## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	L.D. 2381
2	(Filing No. H- 609)
3 4 5 6	STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 113TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
7 8 9	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1736, L.D. 2381, Bill, "AN ACT to Improve Supervision of Prison Furloughs."
10 11	Amend the bill by striking out all of the title and inserting in its place the following:
12	'AN ACT Relating to Prison Furloughs.'
13 14 15 16 17	Further amend the bill in section 1, in subsection 2, in the first and 2nd lines (page 1, line 8 and page 2, line 1 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "subsections 5 to 9" and inserting in its place the following: 'subsection 5'
18 19	Further amend the bill by striking out all of section 2 and inserting in its place the following:
20 21	'Sec. 2. 34-A MRSA \$3035, sub-\$5 is enacted to read:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	5. Time served before furlough. No furlough may be granted until the offender has served 50% of the original sentence imposed, after consideration of any good time that the offender has received and retained under Title 17-A, section 1253. This section does not apply to furloughs granted under subsection 2, paragraph B or C.

- 1 Further amend the bill by inserting at the end 2 before the statement of fact the following:
- 3 'Sec. 3. Application. This Act applies only to 4 persons convicted and sentenced after the effective 5 date of this Act.'

## 6 STATEMENT OF FACT

 This amendment rewrites the original bill to delete the proposed supervisory role of the courts over the granting of furloughs to prison inmates. The decision of whether or not to grant furloughs is a function reserved to the executive branch of government. The amendment also deletes the provision that required the Department of Corrections to refuse to grant a furlough to any inmate who had violated a condition of any release under a previous furlough; that decision is left to the department's discretion under this amendment.

The amendment also modifies the requirements regarding the minimum amount of time served in prison before a furlough may be granted to an inmate. Under the amendment, an inmate must have served at least 1/2 of his court-imposed sentence, after considering the effect that good-time credits will have on the amount of time that the inmate will actually serve in prison. This ensures that the inmate will not be eligible for a furlough until he has served approximately 1/2 of his actual term of imprisonment.

Finally, the amendment adds an application section to clarify that the bill is intended to apply only to persons who are convicted and sentenced after the bill takes effect.

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Reported by the Committee on Judiciary
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