

L.D. 2684

(Filing No. H-814)

STATE OF MAINE 3 4 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 5 113TH LEGISLATURE 6 THIRD SPECIAL SESSION COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " \mathcal{H} " to H.P. 1981, L.D. 2684, 7 Bill, "AN ACT to Enhance Land Use Regulation." 8 9 Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in its place the 10 11 following: 12 'Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §682, sub-§2, as repealed and 13 replaced by PL 1987, c. 810, §1, is amended to read: 14 2. Subdivision. A subdivision is "Subdivision" means a division of an existing parcel of land into 3 15 or more parcels or lots within any 5-year period, whether this division is accomplished by platting of the land for immediate or future sale, or by sale of the land by metes and bounds or by leasing. 16 17 18 19 20 The term "subdivision" shall also include the division of a new structure or structures on a tract or parcel 21 of land into 3 or more dwelling units within a 5-year 22 23 period and the division of an existing structure or structures previously used for commercial or industrial use into 3 or more dwelling units within a 24 25 5-year period. The area included in the expansion of 26 27 an existing structure is deemed to be a new structure for the purposes of this paragraph. 28

29 The creation of a lot or parcel more than 500 acres in 30 size shall not be counted as a lot for the purpose of

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· · ·

1 this subsection.

The creation of a lot or parcel of at least 40 but not more than 500 acres in size shall not be counted as a lot for the purpose of this subsection except when the lot or the parcel from which it was divided is located wholly or partly within the shoreland area as defined in Title 38, section 435 and except as provided in paragraph A.

- 9 When 3 or more lots containing at least 40 but Α. 10 not more than 500 acres are created within a 11 5-year period from a parcel which is located wholly outside the shoreland area as defined in Title 38, section 435, a plan showing the division 12 13 of the original parcel must be filed by the person creating the 3rd lot with the registry of deeds, the commission and the State Tax Assessor within 14 15 16 60~days of the creation of that lot. Any subsequent division of a lot created from the 17 18 original parcel within 10 years of the filing of 19 20 the plan in the registry of deeds shall be considered a subdivision. Failure to file the 21 22 plan required by this paragraph is a violation of 23 this chapter subject to the penalties provided in section 685-C, subsection 8. 24
- 25 Β. The commission shall submit a report by March 26 15th, annually, to the joint standing committee of 27 the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy The report shall indicate 28 and natural resources. the number and location of lots for which a plan 29 30 was filed under paragraph A and the number and 31 location of subsequent divisions requiring review 32 by the commission.

33 Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §682, sub-§§11 and 12 are 34 enacted to read:

35		Dwelling					
36		a structur					
37		for human					
38		tifamily		condomir	niums,	time-s	nare
39	units, an	id apartmen	ts.				

40 12. Real estate. "Real estate" means land and

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " H" to H.P. 1981, L.D. 2684 structures attached to it. 1 2 Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §685-B, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1973, c. 569, §11, is further amended to read: 3 No person shall may commence development of 4 в. 5 or construction on any lot or _ parcel or dwelling unit within any subdivision or sell or 6 7 offer for sale any interest in any lot or parcel or dwelling unit within any subdivision 8 without a permit issued by the commission. 9 10 12 MRSA §685-B, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended Sec. 4. by PL 1973, c. 569, §11, is further amended to read: 11 12 Α. A plan of the proposed structure, subdivision 13 or development showing the intended use of the **tand** <u>real estate</u>, the proposed change, the details of the project and such other information 14 15 as may be required by the commission to determine conformance with applicable land use standards; and 16 17 18 as amended by Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §685-B, sub-§6, 19 PL 1973 c. 569, §11, is further amended to read: 6. Recording of approved proposals. A copy of each application, marked approved or disapproved, 20 21 shall be retained in the commission files and shall be 22 23 available to the public during normal business hours. 24 In the event the commission approves an application for subdivision approval, a copy of an approved plat 25 or plan and a copy of the conditions required by the commission to be set forth in any instrument conveying 26 27 28 an interest within the subdivision attested to by an 29 authorized commission signature shall be filed with 30 the appropriate registry of deeds in the county in 31 which the land real estate lies. registrar of deeds shall not record a copy 32 of А 33 conditions or any plat or plan purporting to subdivide land real estate located within 34 the unorganized and deorganized lands of the State, unless the commission's approval is evidenced thereon. 35 36 37 The grantee of any conveyance of unrecorded subdivided

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1 Hand real estate or subdivided Hand real estate 2 recorded in violation of this section may recover the 3 purchase price, at interest, together with damages and 4 costs in addition to any other remedy provided by law.

5 Sec. 6. 30 MRSA §4956, sub-§1, as amended by PL 6 1987, c. 810, §2, is further amended to read:

7 Defined. A subdivision is the division of a 1. tract or parcel of land into 3 or more lots within any 5-year period, which period begins after September 22, 8 9 1971, whether accomplished by 10 sale, lease, development, buildings or otherwise, provided that a division accomplished by devise, condemnation, order 11 12 13 of court, gift to a person related to the donor by 14 marriage or adoption or a gift to blood, a municipality, unless the intent of that gift is to 15 16 avoid the objectives of this section, or by transfer of any interest in land to the owner of land abutting 17 thereon, shall not be considered to create a lot or 18lots for the purposes of this section. 19

20 The term "subdivision" shall also include the division of a new structure or structures on a tract or parcel 21 22 of land into 3 or more dwelling units within a 5-year period and the division of an existing structure or 23 24 structures previously used for commercial or industrial use into 3 or more dwelling units within a 25 5-year period. The area included in the expansion of an existing structure is deemed to be a new structure 26 27 for the purposes of this paragraph. 28

Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a municipality from enacting an ordinance under its home rule authority which expands the definition of subdivision to include the division of a structure for commercial or industrial use or which otherwise regulates land use activities.

In determining whether a tract or parcel of land is divided into 3 or more lots, the first dividing of such tract or parcel, unless otherwise exempted herein, shall be considered to create the first 2 lots and the next dividing of either of the first 2 lots, by whomever accomplished, unless otherwise exempted herein, shall be considered to create a 3rd lot, unless both those dividings are accomplished by a

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1 subdivider who shall have retained one of the lots for 2 his own use as a single family single-family 3 residence or for open space land as defined in Title 4 36, section 1102 for a period of at least 5 years 5 prior to that 2nd dividing.

6 A lot of at least 40 acres shall not be counted as a 7 lot, except:

8 A. Where the lot or parcel from which it was 9 divided is located wholly or partly within any 10 shoreland area as defined in Title 38, section 11 435; or

B. When a municipality has, by ordinance, or the municipal reviewing authority has, by regulation, elected to count lots of 40 acres or more in size as lots for the purposes of this subsection where the parcel of land being divided is located wholly outside any shoreland area as defined in Title 38, section 435.

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20	stru	icture,	the	provi	sions	regard	ling	the	detern	linat	ion
21	of	the	number	of	lots	sha	11	appl	y, in	clud.	ing
22	exer	nptions	from	the	defin	ition	of	a s	ubdivis	sion	of
23	land	1.									

For the purposes of this section, a tract or parcel of land is defined as all contiguous land in the same ownership, provided that lands located on opposite sides of a public or private road shall be considered each a separate tract or parcel of land unless such road was established by the owner of land on both sides thereof.

A "densely developed area" is defined as any commercial, industrial or compact residential area of 10 or more acres with an existing density of at least one principal structure per 2 acres. A principal structure is defined as any building other than one which is used for purposes wholly incidental or accessory to the use of another building on the same premises.

39	A "dwelling	unit" n	neans any	part	of a	structure	which,
40	through sa		lease,				
41	habitation,	includi	ng single-	-family	/ and	multifami	ly

1	housing, condominiums, time-share units, and
2	apartments. Notwithstanding the provisions of this
3	paragraph, leased dwelling units are not subject to
4	subdivision review if the units are otherwise subject
5	to municipal review at least as stringent as that
6	required under this section.
7	Sec. 7. 30 MRSA §4956, sub§3, ¶N, as enacted by
8	PL 1985, c. 794, Pt. A, §2, is amended to read:
9	N. The subdivider will determine, based on the
10	Federal Emergency Management Agency's Flood
11	Boundary and Floodway Maps and Flood Insurance
12	Rate Maps, whether the subdivision is in a
13	flood-prone area. If the subdivision, or any part
14	of it, is in such an area the subdivider will
15	determine the 100-year flood elevation and flood
16	hazard boundaries within the subdivision. The
17	proposed subdivision plan shall include a
18	condition of plat approval requiring that
19	principal structures on lots in the subdivision
20	shall be constructed with their lowest floor,
21	including the basement, at least one foot above
22	the 100-year flood elevation.
23	Sec. 8. 30 MRSA §4956, sub-§4, as amended by PL
24	1985, c. 206, §2, is further amended to read:
25	4. Enforcement. No person, firm, corporation or
26	other legal entity may sell, lease, develop, build
27	upon or convey for consideration, offer or agree to
28	sell, lease, develop, build upon or convey for
29	consideration any land or dwelling unit in a
30	subdivision which has not been approved by the
31	municipal reviewing authority of the municipality
32	where the subdivision is located and recorded in the
33	proper registry of deeds, nor shall such person, firm,
34	corporation or other legal entity sell or convey any
35	land in such an approved subdivision unless at
36	least one permanent marker is set at one lot corner of
37	the lot sold or conveyed. The term "permanent marker"
38	includes but is not limited to the following: A
39	granite monument, a concrete monument, an iron pin or
40	a drill hole in ledge. No subdivision plat or plan
41	shall be recorded by any register of deeds which has
42	not been approved as required. Approval for the

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purpose of recording shall appear in writing on the 1 plat or plan. No public utility, water district, sanitary district or any utility company of any kind may install services to any lot or dwelling unit in a subdivision, unless written authorization attesting to 2 3 4 5 the validity and currency of all local permits required under this chapter has been issued by the 6 7 officials. 8 municipal Following appropriate installation of service, the company or district shall 9 forward the written authorization to the municipal 10 officials indicating that 11 installation has been 12 completed.

Any person, firm, corporation or other legal entity who sells, leases, develops, builds upon, or conveys 13 14 15 for consideration, offers or agrees to sell, lease, 16 develop, build upon or convey for consideration any 17 land or dwelling unit in a subdivision which has not 18 been approved as required by this section shall be 19 penalized in accordance with section 4966. The Attorney General, the municipality or the planning board of any municipality may institute proceedings to 20 21 enjoin the violations of this section. 22

All subdivision plats and plans required by this section shall contain the name and address of the person under whose responsibility the subdivision plat or plan was prepared.

27 Sec. 9. Savings clause. All otherwise valid 28 subdivision permits or approvals for developments 29 which would require review under this Act and which 30 were granted prior to the effective date of this Act 31 and any conditions or requirements of those permits or 32 approvals remain valid and enforceable.

33 Emergency clause. In view of the emergency 34 cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when 35 approved.'

STATEMENT OF FACT

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This amendment is intended to restore Maine's subdivision law to the construction generally given to it before the <u>Town of York v. Cragin decision</u>. It

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rewrites the subdivision law to clarify condominiums and multi-unit rental structures 1 clarify that 2 are 3 subject to review under the same criteria applicable 4 to conventional land subdivisions. Condominiums and multi-unit rental structures have become an increasingly frequent method of development in the 5 6 State. Since the impact upon the environment and town 7 services of a 50-unit condominium is virtually indistinguishable from the impact of a 50-unit land subdivision, logic dictates that if review of one 8 9 10 project is necessary to prevent harmful consequences, 11 12 the other project must be reviewed as well.

13 Recognizing that some municipalities have 14 regulated these forms of development through other 15 means, most notably site review ordinances, this 16 legislation excludes rental units from subdivision 17 review when the municipality has adopted other 18 adequate land use review requirements.

19 amendment This also provides an express 20 legislative acknowledgement of municipal home rule 21 authority to include within the municipality's 22 subdivision review ordinance the division of a 23 structure for uses other than those specified in the statute. It does not require municipalities to review 24 these other forms of division but simply acknowledges their home rule authority to require such reviews if 25 26 27 the municipality chooses to.

This express acknowledgement of municipal home rule authority is made to overrule the suggestion in the Law Court's decision in <u>Town of Arundel v. Swain</u>, 28 29 30 374 A.2d 317 (Me. 1977), that a town's authority to 31 conduct subdivision reviews is limited by the 32 statutory definition of subdivision. This amendment follows the approach exemplified in PL 1987, c. 533, 33 34 to clarify municipal home rule authority in this area. The subdivision statute is not an "enabling statute" as suggested by the Court in the <u>Town of</u> <u>Arundel</u> opinion, but is a mandate imposed upon municipalities to conduct a review of certain 35 36 37 38 39 40 developments. As a statutory mandate, it describes 41 those developments for which municipal review is 42 required but does not restrict the type of 43 developments which municipalities are permitted to

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1 review. Interpreted under the standard of review found in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30, section 2 2151-A, the statute does not restrict a municipality's home rule authority to require the review of other 3 4 developments by including them within the definition 5 6 of "subdivision," except where the municipal definition would frustrate the purpose of the state 7 8 statute.

The use of the term "unit" in the definition of 9 "dwelling unit" does not necessarily require 10 the delineation of precise boundaries. It is expected 11 that the Law Court will continue to construe the law as it did in <u>Planning Board of the Town of Naples v.</u> <u>Michaud</u>, 444 A.2d 40 (Me. 1982), to apply to any 12 13 14 reasonable identifiable area of the real estate for 15 16 which a possessory interest is created.

17 The amendment also makes parallel changes to the 18 subdivision laws administered by the Maine Land Use 19 Regulation Commission.

The amendment also provides a savings clause to ensure that subdivision permits issued to "non-land subdivisions" before the <u>Town of York v. Cragin</u> decision remain valid and enforceable. These 20 21 22 23 decision remain valid and enforceable. These provisions ensure that, to the extent possible, the 24 25 correct interpretation of the subdivision law will 26 apply to all subdivision developments in the State.

27 It is the intent of the Legislature that existing 28 exemptions for certain lots, such as transfers to 29 abutters and gifts to family members, also apply to dwelling units. 30

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