# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

## Legislative Document

No. 2469

S.P. 936

Approved for Introduction by a Majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 26.

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator ANDREWS of Cumberland.
Cosponsored by Senator DUTREMBLE of York, Representative MCHENRY of Madawaska, Representative RUHLIN of Brewer.

## STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

1 2 3	AN ACT to Promote Greater Workplad Safety.	ce		
4 5	Be it enacted by the People of the State follows:	of	Maine	as
6 7	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4572, as amended by 559, Pt. B, §2, is further amended to read:	PL	1987,	C
8	\$4572. [Inlawful employment discrimination			

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1. Unlawful employment. It shall be unlawful employment discrimination, in violation of this Act, except where based on a bona fide occupational qualification:

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- 5 For any employer to fail or refuse to hire or 6 otherwise discriminate against any applicant for employment because of race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, ancestry or national 7 8 9 age, or because of the applicant's origin or previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 10 39, or because of previous actions taken by the applicant which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, or because of any such 11 12 13 14 reason to discharge an employee or discriminate with respect to hire, tenure, promotion, transfer, 15 16 compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of 17 matter employment, or any other directly indirectly related to employment, or in recruiting of individuals for employment or in hiring them, 18 19 20 any employment which utilize agency 21 employer knows, or has reasonable cause to know, discriminates against individuals because of their race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, 22 23 religion, age, ancestry or national origin, or their previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or because of previous actions which are 24 25 26 27 protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 28 V-B;
  - This paragraph does not apply (1)discrimination against any individual after hiring because of that individual's previous or subsequent assertion of a claim or right under Title 39. Such discrimination governed by Title 39, section 111;
  - B. For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly or refer for employment or otherwise discriminate against any individual because of race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin or the individual's previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or because of

previous actions taken by the individual which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, or to comply with an employer's request for the referral of job applicants, if such request indicates either directly or indirectly that such employer will not afford full and equal employment opportunities to individuals regardless of their race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin or previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or previous actions which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B;

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C. For any labor organization to exclude from apprenticeship or membership, or to deny full and equal membership rights, to any applicant for membership, because of race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, or the applicant's previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or because of previous actions taken by the applicant which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, or because of any such reason to deny a member full and equal membership rights, expel from membership, penalize or otherwise discriminate in any manner with respect tenure, promotion, transfer, hire, compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment, representation, grievances or any other matter directly or indirectly related membership employment, whether or or not authorized or required by the constitution such labor organization bylaws of or by collective labor agreement or other contract, or to fail or refuse to classify properly or refer employment, or otherwise to discriminate against any member because of race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, ancestry or national origin, or because of the member's previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or because of previous actions taken by the member which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, or to cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an individual in violation of this

section, except that it shall be lawful for labor organizations and employers to adopt a maximum age 3 limitation in apprenticeship programs, provided that the employer or labor organization obtains prior approval from the Maine Human Rights 4 5 6 Commission of any maximum age limitation employed 7 apprenticeship program. The commission shall approve the age limitation if a reasonable relationship exists between the maximum age 8 9 10 limitation employed and a legitimate expectation 11 of the employer in receiving a reasonable return upon his investment in an apprenticeship program. 12 13 employer or labor organization bears 14 burden of demonstrating that such a relationship 15 exists;

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- D. For any employer or employment agency or labor organization, prior to employment or admission to membership of any individual, to:
  - Elicit elicit or attempt to information directly or indirectly pertaining to race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, or any previous assertion of a claim right under Title 39, or any previous actions which are protected under Title 26, <u>chapter 7, subchapter V-B,</u> except where a physical or mental handicap is determined by employer, employment agency or organization to be job related; or where some privileged information is necessary for employment agency or labor organization make a suitable job referral;
  - (2) Make or keep a record of race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin or previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or any previous actions which are protected under Title 26, chapter subchapter V-B, except under physical mental handicap, when an employer requires a or mental examination physical prior employment, a privileged record of such an examination is permissible;

any Use form of application for employment, or personnel or membership blank containing questions or entries directly or indirectly pertaining to race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry or national origin or any previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or any previous actions which are protected Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, except under physical or mental handicap, where it can be determined by the employer that the job or jobs to be filled require information for the well-being of the individual; nor safety will this section prohibit any officially recognized agency from keeping necessary records in order to provide free services to individuals rehabilitation requiring or employment assistance;

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- Print or publish or cause to be printed (4)published any notice or advertisement to employment membership relating or indicating any preference, limitation. discrimination based upon specification or race or color, sex, physical or mental handicap, age, ancestry or national origin or any previous assertion of a claim or right under Title 39, or any previous actions which Title 26, chapter are protected under subchapter V-B, except under physical mental handicap when the text of such printed published material strictly adheres this Act; or
- Establish, announce or follow a policy (5) denying or limiting, through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership opportunities of any group because of the sex, physical or race or color, mental handicap, religion, age, ancestry, national origin or the previous assertion of a claim 39<u>,</u> or or right under Title because of previous actions which are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter V-B, of such group; or

For an employer or employment agency or labor 2 organization to discriminate in any manner against any individual because they have opposed any 3 4 practice which would be a violation of this Act, 5 or because they have made a charge, testified or assisted in any manner in any investigation, 6 7 proceeding or hearing under this Act. 8 Sec.2. 26 MRSA §42-A, sub-§2, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 372, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 9 10 development and implementation 11 training and education program for department 12 staff engaged in the administration 13 enforcement of this section; and 14 Sec. 3. 26 MRSA §42-A, sub-§2, ¶E-1 is enacted 15 to read: E-1. Programs to educate employers and employees 16 17 regarding the Whistleblowers' Protection Act, 18 chapter 7, subchapter V-B; and 26 MRSA §833, as reallocated by 19 1983, c. 583, §15, is repealed and the following 20 21 enacted in its place: 22 §833. Discrimination against certain employees 23 prohibited Discrimination prohibited. No employer may 24 discharge, threaten or otherwise discriminate against 25 an employee regarding the employee's compensation, 26 conditions, location or privileges 27 terms, 28 employment because: A. The employee, acting in good faith, or a person acting on behalf of the employee, reports orally or in writing to the employer or a public 29 30 31 32 body what the employee has reasonable cause to believe is a violation of a law or rule adopted under the laws of this State, a political 33 34 35 subdivision of this State or the United States; B. The employee, acting in good faith, or a person acting on behalf of the employee, reports 36 37 38 to the employer or a public body, orally or in writing, what the employee has reasonable cause to believe is a condition or practice that would put 39 40 41 at risk the health or safety of that employee or

any other individual;

C. The employee is requested to participate in an investigation, hearing or inquiry held by that public body, or in a court action; or

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- D. The employee has refused to carry out a directive that violates a law or rule adopted under the laws of this State, a political subdivision of this State or the United States, when that violation would put at risk the health or safety of that employee or any other individual.
- 2. Initial report to employer required; exception. Subsection 1 does not apply to an employee who has reported or caused to be reported a violation, or unsafe condition or practice to a public body, unless the employee has first brought the alleged violation, condition or practice to the attention of a person having supervisory authority with the employer and has allowed the employer a reasonable opportunity to correct that violation, condition or practice.
- Prior notice to an employer is not required if the employee has specific reason to believe that reports to the employer will not result in promptly correcting the violation, condition or practice.
- 3. Reports of suspected abuse. An employee required to report suspected abuse, neglect or 23 24 exploitation under Title 22, section 3477 or 4011, shall follow the requirements of those sections under 25 26 27 those circumstances. No employer may discharge, 28 threaten or otherwise discriminate against an employee regarding the employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location or privileges of employment 29 30 31 because the employee followed the requirements of 32 those sections.
- 33 Sec. 5. 26 MRSA §839, as reallocated by PL 34 1983, c. 583, §15, is repealed and the following 35 enacted in its place:
  - §839. Notices of employee protections and obligations
- 1. Notice provided; posting. The Department of
  Labor shall provide each employer in the State with a
  notice as provided in this section. Each employer

- shall prominently post the notice in the employer's place of business so that the employees are informed of their protections and obligations under this subchapter.
- 5 2. Contents of notice. The notice provided by 6 the department shall include:
- 7 A. A summary of this subchapter written in concise and plain language;
- 9 B. A telephone number at the department that 10 employees may call if they have questions or wish 11 to report violations; and
- 12 C. A space where the employer shall write in the
  13 name of the individual or department to which
  14 employees may report violations, unsafe conditions
  15 or practices as required by section 833.

### 16 STATEMENT OF FACT

- This bill amends the Whistleblowers' Protection
  Act to extend protection to employees who report
  questionable work practices to their employer or a
  public agency and to provide greater awareness of the
  Act's provisions among employers and employees.
- Section 1 of the bill gives the Maine Human Rights
  Commission authority to enforce violations of the
  Whistleblowers' Protection Act.
- Sections 2 and 3 of the bill require the Department of Labor to include programs in the department's existing safety and education programs that are designed to educate employers and employees about the Whistleblowers' Protection Act.
- Section 4 extends the protection against employer retribution to employees who report work practices which, although they may not be illegal, would create safety risks to the employees or the public. This provision will allow employees to report questionable, although legal, practices which may pose safety risks

_	without real of rectibation from energy employer.
2	will also encourage the reporting of questionable work
3	practices to the Department of Labor which will
4	promote better monitoring of work practices and safety
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6	Section 5 requires the Department of Labor to
	pection a reduites the pepartment of paper to
7	provide notices regarding the Whistleblowers'
8	Protection Act to all employers in the State and
9	specifies the content of the notice. This provision
10	will encourage greater awareness of the Act and the
11	procedures necessary to obtain the protections offered
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