# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

#### ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

### Legislative Document

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NO. 2461

H.P. 1797 House of Representatives, March 7, 1988
Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural
Resources suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative DEXTER of Kingfield.

Cosponsored by Senators RANDALL of Washington, PERKINS of Hancock and Representative TRACY of Rome.

## STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

AN ACT to Prohibit the Sale of Polystyrene Foam Products Containing Chlorofluorocarbons.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA \$1310-K, sub-\$1, \$\$D and E, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, \$25, are amended to read:

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- 1 The categories of industrial waste which present opportunities for reuse; and 3 Opportunities to reduce waste quantities by 4 reducing generation at the source; and 5 38 MRSA \$1310-K, sub-\$1, %F is enacted 2. Sec. 6 to read: 7 F. The impact of nonbiodegradable polystyrene 8 foam products on landfill space. 9 Sec. 3. 38 MRSA \$1603 is enacted to read: 10 §1603. Polystyrene foam products 1. Prohibition. After January 1, 1989, no person sell or offer to sell in this State any 11 12 13 polystyrene foam product which is manufactured fully halogenated chlorofluoroalkanes, also known as chlorofluorocarbons, and which is used in consumer goods or in the packaging of consumer goods, 14 15 16
- 2. Compliance. All distributors engaged in the sale of polystyrene foam products which contain chlorofluorocarbons shall certify to the Department of Environmental Protection by January 31, 1989, their compliance with subsection 1.

beverage

including, without limitation, food and

#### 24 STATEMENT OF FACT

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packaging.

25 This bill reduces the risk of injury resulting from stratospheric ozone depletion posed by 26 release of chlorofluorocarbons. A 27 reduction 28 stratospheric ozone increases the amount of damaging ultraviolet radiation reaching the earth and, as a 29 30 result, might increase the incidence of skin cancer 31 and cataracts, change the climate and produce other 32 adverse effects.

Chlorofluorocarbons are often used as a foaming agent in making cups, plates and other food packaging

1	containers from polystyrene plastic. It is also used
	in making the polystyrene foam used in beverage
3	coolers, some toys and other short life-span consumer
4	products. This bill prohibits the sale of
5	chlorofluorocarbon-containing polystyrene foam
6	products in the State.

7 This bill also mandates the Office of Waste 8 Recycling and Reduction to include in its report to 9 the Legislature on recycling and waste disposal 10 problems the impact of nonbiodegradable polystyrene 11 foam products on landfill space.

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