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| 1                         | L.D. 2443  |
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| 2                         | (Filing Nc. <b>S-</b> 433 )  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6          | STATE OF MAINE<br>SENATE<br>113TH LEGISLATURE<br>SECOND REGULAR SESSION  |
| 7<br>8                    | COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A " to S.P. 932, L.D. 2443,<br>Bill, "AN ACT to Amend the Maine Tort Claims Act."  |
| 9<br>10<br>11<br>12<br>13 | Amend the Bill in section 4 in that part<br>designated " <u>§8104-A.</u> " in subsection 4 in the last line<br>(page 4, line 14 in L.D.) by inserting after the<br>underlined word " <u>appurtenance</u> " the underlined word<br>' <u>thereto</u> ' |
| 14<br>15<br>16<br>17      | Further amend the Bill in section 4 in that part designated " $\frac{8104-B}{1000}$ " in subsection 5 in the last line (page 5, line 6 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "and"   |
| 18<br>19<br>20            | Further amend the Bill in section 4 in that part designated " <u>§8104-B.</u> " by striking out all of subsection 6 and inserting in its place the following:  |
| 21<br>22<br>23            | '6. Leasing of governmental property. The leasing of governmental property, including buildings, to other organizations; and   |
| 24<br>25<br>26<br>27      | 7. Certain services. A decision not to provide<br>communications, heat, light, water, electricity or<br>solid or liquid waste collection, disposal or<br>treatment services.'  |
| 28<br>29<br>、             | Further amend the Bill by striking out all of section 7.   |

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Further amend the Bill in section 9 in subsection in paragraph D in the last line (page 8, line 15 in L.D.) by striking out the underlined punctuation "." and inserting in its place the following: '; or'

5 Further amend the Bill in section 9 in subsection 6 1, in paragraph E in the 3rd line (page 8, line 18 in 7 L.D.) by inserting before the underlined word 8 "immunity" the following: 'such' and in the last line 9 (page 8, line 20 in L.D.) by striking out the 10 underlined punctuation and word "; or" and inserting 11 in their place the following:'.'

12 Further amend the Bill by striking out all of 13 sections 1., 12 and 13 and inserting in their place 14 the following:

15 'Sec. 11. 14 MRSA §8112, sub-\$1, as repealed 16 and replaced by PL 1987, c. 427, \$3, is repealed and 17 the following enacted in its place:

18 When a governmental entity is not liable. 1. When a governmental entity is not liable. A governmental entity, with the consent of the employee, shall assume the defense of and, in its discretion, may indemnify any employee against a claim which arises out of an act or omission occuring within the course and scope of employment and for which the governmental entity is not liable. Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of assuming the defense of an employee, a governmental entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs of the employee. If the defense of its employee creates a 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 employee. If the defense of its employee creates a 28 conflict of interest between the governmental entity and the employee, the governmental entity shall pay 29 30 the reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs of the 31 32 employee.

| 33 | A governmental entity is not liable for the attorneys' |  |
|----|--|--|
| 34 | fees and defense costs of its employee under this      |  |
| 35 | subsection in the event that the employee is           |  |
| 36 | determined to be criminally liable for the acts or     |  |
| 37 | omissions in question. In addition, after the          |  |
| 38 | litigation against the employee is concluded, a        |  |
| 39 | governmental entity may recoup any attorneys' fees and |  |
| 40 | costs paid to outside counsel on behalf of the         |  |

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1 employee if the governmental entity proves that the 2 employee acted in bad faith.

3 This subsection does not apply if the employee settles 4 the claim without the consent of the governmental 5 entity.

6 This subsection does not apply if notice is not 7 required to have been filed as provided in section 8 8107 or if the employee does not notify the 9 governmental entity within 30 days after receiving 10 actual written notice of the claim or within 15 days 11 after the service of a summons and complaint, if the 12 governmental entity is prejudiced by the lack of such 13 notice.

14 Sec. 12. 14 MRSA §8112, sub-§2, as repealed and 15 replaced by PL 1977, c. 578, §4, is repealed and the 16 following enacted in its place:

2. When the governmental entity is liable. A governmental entity shall, with the consent of the employee, assume the defense of and shall indemnify 17 18 19 20 any employee against a claim which arises out of an 21 act or omission occurring within the course and scope 22 of employment and for which sovereign immunity has been waived under section 8104-A, under another law or by legislative authorization. Except as otherwise 23 24 provided herein, in lieu of assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs of the employee. If the defense of its employee creates a conflict of interest between the governmental entity 25 26 27 28 29 30 and the employee, the governmental entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs of the 31 32 employee.

| 33 | A governme   | ntal ent   | ity shall   | notb     | e required  | to    |
|----|--------------|------------|-------------|----------|-------------|-------|
| 34 | indemnify i  | its emplo  | yee and i   | s not    | liable for  | the   |
| 35 | attorneys'   | fees and   | court cost: | s of its | employee u  | Inder |
| 36 | this subsec  |            |             |          | he employee | e is  |
| 37 | determined t | to be crim | inally liab | le for t | he acts or  |       |

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| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6   | omissions in question. In addition, after the<br>litigation against the employee is concluded, a<br>governmental entity shall be relieved of any<br>obligation to indemnify the employee for punitive<br>damages and may recoup any attorneys' fees and costs<br>paid to outside counsel if the governmental entity   |
| 7  | proves that the employee acted in bad faith.  |
| 8<br>9<br>10   | This subsection does not apply if the employee settles<br>the claim without the consent of the governmental<br>entity.  |
| 11<br>12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16<br>17<br>18                                     | This subsection does not apply if notice is not<br>required to have been filed as provided in section<br>8107 or if the employee does not notify the<br>governmental entity within 30 days after receiving<br>actual written notice of the claim or within 15 days<br>after the service of a summons and complaint if the<br>governmental entity is prejudiced by the lack of such<br>notice.   |
| 19<br>20   | Sec. 13. 14 MRSA §8112, sub-§2-A, is enacted to read:   |
| 21   | 2-A. Suits against employees under federal law.   |
| 22   | 2-A. Suits against employees under federal law.<br>A governmental entity, with the consent of the<br>employee, shall assume the defense of and, in its  |
| 23   | employee, shall assume the defense of and, in its   |
| 24   |   |
|  | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any  |
| 25   | claim that is brought against the employee against any  |
| 26   | claim that is brought against the employee against any  |
| 26<br>27   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.   |
| 26<br>27<br>28   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of  |
| 26<br>27   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the   |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33                                     | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental   |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34                               | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33                                     | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental   |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35                         | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35<br>36                   | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. Attorneys and the employee the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.   |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35<br>36<br>37             | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35<br>36<br>37<br>38       | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.  |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35<br>36<br>37             | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.<br>A governmental entity is not liable for the attorneys'<br>fees and court costs of its employee under this<br>subsection in the event that the employee is<br>determined to be criminally liable for the acts or |
| 26<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>31<br>32<br>33<br>34<br>35<br>36<br>37<br>38<br>39 | discretion, may indemnify any employee against any<br>claim that is brought against the employee under any<br>federal law and that arises out of an act or omission<br>occurring within the course and scope of employment.<br>Except as otherwise provided herein, in lieu of<br>assuming the defense of an employee, the governmental<br>entity may pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee. If the defense of its<br>employee creates a conflict of interest between the<br>governmental entity and the employee, the governmental<br>entity shall pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and<br>court costs of the employee.<br>A governmental entity is not liable for the attorneys'<br>fees and court costs of its employee under this<br>subsection in the event that the employee is<br>determined to be criminally liable for the acts or |

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governmental entity may recoup any attorneys' fees and costs paid to outside counsel if the governmental entity proves the employee acted in bad faith.

This subsection does not apply if the employee settles
 the claim without the consent of the governmental
 entity.

7 This subsection does not apply if the employee does 8 not notify the governmental entity within 15 days 9 after the service of a summons and complaint if the 10 governmental entity is prejudiced by the lack of such 11 notice.'

12 Further amend the bill in section 16 in the 6th 13 and 7th lines from the end (page 11, lines 36 and 37 14 in L.D.) by striking out the stricken out punctuation 15 and words "7 excess insurance" and inserting in 16 their place the following: ', excess insurance'

17 Further amend the bill in section 17 in the last 18 line (page 12, line 10 in L.D.) by inserting after the 19 underlined word "provide" the following: 'defense or'

20 Further amend the bill by renumbering the sections 21 to read consecutively.

STATEMENT OF FACT

23 This amendment primarily makes technical 24 corrections to the bill. Certain substantive changes 25 are also made.

26 1. The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 14, section 27 8103, subsection 2, paragraph D of the existing law is added to Title 14, section 8104-B as subsection 7. 29 This addition makes it clear that immunity is not 30 waived for decisions not to provide certain services.

31 2. Section 7 of the bill is deleted. This leaves 32 Title 14, section 8107, subsection 4, concerning 33 substantial compliance with notice requirements, as it 34 is in current law.

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1 3. Sections 11, 12 and 13 in the bill are 2 revised. This revision has 2 primary purposes:

3 A. To require a governmental entity to retain 4 outside counsel for an employee, rather than 5 assume the employee's defense, when assuming the 6 defense would create a conflict of interest 7 between the entity and employee; and

8 B. To provide that a governmental entity may 9 recoup attorneys' fees and defense costs paid to 10 outside counsel for the defense of an employee if 11 the entity proves that the employee acted in bad 12 faith. Where applicable, the governmental entity 13 is also relieved of the obligation to indemnify an 14 employee for punitive damages.

15 4. Finally, because the statement of fact on the 16 bill may be used as legislative history in 17 interpreting this revision of the Maine Tort Claims 18 Act, it is important to note here a few inaccuracies 19 in the bill's statement of fact.

A. The bill's statement of fact states that
existing Title 14, section 8103, subsection 2,
paragraphs A, B and C are restated as Title 14,
section 8104-C, subsections 1, 2 and 3. The
reference to section 8104-C should be corrected to
read section 8104-B.

B. It states that existing Title 14, section
8103, subsection 2, paragraphs F, H and I in the
existing law have been recodified in Title 14,
section 8104-A, subsection 1. This should refer
also to section 8104-A, subsection 2.

31 C. It states that a change in Title 14, section 32 8116 permits a governmental entity to purchase 33 insurance or self-insure for any liability for 34 which it is obligated or entitled to provide under 35 Title 14, section 8112. The word "liability" used 36 here is incorrect; the word used should be 37 "indemnity."

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Reported by Senator Black for the Committee on Judiciary. Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (4/8/88) (Filing No. S-433)