MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 2415

H.P. 1762 House of Representatives, March 2, 1988
Reported by Representative MICHAUD for the Maine
Commission on Land Conservation and Economic Development
pursuant to Public Law 1987, Chapter 514.
Reference to the Committee on Economic Development

suggested and printing ordered under Joint Rule 18.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

1 2 3 4 5	Esta Land	bli Ba	sh M nks	ning mununicipa: Funded l tate Tra	l In	vest Loc	ment ar al Opti	nd		
6 7	Be it enacted follows:	bу	the	People	of	the	State	of	Maine	as

36 MRSA c. 712-A is enacted to read:

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CHAPTER 712-A

LOCAL OPTION REAL ESTATE TRANSFER TAX

§4661. Local real estate transfer tax

A municipality adopting a municipal investment and land bank pursuant to this chapter may impose a real estate transfer tax on both the transferor and the transferee of real estate according to the following procedure and limitations.

- 9 l. Referendum. A local real estate transfer tax
 10 may be imposed by a municipality if it is approved by
 11 a referendum conducted according to Title 30, section
 12 2061.
- 2. Rate of tax. The referendum question shall specify the rate of the tax which may not exceed 0.4% of the taxable base of the property subject to the tax.
- 3. Taxable base. The base to which the tax is applied is the amount subject to tax under chapter 711-A less \$77,000 if the property subject to the tax is the primary residence of the transferor or will be the primary residence of the transferee. Transfers which are exempt from the tax under chapter 711-A are also exempt from the tax authorized by this chapter.
- 23 <u>4. Liability. The transferor of property is</u> 24 <u>liable for 1/2 of the tax. The transferee is liable</u> 25 <u>for the remaining 1/2.</u>
- 26 <u>5. Payment. The tax shall be paid to the</u> 27 <u>municipal tax collector within 30 days of the transfer</u> 28 of property.
- 29 6. Lien. If the tax is not paid within 30 days 30 of the transfer, the municipality may establish and enforce a lien in the same manner as a lien pursuant to Title 38, section 1208.
- 33 <u>7. Use of revenues. All revenues received by a</u>

	1 2	municipality from the tax authorized by this chapter shall be deposited in a municipal investment and land bank account and may be used only for the purposes
	3 4	bank account and may be used only for the purposes permitted under this chapter.
	5 6	8. Failure to pay the tax. Failure to pay the tax provided by this chapter shall be subject to a
、 ノ	7	penalty in addition to the tax, equal to the amount
	8	penalty, in addition to the tax, equal to the amount of the tax and interest at the rate determined
	9	pursuant to section 186. Penalties and interest due
	10	under this chapter shall be paid to the municipality in which the tax is due. Penalties and interest may
	11 12	in which the tax is due. Penalties and interest may
	12	be recovered by the municipality in a civil suit.
	13	§4662. Municipal investment and land bank
	14 15	A municipality imposing a local real estate transfer tax shall establish a municipal investment
	16	and land bank and shall previously have adopted a
	17	comprehensive plan pursuant to the requirements of
	18	Title 30, chapter 239, subchapter VI.
	19 20 21	1. Referendum. The municipal investment and land bank must be approved by referendum according to the provisions of Title 30, section 2061. It may be
	22 23	approved as part of the referendum adopting a local
	23	real estate transfer tax or as a separate measure.
	2.4	2. Administration. The referendum shall provide
	25	that the municipal investment and land bank be
	26 27	administered by a commission and shall specify number,
	28	qualifications, terms of office and powers and duties of commission members.
	29	3. Limitation. Funds in a municipal investment
	30	and land bank are restricted to the following uses:
	31	A. Acquisition or management of interests in land
	32	within the municipality for the purposes of:
	33	(1) Preserving it in an undeveloped state;
	34	(2) Conserving natural or scenic resources
	35	or preserving wildlife habitat; or

Error grant for the	(5) Harmearning of improving recreationa
2	opportunities within the municipality; or
	B. Capital investments for the development o
1	affordable housing for municipal residents. The
5	term "affordable housing" means decent, safe an
	sanitary dwellings, apartments or other livin
7,	accomodations for households making 80% of the

median household income as determined

Department of Economic and Community Development;

improving

pv.

the

Maintaining

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- C. Creation of new or expansion of existing public facilities to accommodate growth. Public facilities may include, without limitation, sewage and treatment facilities, municipal water facilities, solid waste facilities, fire protection facilities, roads and traffic control devices, parks and other open space or recreational areas and any other facility which benefits the public; and
- D. Any other purposes which are incidental to the purposes permitted by this section, including administrative costs and the costs of employing staff, but not including costs of maintaining or improving recreation or open space land.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill is the majority recommendation of the Maine Commission on Land Conservation and Economic Development as a result of its study of growth management problems in the State.

The bill permits a municipality to impose a local real estate transfer tax for the purpose of funding a municipal investment and land bank. The municipality would have to have adopted a comprehensive plan under the relevent provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes,

1 Title 30. The municipality would also be required to hold a referendum on imposition of the tax. The tax would be limited to 0.4% of the taxable base of property transferred within the municipality to be paid 1/2 by the transferor and 1/2 by the transferee. The first \$77,000 of the value of primary residences would be exempt from the tax. The tax would be collected by the county registers of deeds at the same time as the state real estate transfer tax.

10 Revenues obtained through a local real 11 transfer tax would be restricted to the acquisition or 12 management of land for the purposes of preserving 13 undeveloped land, conserving natural or 14 maintaining resources or wildlife habitat, 15 recreational opportunities, providing improvina affordable housing, making needed investments in local 16 infrastructure or other incidental purposes, including 17 18 administrative costs, but not land maintenance.

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