26 qualified to vote for Governor; "recess of 27 the 28 Legislature" means the adjournment without day of a 29 session of the Legislature; "statewide election" means 30 any election held throughout the State on a particular 31 day; "measure" means an Act, bill, resolve or 32 resolution proposed by the people, or 2 or more such, or part or parts of such, as the case may be; "circulator" means a person who solicits signatures 33 or 34 35 for written petitions, and who must be a resident of 36 this State and whose name must appear on the voting 37 of his the city, town or plantation of the list 38 circulator's residence as qualified to vote for Governor; "written petition" 39 means one or more petitions written or printed, or partly written and 40 41 partly printed, with the original signatures of the 42 petitioners attached, verified as to the authenticity 43 of the signatures by the oath of the circulator that 44 all of the signatures to the petition were made in his the presence of the circulator and that to the 45

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circulator's knowledge 1 best of his the and belief 2 each signature is the signature of the person whose 3 it purports to be, and accompanied by the name 4 certificate of the official authorized by law to 5 voting list of the city, town maintain the or 6 plantation in which the petitioners reside that their 7 names appear on the voting list of his the city, 8 town or plantation of the official as qualified to 9 The oath of the circulator must be vote for Governor. 10 sworn to in the presence of a person authorized by law 11 to administer oaths. Written petitions for a people's 12 veto pursuant to Article IV, Part Third, Section 17 13 must be submitted to the appropriate officials of 14 cities, determination of towns or plantations for 15 the petitioners are qualified voters by the whether hour of 5:00 p.m., on the 5th day before the petition must be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, 16 17 18 or, if such 5th day is a Saturday, a Sunday or a legal 19 holiday, by 5:00 p.m., on the next day which is not a 20 Saturday, a Sunday or a legal holiday. Written 21 petitions for a direct initiative pursuant to Article 22 IV, Part Third, Section 18 must be submitted to the 23 appropriate officials of cities, towns or plantations for determination of whether 24 the petitioners are qualified voters by the hour of 5:00 p.m., on the 3rd 25 26 day before the petition must be filed in the office of 27 the Secretary of State, or, if such 3rd day is a legal 28 holiday, by 5:00 p.m., on the next day which is not a 29 legal holiday. Such officials must complete the 30 certification of such petitions and must return them 31 the circulators or their agents within 2 days, to 32 Saturdays, Sunday and legal holidays excepted, of the 33 date on which such petitions were submitted to them. The petition shall set forth the full text of 34 the 35 measure requested or proposed. Petition forms shall 36 be furnished or approved by the Secretary of State 37 upon written application signed in the office of the 38 Secretary of State by a resident of this State whose 39 list of his name must appear on the voting the 40city, town or plantation of that resident as qualified 41 vote for Governor. The full text of a measure to submitted to a vote of the people under the provisions 42 Constitution need not be printed on 43 of the the 44 official ballots, but, until otherwise provided by the Legislature, the Secretary of State shall prepare the 45 46 ballots in such form as to present the question or

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1 questions concisely and intelligibly.

2 Constitution, Art. V, Part First, §§2, 4, 6, 7, 3 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 are amended to read:

4 Section 2. Term of office; reelection eligibility. The Governor shall be elected by the 5 qualified electors, and shall hold his the office 6 7 for 4 years from the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday of January next following the election and until his the successor to the Governor has been duly elected and qualified. The person who has served 8 9 10 11 2 consecutive popular elective 4-year terms of office 12 as Governor shall be ineligible to succeed himself 13 himself or herself.

14 Section 4. Qualifications. The Governor shall, at the commencement of his the Governor's term, be 15 not less than 30 years of age; a citizen of the United 16 17 States for at least 15 years, have been 5 years a resident of the State; and at the time of 18 his election and 19 during the term for which he is. 20 elected, be a resident of said State.

Section 6. Compensation. The Governor shall, 21 at 22 times, receive for his stated services а 23 · compensation, which shall not be increàsed or 24 diminished during his the Governor's continuance in 25 office.

26 <u>Section 7.</u> <u>Commander in chief.</u> He <u>The</u> 27 <u>Governor shall be commander in chief of the army and</u> 28 navy of the State, and of the militia, except when the 29 same are called into the actual service of the United 30 States.

Section 8. 31 To appoint officers; procedure for confirmation; affirmative votes of 2/3 of members 32 required; Governor or President of Senate may call Senate into session; nomination by Governor made 7 days prior to appointment of nominee. He The 33 34 35 Governor shall nominate, and, subject to confirmation 36 as provided herein, appoint all judicial officers, except judges of probate and justices of the peace if 37 38 their manner of selection is otherwise provided for by 39

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this Constitution or by law, and all other civil and military officers whose appointment is not by this Constitution, or shall not by law be otherwise provided for.

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procedure for confirmation shall be The as appropriate legislative follows: an committee comprised of members of both houses in reasonable proportion to their membership as provided by law shall recommend confirmation or denial by majority vote of committee members present and voting. The committee recommendation shall be reviewed by the Senate and upon review shall become final action of confirmation or denial unless the Senate by vote of 2/3 of those members present and voting overrides the committee recommendation. The Senate vote shall be by the yeas and nays.

17 All statutes enacted to carry out the purposes of 18 the second paragraph of this section shall require the 19 affirmative vote of 2/3 of the members of each House 20 present and voting.

21 Either the Governor or the President of the Senate 22 shall have the power to call the Senate into session 23 for the purpose of voting upon confirmation of 24 appointments.

25 Every nomination by the Governor shall be made 7 26 days at least prior to appointment of the nominee.

27 <u>Section 9. To give information and recommend</u> 28 <u>measures.</u> He <u>The Governor</u> shall from time to time 29 give the Legislature information of the condition of 30 the State, and recommend to their consideration such 31 measures, as he the Governor may judge expedient.

32 <u>Section 10. May require information of any</u> 33 <u>officer.</u> He <u>The Governor</u> may require information 34 from any military officer, or any officer in the 35 executive department, upon any subject relating to the 36 duties of their respective offices.

37 Section 11. Power to pardon and remit penalties, 38 etc.; conditions. He The Governor shall have power 39 to remit after conviction all forfeitures and

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penalties, and to grant reprieves, commutations 1 and 2 pardons, except in cases of impeachment, upon such conditions, and with such restrictions and limitations 3 as may be deemed proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law, relative to the manner of 4 5 applying for pardons. Such power to grant reprieves, 6 7 commutations and pardons shall include offenses of 8 juvenile delinguency.

9 <u>Section 12. Shall enforce the laws.</u> He The 10 <u>Governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully</u> 11 executed.

Legislature 12 Section 13. Convene the on extraordinary occasions, and adjourn it in case 13 oĒ disagreement; may change the place of meeting. 14 He The Governor may, on extraordinary occasions, convene 15 the Legislature; and in case of disagreement between 16 the 2 Houses with respect to the time of adjournment, 17 18 adjourn them to such time, as he the Governor shall 19 think proper, not beyond the day of the next regular session; and if, since the last adjournment, the place 20 where the Legislature were next to convene shall have 21 22 become dangerous from an enemy or contagious sickness, 23 may direct the session to be held at some other convenient place within the State. 24

25 Section 14. Vacancy, how supplied, mental or physical disability of the Governor continuously for more than 6 months. Whenever the office of Governor 26 more than 6 months. Whenever the office of Governor shall become vacant because of the death, resignation 27 28 29 or removal of a Governor in office, or any other 30 cause, the President of the Senate shall assume the office of Governor until another Governor shall be 31 32 duly qualified. When the vacancy occurs more than 90 days preceding the date of the primary election for nominating candidates to be voted for at the biennial 33 34 35 election next succeeding, the President of the Senate 36 shall assume the office of Governor until the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday of January following the biennial election. At the biennial election, a 37 38 39 Governor shall be elected to fill the unexpired term created by the vacancy. When the vacancy occurs less 40 than 90 days preceding the date of a primary election 41 42 the President of the Senate shall fill the unexpired 43 term.

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Whenever the offices of Governor and President of the Senate are vacant at the same time, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall assume the office of Governor for the same term and under the same conditions as the President of the Senate.

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Whenever the offices of Governor, President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives are same time, the person vacant at the acting as Secretary of State for the time being shall exercise office of Governor the and shall forthwith by proclamation convene the Senate and of the House Representatives which shall fill respectively the vacancies in the office of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, and by joint ballot of the Senators and Representatives in convention choose a person who shall assume the office of Governor for the same term and under the same conditions as the President of the Senate.

19 Whenever for 6 months a Governor in office shall 20 have been continuously unable to discharge the powers and duties of his that office because of mental or 21 22 physical disability such office shall be deemed 23 vacant. Such vacancy shall be declared by the Supreme 24 Judicial Court upon presentment to it of a joint 25 resolution declaring the ground of the vacancy, 26 adopted by a vote of 2/3 of the Senators and 27 Representatives in convention, and upon notice, hearing before the court and a decision by a majority 28 29 of the court that ground exists for declaring the 30 office to be vacant.

31 Section 15. Temporary mental or physical 32 disability of Governor. Whenever the Governor is 33 unable to discharge the powers and duties of his that office because of mental or physical disability, 34 35 the President of the Senate, or if that office is 36 vacant, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall exercise the powers and duties of the office of Governor until the Governor is again able to discharge 37 38 39 the powers and duties of his that office, or until 40 the office of Governor is declared to be vacant or 41 until another Governor shall be duly qualified.

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Whenever the Governor is unable to discharge the ers and duties of his that office, he the 1 2 powers 3 Governor may so certify to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, in which case and upon notice from the Chief Justice, the President of the Senate, 4 5 6 or if that office is vacant, the Speaker of the House 7 Representatives, shall exercise the powers of and duties of the office of Governor until such time as the Governor shall certify to the Chief Justice that 8 9 10 he the Governor is able to discharge such powers and 11 duties and the Chief Justice shall so notify the officer who is exercising the powers and duties of the 12 13 office of Governor.

14 When the Secretary of State shall have reason to believe that the Governor is unable to discharge the 15 that office, he the Secretary of 16 duties of his State may so certify to the Supreme Judicial Court, 17 his the reason for such belief. 18 declaring After 19 notice to the Governor, a hearing before the court and 20 decision by a majority of the court that а the 21 Governor is unable to discharge the duties of his 22 the office of Governor, the court shall notify the President of the Senate, or if that office is vacant 23 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, of such 24 25 inability and he that officer shall exercise the functions, powers and duties of the office of Governor 26 such time as the Secretary of State or 27 until the Governor shall certify to the court that the Governor is able to discharge the duties of his the office 28 29 30 and the court, after of Governor notice to the 31 Governor and a hearing before the court, decides that the Governor is able to discharge the duties of $h \pm s$ that office and so notifies the officer who is 32 33 34 exercising the powers and duties of the office of 35 Governor.

36 either the President of Whenever the Senate or Speaker of the House of Representatives shall exercise 37 38 the office of Governor, he the officer shall receive only the compensation of Governor, but his the officer's duties as President or Speaker shall be 39 40 suspended; and the Senate or House shall fill the 41 42 vacancy resulting from such suspension, until he 43 the officer shall cease to exercise the office of 44 Governor.

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Constitution, Art. V, Part Second, §§2, 3 and 4 are amended to read:

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Section 2. Records of State; deputies. The records of the State shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies to that office, for whose conduct he the secretary shall be accountable.

Section з. Attend the Governor, Senate, and House. He The Secretary of State shall attend the 9 10 Governor, Senate and House of Representatives, in person or by his the deputies of the Secretary of 11 12 State as they shall respectively require.

Section 4. Records of executive and legislative rtments. He The Secretary of State shall 13 14 departments. 15 carefully keep and preserve the records of all the official acts and proceedings of the Governor, Senate and House of Representatives, and, when required, lay the same before either branch of the Legislature, and 16 17 18 19 perform such other duties as are enjoined by this 20 Constitution, or shall be required by law.

21 Constitution, Art. V, Part Third, §§2 and 3 are 22 amended to read:

23 Section 2. Bond. The Treasurer shall, before entering on the duties of his that office, give 24 bond to the State with sureties, to the satisfaction of the Legislature, for the faithful discharge of 25 26 27 his that trust.

28 Section 3. Not to engage in trade. The Treasurer 29 shall not, during his the treasurer's continuance 30 in office, engage in any business of trade or 31 commerce, or as a broker, nor as an agent or factor 32 for any merchant or trader.

33 Constitution, Art. VI, §4 is amended to read:

Section 4. Tenure of judicial officers; 6-month 34 35 holdover period. All judicial officers appointed by 36 the Governor shall hold their offices for the term of

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7 years from the time of their respective appointments 1 2 (unless sooner removed by impeachment or by address of 3 both branches of the Legislature to the executive, provided further that justices of the peace may be removed from office in such manner as the Legislature 4 5 may provide); provided, however, that a judicial officer whose term of office has expired or who has reached mandatory retirement age, as provided by 6 7 8 9 continue to hold office until the statute, may 10 expiration of an additional period not to exceed 6 11 months or until his the successor to the judicial officer is appointed, whichever occurs first in time. 12

13 Constitution, Art. IX, §§1, 3 and 5 are amended 14 to read:

15 Section 1. Oaths and subscriptions; alternative affirmation; oaths of Governor; oaths of Senators and 16 17 Representatives; oaths of other officers; before whom taken. Every person elected or appointed to either of 18 19 the places or offices provided in this Constitution, and every person elected, appointed, or commissioned 20 21 to any judicial, executive, military or other office 22 under this State, shall, before he enter entering on the discharge of the duties of his that place or 23 24 office, take and subscribe the following oath or "Ι, affirmation: "I, _____ do swear, that I will support the Constitution of the United States and of 25 26 27 this State, so long as I shall continue a citizen 28 thereof. So help me God."

"I_____ do swear, that I will faithfully discharge, to the best of my abilities, the duties 29 30 31 incumbent on me as ______ according to the Constitution and laws of the State. So help me God." 32 Provided, that an affirmation in the above forms may 33 34 shall be substituted, when the person be 35 conscientiously scrupulous of taking and subscribing 36 an oath.

37 The oaths or affirmations shall be taken and 38 subscribed by the Governor before the presiding 39 officer of the Senate, in the presence of both Houses 40 the Legislature, and by the Senators of and 41 Representatives before the Governor, and by the 42 residue of said officers before such persons as shall

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be prescribed by the Legislature; and whenever the Governor shall not be able to attend during the session of the Legislature to take and subscribe said oaths or affirmations, such oaths or affirmations may be taken and subscribed in the recess of the Legislature before any Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court and provided further that, if the Governor shall be unable to appear and administer the oath to the Senators and Representatives, such oaths shall be administered by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court or in his the absence of the Chief Justice, by the senior Associate Justice of said Supreme Judicial Court present at the State Capitol on the first day of the term for which said Senators and Representatives shall have been elected.

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16 Section 3. Commissions. All commissions shall be 17 in the name of the State, signed by the Governor, 18 attested by the Secretary or his a deputy of the 19 Secretary and have the seal of the State thereto 20 affixed.

Section 5. Removal by impeachment or address. Every person holding any civil office under this State, may be removed by impeachment, for misdemeanor in office; and every person holding any office, may be removed by the Governor on the address of both branches of the Legislature. But before such address shall pass either House, the causes of removal shall be stated and entered on the journal of the House in which it originated, and a copy thereof served on the person in office, that he the person may be admitted to a hearing in his that person's own defense.

33 Constitution, Art. IX, §10, as amended by CR 34 1985, c. 1, is further amended to read:

35 <u>Section 10.</u> Tenure of sheriffs; extend the Term 36 <u>of Office to 4 years; removal of sheriff from office</u> 37 <u>and replacement.</u> Sheriffs shall be elected by the 38 people of their respective counties, by a plurality of 39 the votes given in on the Tuesday following the first 40 Monday of November, and shall hold their offices for 4 41 years from the first day of January next after their 42 election, unless sooner removed as hereinafter

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1 provided.

2 Whenever the Governor upon complaint, due notice hearing shall find that is 3 and a sheriff not faithfully or efficiently performing any duty imposed 4 5 upon him the sheriff by law, the Governor may remove such sheriff from office and appoint another 6 sheriff in his place to serve for the remainder of 7 8 the term for which such removed sheriff was elected. 9 All vacancies in the office of sheriff, other than 10 those caused by removal in the manner aforesaid, shall 11 be filled in the same manner as is provided in the 12 case of judges and registers of probate.

13 Constitutional referendum procedure; form of Resolved: 14 question; effective date. That the city 15 aldermen, town selectmen and plantation assessors of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide 16 17 18 19 election, at a statewide election, on the Tuesday 20 following the first Monday of November following the resolution, 21 of this passage to vote upon the 22 the amendment proposed this ratification of in 23 resolution by voting upon the following question:

24 "Shall the Constitution of Maine be amended to 25 remove gender-biased language in order to clarify that 26 the Constitution applies to all individuals?"

27 The legal voters of each city, town and plantation 28 shall vote by ballot on this question, and shall designate their choice by a cross or check mark placed 29 within the corresponding square below the word "Yes" 30 31 The ballots shall be received, or "No." sorted, counted and declared in open ward, town and plantation 32 33 meetings and returns made to the Secretary of State in 34 same manner as votes for the members of the 35 The Governor shall review the returns Legislature. and, if it appears that a majority of the legal voters 36 37 are in favor of the amendment, the Governor shall 38 proclaim that fact without delay and the amendment 39 shall become part of the Constitution on the date of 40 the proclamation.

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Secretary of State shall prepare ballots. Resolved: That the Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this resolution necessary to carry out the purposes of this referendum.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This constitutional resolution corrects inadvertent error and an inconsistency an in Constitutional Resolution 1987, chapter 3, proposing to make the language of the Constitution of Maine gender-neutral. In the constitutional resolution to be voted upon by the voters in November, a phrase had been inadvertently stricken from Article IV, Part Third, section 11 when the intent was to strike out only the word "his." As a result, certain state officials could hold elected state offices and remain in their capacity as state officials. This constitutional resolution deletes this inadvertent and substantive change in the Constitution of Maine that was not intended. This constitutional resolution also replaces the word "may" with "shall" in Article 1, section 6-A which is the original language of the Constitution of Maine and which is used in similar declaratory statements throughout the Constitution of Maine.

To accomplish these 2 technical corrections, this constitutional resolution repeals Constitutional Resolution 1987, chapter 3, and then inserts the text of Constitutional Resolution 1987, chapter 3, with the 2 corrections, in their proper places.

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