

1	L.D. 2549
2	(Filing No. S- 348)
3	STATE OF MAINE SENATE
5 6	113TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
7 8 9 10	SENATE AMENDMENT " A " to H.P. 1863, L.D. 2549, Bill, "AN ACT to Amend the Maine Business Corporation Act to Define the Liability of Directors and to Modernize Indemnification Provisions."
11 12	Amend the bill by striking out all of section 2 and inserting in its place the following:
13 14 15	'Sec. 2. 13-A MRSA §719, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 439, §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
16 17	§719. Indemnification of officers, directors, employees and agents; insurance
18 19 20 21 22 23	1. A corporation shall have power to indemnify or, if so provided in the bylaws, shall in all cases indemnify, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that that person
24 25 26	is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of
27 28 29	the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust,
30 31	pension or other employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys'

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1	fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement
2	actually and reasonably incurred by that person in
3	actually and reasonably incurred by that person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding;
4	provided that no indemnification may be provided for
5	provided that no indemnification may be provided to
	any person with respect to any matter as to which that
6	person shall have been finally adjudicated:
7	A Not to have acted herestly or in the
8	A. Not to have acted honestly or in the
	reasonable belief that that person's action was in
9	or not opposed to the best interests of the
10	corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of
11	a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the
12	benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the
13	best interests of that plan or trust, or its
14	participants or beneficiaries; or
15	B. With respect to any criminal action or proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to
16	proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to
17	believe that that person's conduct was unlawful.
18	The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by
19	judgment, order or conviction adverse to that person,
20	or by settlement or plea of nolo contendere or its
21	equivalent, shall not of itself create a presumption that that person did not act honestly or in the
2.2	
22	that that person did not act honestly or in the
22 23	that that person did not act honestly or in the reasonable belief that that person's action was in or
	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or
23	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person
23 24	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person
23 24 25	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or
23 24 25 26	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that
23 24 25 26 27	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries
23 24 25 26 27 28	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. 1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. 1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. 1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable to the corporation unless the court in which the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable to the corporation unless the court in which the action, suit or proceeding was brought shall determine
23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable to the corporation unless the court in which the action, suit or proceeding was brought shall determine that, in view of all the circumstances of the case,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39 40	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. 1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable to the corporation unless the court in which the action, suit or proceeding was brought shall determine that, in view of all the circumstances of the case, that person is fairly and reasonably entitled to
23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39	reasonable belief that that person's action was in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or not opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that that person's conduct was unlawful. <u>1-A. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection</u> 1, a corporation shall not have the power to indemnify any person with respect to any claim, issue or matter asserted by or in the right of the corporation as to which that person is finally adjudicated to be liable to the corporation unless the court in which the action, suit or proceeding was brought shall determine that, in view of all the circumstances of the case,

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1	2. Any provision of subsection 1, 1-A or 3 to the
2	contrary notwithstanding, to the extent that a
3	director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation
4	has been successful on the merits or otherwise in
5	defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to
6	in subsection 1 or 1-A, or in defense of any claim,
7	issue or matter therein, that director, officer,
8	employee or agent shall be indemnified against
9	expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and
10	reasonably incurred by that director, officer,
11	employee or agent in connection therewith. The right
12	to indemnification granted by this subsection may be
13	enforced by a separate action against the corporation,
14	if an order for indemnification is not entered by a
15	court in the action, suit or proceeding wherein that
16	director, officer, employee or agent was successful on
17	the merits or otherwise.

18 Any indemnification under subsection 1, unless 3. ordered by a court or required by the bylaws, shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that 19 20 a determination 21 indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances and in the best 22 23 24 interests of the corporation. That determination 25 shall be made by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not 26 parties to that action, suit or proceeding, or if such 27 a quorum is not obtainable, or even if obtainable, if a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by 28 29 independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or by 30 31 the shareholders. Such a determination once made may not be revoked and, upon the making of that 32 determination, the director, officer, employee or agent may enforce the indemnification against the corporation by a separate action notwithstanding any attempted or actual subsequent action by the board of 33 34 35 36 37 directors.

38	4. Expenses incurred in defending a civil,
39	criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit
40	or proceeding may be authorized and paid by the
41	corporation in advance of the final disposition of
42	that action, suit or proceeding upon a determination
43	made in accordance with the procedure established in

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	subsection 3 that, based solely on the facts then known to those making the determination and without further investigation, the person seeking indemnification satisfied the standard of conduct prescribed by subsection 1, or if so provided in the bylaws, these expenses shall in all cases be authorized and paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of that action, suit or proceeding upon receipt by the corporation of:
10	A. A written undertaking by or on behalf of the
11	officer, director, employee or agent to repay that
12	amount if that person is finally adjudicated:
13	(1) Not to have acted honestly or in the
14	reasonable belief that that person's action
15	was in or not opposed to the best interests
16	of the corporation or its shareholders or, in
17	the case of a person serving as a fiduciary
18 19	of an employee benefit plan or trust, in or
20	not opposed to the best interests of such
21	plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries;
22	(2) With respect to any criminal action or
23	proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to
24	believe that the person's conduct was
25	unlawful; or
26	(3) With respect to any claim, issue or
27	matter asserted in any action, suit or
28	proceeding brought by or in the right of the corporation, to be liable to the corporation,
29	corporation, to be liable to the corporation,
30	unless the court in which that action, suit or proceeding was brought permits
31 32	indemnification in accordance with subsection
32 33	2; and
22	
34	B. A written affirmation by the officer, director, employee or agent that the person has
35	director, employee or agent that the person has
36	met the standard of conduct necessary for
37	indemnification by the corporation as authorized
38	in this section.
39	The undertaking required by paragraph A shall be an
40	unlimited general obligation of the person seeking the

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1	advance,	but	need	not	be	secured	and	may	be	acce	pted
2	without	refer	ence	to	fin	ancial	abili	ty.	to	make	the
3	repaymen	t.									

5. The indemnification and entitlement to advances of expenses provided by this section shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in that person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person. A right to indemnification required by the bylaws may be enforced by a separate action against the corporation, if an order for indemnification has not been entered by a court in any action, suit or proceeding in respect to which indemnification is sought.

6. A corporation shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, pension or other employee benefit plan or other enterprise against any liability asserted against that person and incurred by that person in any such capacity, or arising out of that person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify that person against such liability under this section.

35	7. Fo	or purp	oses of	th	is sec	ction,	refere	nces	to
36	the "corpo	ration"	shall	inc	lude,	in ad	dition	to	the
37	surviving				new		oration		any
38	participati	.ng co	rporatio	n	in a	cons	solidat	ion	or
39	merger.'						<u>.</u>		

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STATEMENT (OF FACT	
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2 This amendment is presented on behalf of the 3 Committee on Bills in Second Reading to correct a 4 technical error.

5 5115031888 6 (Sen. USHER) 7 SPONSORED BY: 1.11 8 Cumbérland COUNTY:

Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (3/21/88) (Filing No. S-348)

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