MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 2375

H.P. 1732 House of Representatives, February 26, 1988
Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural
Resources suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Representative LORD of Waterboro.
Cosponsored by Representative GREENLAW of Standish,
Senators USHER of Cumberland and CAHILL of Sagadahoc.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

AN ACT to Make Improvements to and Facilitate Prompt Enforcement of

3 4	Environmental Laws.								
5 6	Be it enacted follows:	by the	People	of	the	State	of	Maine	as

Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§6, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 192, §1, is amended to read:

Page 1-LR4874

- Civil actions to enforce land use laws. 1 Original jurisdiction, concurrent with that of 2 equitable 3 Court, to grant relief proceedings involving alleged violations of a local land use ordinance or regulation or a state land use 4 5 law or regulation, which shall include, but shall not 6 be limited to, the following: 7
- A. The law pertaining to the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission, Title 12, chapter 206-A;
- B. Minimum lot size law, Title 12, sections 4807 to 4807-G;
- 12 C. The plumbing and subsurface wastewater 13 disposal rules adopted by the Department of Human 14 Services pursuant to Title 22, section 42;
- D. Laws administered by local health officers pursuant to Title 22, chapters 153 and 263;
- 17 E. Laws pertaining to public water supplies, 18 Title 22, sections 2642, 2647 and 2648;
- 19 F. Local ordinances pursuant to Title 22, section 20 2642;
- 21 G. Laws pertaining to fire prevention and 22 protection which require enforcement by local 23 officers pursuant to Title 25, chapter 313;
- 24 H. Laws pertaining to the construction of public buildings for the physically disabled pursuant to Title 25, chapter 331;
- I. Local land use ordinances adopted pursuant to Title 30, section 1917;
- J. Local building codes adopted pursuant to Title 30 30, sections 1917 and 2151;
- 31 K. Local housing codes adopted pursuant to Title 32 30, sections 1917 and 2151;
- 33 L. Local ordinances regarding automobile

	1 2	junkyards pursuant to Title 30, chapter 215, subchapter I;
	3 4 5	M. Local ordinances regarding electrical installations pursuant to Title 30, chapter 215, subchapter III;
	6 7	N. Regulation and inspection of plumbing pursuant to Title 30, chapter 215, subchapter X ;
	8 9 10	O. Local ordinances regarding malfunctioning domestic sewage disposal units pursuant to Title 30, section 4359;
	11 12 13 14	P. The subdivision law pursuant to Title 30, section 4956; local subdivision ordinances adopted pursuant to Title 30, section 1917; and subdivision regulations adopted pursuant to Title 30, section 4956;
	16 17 18	Q. Local zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to Title 30, section 1917, and in accordance with Title 30, section 4962; and
,— }	19 20	R. The Great Ponds Program, Title 38, sections 386-to-396;
J	21 22 23	R-1. All laws administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, Title 38, chapters 2 to 16.
	24 25	S. The freshwater wetlands laws, Title 38, sections -405 -to -410 -D;
	26 27	T. Laws pertaining to the discharge of wastes, Title-38,-sections-413,-414,-417,-418-and-420;
	28 29	U. The alteration of rivers, streams and brooks laws, Title-38, sections 425-to-431;
	30 31	V. The alteration of coastal wetlands laws, Title-38,-sections-471-to-478;

W. Shoreland zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to-Title-38,-sections-435-to-447;

- 6 Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§7, as enacted by PI 1987, c. 419, §1, is repealed.
- 8 **Sec. 3. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§7-A** is enacted to 9 read:
- 7-A. Civil actions to enforce Title 38, chapters
 2 to 16. Original jurisdiction, concurrent with the
 Administrative Court, with no rights of removal to
 Superior Court, to grant equitable relief involving
 alleged violations of all laws and regulations
 administered by the Department of Environmental
 Protection in those matters prosecuted by the
 certified department staff pursuant to Title 38,
- certified department staff pursuant to Title 38, section 342, subsections 7 and 8. Appeals from decisions of the District Court to the Superior Court shall be limited to matters of law.
- repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 796, §1, are repealed.

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Sec. 4.

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- Sec. 5. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§§8 and 9 are enacted to read:
- 26 8. Divorce, annulments or separations. Actions
 27 for divorce, annulment or separation may be remanded,
 28 upon agreement of the parties, from the Superior Court
 29 to the District Court in accordance with rules
- promulgated by the Supreme Judicial Court. An action so remanded shall remain in the District Court, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereafter, subject
- 32 shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereafter, subject 33 to the rights of appeal to the Superior Court as to 34 matters of law.
- 35 <u>9. Criminal jurisdiction. The District Court</u> 36 <u>shall possess the criminal jurisdiction exercised by</u>

	1	all trial justices and municipal courts in the State
)	2	on September 16, 1961, except as provided in Title 29, section 2302.
	4 5 6	<pre>Sec. 6. 4 MRSA §1151, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. B, §1; c. 395, Pt. A, §15; and c. 402, Pt. A, §9, is repealed.</pre>
	7 8	Sec. 7. 4 MRSA \$1151, sub-\$2-B is enacted to read:
	9 10 11 12	2-B. Environmental jurisdiction and appeal rights. Jurisdiction over and appeal of laws and rules administered by the Department of Environmental Protection are as follows.
	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, with respect to all laws and rules administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, Title 38, chapters 2 to 16, the Administrative Court shall have original jurisdiction concurrent with the District Court, with no rights to removal to Superior Court, over those matters prosecuted by the department certified pursuant to Title 38, section 342, subsections 7 and 8.
)	23 24 25 26 27	The Administrative Court shall have jurisdiction to resolve all violations of environmental laws and rules administered by the Department of Environmental Protection. This jurisdiction includes, but is not limited to:
	28 29 30	(1) Modification, revocation or suspension of permits and licenses issued by the department;
	31 32	(2) Review of licenses and permits to determine whether compliance has occurred;
	33 34	(3) Hearing complaints regarding unlicensed activities;
	35 36	(4) Determining whether renewal or reissuance of a license may be refused; and

2	equitable relief.
3	B. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
4	chapter, appeals from decisions of the
5	Administrative Court on matters prosecuted
6	pursuant to laws administered by the Department of
7	Environmental Protection staff shall be to the

Entering remedial orders

Superior Court and shall be limited to matters

and granting

10 Sec. 8. 4 MRSA §1156, as amended by PL 1987, c. 11 339, §4, is further amended to read:

§1156. Fines

law.

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13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 14 chapter, a judge of the Administrative Court, in his judicial discretion, may impose a fine of a specific sum, which shall not be less than \$50 nor more than 15 16 17 \$1,500 for any one offense, or such other limits as 18 to the licensing the statutes relating question matter before the court may provide. 19 Such a fine may 20 imposed instead of or in addition to 21 suspension, revocation or modification of a license by the court or any remedial order of the court. Section 22 1057 applies to any fine imposed by this section. 23

The Administrative Court Judge shall maintain a record of all fines and surcharges received by the court and shall pay the fines into the General Fund of the State Treasury and the surcharges into the Jail Operations Surcharge Fund on or before the 15th day of each month, except as provided in Title 38, section 349.

31 Sec. 9. 12 MRSA §7053, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended 32 by PL 1981, c. 414, §6, is further amended to read:

- A. Enforce the following:
- (1) Chapters 701 to 721;
 - (2) All rules promulgated by the

1	commissioner; and
2 3 4 5 6	(3) The United States Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act, Public Law, July 3, 1918, chapted 128, as amended, and all rules and regulations promulgated in pursuance thereof and
7	(4) Title 38, chapters 2 to 16;
8 9 10	Sec. 10. 12 MRSA §7055 as amended by PL 1985 c. 633, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
11	§7055. Officials with powers of game wardens
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	1. Officials with full powers of game wardens. Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, police officers, constables, marine patrol officers, wardens of the Penobscot Indian Nation within the Penobscot Indian Territory, as defined by Title 30, section 6205, subsection 2, and law enforcement personnel employed by the United States Department of the Interior shall have the powers of game wardens. 2. Officials with limited powers of game wardens. Certified employees of the Department of
22	Environmental Protection, pursuant to Title 38,
23	section 342, subsections 7 and 8, shall have civil
24	enforcement powers and duties of game wardens to
25 26 27	enforce Title 38, chapters 2 to 16. Sec. 11. 12 MRSA §7056, sub-§5 is enacted to read:
28 29 30	5. Environmental laws. Certified employees of the Department of Environmental Protection, in
31	accordance with Title 38, section 342, subsections 7 and 8, have civil enforcement powers and duties
32	similar to that of game wardens to enforce Title 38,
33	chapters 2 to 16.
34 35	<pre>Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §342, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1971, c. 618, §8, is repealed.</pre>

Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §342, sub-§3, as enacted by PL
1971, c. 618, §8, is repealed.

- 1 Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §342, sub-§3-A is enacted to
 2 read:
- 3 <u>3-A. Granting of licenses; enforcement actions</u>
 4 and negotiating agreements. The following procedures
 5 apply to the granting of licenses, enforcement actions
 6 and negotiating agreements.

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- Pursuant to section 344, subsection 2, commissioner may approve, approve with conditions or disapprove applications for licenses. may suspend processing of commissioner application for a license or permit if, in addition to any other findings required by this Title, the applicant is the subject of a pending enforcement action by the department or Attorney General resulting from a violation of this Title, including rules adopted under this Title. In making a determination as to whether a license or permit should be granted, the commissioner shall consider the applicant's history of compliance with environmental laws and the likelihood of the applicant causing or contributing to a violation of this Title, including rules adopted under this Title, if that license or permit is granted.
- B. The commissioner may initiate enforcement actions pursuant to this Title or rules adopted under this Title, negotiate violations of all environmental laws in this Title and settle any violations by entering into consent agreements with the violators, with the concurrence of the Attorney General. In the event that the commissioner has included monetary penalties in excess of \$25,000 in a consent agreement, the penalties shall be approved by the Board of Environmental Protection.
- C. The commissioner may issue administrative orders requiring remedial actions and time schedules, as well as monetary penalties, if settlement negotiations fail to result in a consent agreement within 60 days, unless an order is issued pursuant to other sections of this Title

)	Τ	or, in the commissioner's discretion, the
1	2	violation poses an unreasonable risk of harm to the environment, in which case, the commissioner
	3	the environment, in which case, the commissioner
	4	may issue an emergency administrative order
	5	immediately.
	6	D. Offenders of the environmental laws of this
	7	Title have rights of appeal of administrative
	8	orders, but the rights of appeal shall be limited
	9	to the following, and appellants shall demonstrate
	10	that:
	11	(1) No offense of this Title or the rules
	12	adopted under this Title occurred;
	13	(2) This Title does not provide authority to
	14	the department to regulate the subject matter
	15	of the offense;
	16	(3) The parties named in the offense are not
	17	the proper parties; or
	± /	the proper parties, or
	18	(4) The order is unreasonable, arbitrary or
	19	capricious.
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	20	E. Within 30 days of receipt of an administrative
)	21	order, the party to whom the order is directed may
	22	file a petition of appeal in writing to the
	23	file a petition of appeal, in writing, to the Board of Environmental Protection setting forth in
	24	detail the findings, conclusions or conditions to
	25	which the appellant objects. Appellate procedures
	26	for appeals from administrative orders issued
	27	pursuant to this subsection shall be in accordance
	28	pursuant to this subsection shall be in accordance
	26 29	with the provisions set forth in section 347,
		unless the order has been issued pursuant to other
	30	unless the order has been issued pursuant to other sections of this Title, in which case the appellate procedures specified in those sections
	31	appellate procedures specified in those sections
	32	shall apply.
	33	F. The commissioner may enter into agreements
	34	with federal, state and municipal agencies.
		•
	35	G. The commissioner shall exercise the duties
	36	delegated by the Board of Environmental Protection.

- 1 Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §342, sub-§8 is enacted to 2 read:
- 3 8. Powers and duties. All employees of the Department of Environmental Protection who have been 4 5 certified by the commissioner pursuant to the
- department's procedures to represent the department in 6 7 District Court or Administrative Court in the 8 prosecution of civil infractions of those
- administered by the department and set forth in Title 4, section 152, subsection 7-A, and section 1151, subsection 2-B, shall have the powers and duties as set forth in Title 12, sections 7053, 7055 and 7056, 9 10
- 11 12
- 14 38 MRSA §347, as amended by PL 1985, Sec. 15. 15 c. 746, \$11, is repealed.
- 16 Sec. 16. 38 MRSA §§347-A to 347-C are enacted 17 to read:
- 18 §347-A. Violations

subsection 5.

- 1. General procedures. When it appears to the department after investigation that there is or has 19 20 21 been a violation of this Title, or the rules under this Title, or of the terms or conditions of any of the department's orders, the department may issue an 22 23 24 order pursuant to this Title or refer the violation to 25 the Attorney General for enforcement action. Pursuant to this section, any department orders shall be issued in accordance with subsection 2. 26 27
- 2. Orders. Any administrative order issued pursuant to this subchapter shall contain findings of 28 29 30 fact describing, insofar as possible, the basis of the department's belief that a violation of this Title, the rules adopted under this Title or a license issued by the department occurred; the specific activity or 31 32 33 violation and the site of the activity or violation; 34 35 and the harm to the public or the environment, if any.
- 36 Service. Service of the department's findings and orders shall be made pursuant to the Maine Rules 37 . 38 of Civil Procedure.

1	4. Appeal. Upon service of an order issued
2	4. Appeal. Upon service of an order issued pursuant to this subchapter, the party to whom the
3	order is directed may petition the Board of Environmental Protection for a hearing on the order.
4	Environmental Protection for a hearing on the order.
5	The nature of the hearing shall be an appeal.
6	Petitions for appeal shall be in writing setting forth
7	in detail the findings, conclusions or conditions to
8	which the appellant objects, and shall be filed with
9	the board within 30 days of service of the order. The
10	appellate hearing shall be held by the board within 30 days of receipt of the petition. At the hearing, all
11	days of receipt of the petition. At the hearing, all
12	witnesses shall be sworn and the department shall
13	establish the jurisdiction over the subject matter, the basis for the order and for naming the party to
14	the basis for the order and for naming the party to
15	whom the order is directed. The appellant shall
16	demonstrate, based upon a preponderance of the
17	demonstrate, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the order should be modified or
18	rescinded because:
19	A. No offense of the laws in this Title, or the rules adopted under this Title, occurred;
20	rules adopted under this Title, occurred;
2:1	B. This Title does not provide authority to the
22	department to regulate the subject matter of the
23	offense;
24	C. The parties named in the order are not the
25	proper parties; or
26	D. The order is unreasonable, arbitrary or
27	capricious.
28	Within 7 days after the hearing, the board shall make
29	findings of fact and shall uphold, revoke or modify the order. Any person who is aggrieved by the
30	the order. Any person who is aggrieved by the
31	decision of the board shall be entitled to seek
32	judicial review in the Superior Court in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5,
33	with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5,
34	chapter 375, subchapter VII.
35	5. Appeal of emergency orders. If the
36	commissioner issues an emergency order pursuant to
37	this subchapter, the party to whom the order is directed shall comply immediately. An emergency order
38	directed shall comply immediately. An emergency order

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may not be appealed to the Superior Court directly,
      but the party to whom it is directed may petition the Board of Environmental Protection for a hearing on the
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      order if the petition is made within 48 hours after
      service of the order on the party to whom the order was directed. The nature of the hearing shall be an appeal. Within 5 working days after receipt of the petition, the board shall hold a hearing in accordance
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      with the procedures set forth in subsection 4. The board shall make findings of fact and uphold, revoke
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      or modify the order within 48 hours of the hearing.
      Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the board shall be entitled to seek judicial review in the
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      Superior Court in accordance
                                                       with
                                                                the
                                                                        Maine
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      Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375,
16
      subchapter VII.
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      §347-B. Modification, revocation or suspension of
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                  license
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           After written notice and opportunity for
      hearing, the board may modify in whole or in part any
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      license or issue an order prescribing necessary corrective action or, with or without a hearing, may
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23
             in accordance with the Maine Administrative
      Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, to revoke or suspend a license, whenever the board finds that:
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26
               Violation of
                                     license.
                                                      The licensee
                                                                          has
27
      violated any condition of the license;
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                Misrepresentation. The licensee has obtained
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         license by misrepresenting or failing to
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      fully all relevant facts;
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                Threat. The licensed discharge poses a threat
32
      to human health or welfare;
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33 <u>4. Failure to include standard or limitation.</u>
34 <u>The license fails to include any standard or</u>

35 limitation applicable on the date of issuance;

36 <u>5. Change in condition or circumstance. There</u>
37 <u>has been a change in any condition or circumstance</u>
38 <u>that requires revocation, suspension or a temporary or</u>

- 1 permanent modification of the terms of the license; or
- 2 Violation of law. The licensee has violated 3 any law administered by the board.
- For the purpose of this section, the terms "license" and "licensee" include any license, permit, 5
- approval or certification issued by the board and the 6 7 holder of the license respectively.
- §347-C. Right of inspection and entry 8

- Employees of and contractors to the Department of Environmental Protection may enter any property at reasonable hours and enter any building with the 9 10 11
- consent of the property owner, occupant or agent in order to inspect the property or structure, take 12 13
- 14 samples and conduct tests, as appropriate, to determine compliance with any laws administered by the 15 department or the terms and conditions of any order, regulation, license, permit, approval or decision of 16
- 18 the Board of Environmental Protection.
- 19 Sec. 17. 38 MRSA §348, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 20 1977, c. 300, §9, is amended to read:
- 1. General. In the event of a violation of any provision of the laws administered by the Department 21 22 23 Environmental Protection or of any 24 regulation, license, permit, approval or decision of the Board of Environmental Protection or decree of the 25
- 26 court, as the case may be, the Attorney General may 27 institute injunction proceedings to enjoin any further violation thereof, a civil or criminal action or any 28
- 29 appropriate combination thereof without recourse to 30 any other provision of law administered by the 31 Department of Environmental Protection.
- 32 If a certified Department of Environmental Protection 33 employee, in accordance with section 342, subsections
- 34 and 8, serves civil process on offenders of environmental laws administered by the department, the District Court and the Administrative Court shall have 35
- 36 37 original and exclusive jurisdiction as set forth in
- Title 4, section 152, subsection 7-A and section 1151, 38

- 1 subsection 2-B, over these matters. Defendants in such actions shall have the rights of appeal to the Superior Court on matters of law only.
- 4 Sec. 18. 38 MRSA §349, sub-§7 is enacted to
 5 read:
- Apportionment of penalties. All monetary collected under this Title of the provisions of this with exception of the provisions of Title apportion penalties to the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund, Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund, Maine Hazardous Waste Fund and Uncontrolled Sites Fund shall be apportioned as follows:
- 13 A. Sixty-six and two-thirds percent to the General Fund; and
- 15 B. Thirty-three and one-third percent to the Maine Environmental Protection Fund.

STATEMENT OF FACT

Sections 1 to 8 make some format changes and specify that all laws administered by the Department of Environmental Protection may be enforced with actions initiated in District Court and Administrative Court. It also grants the District Court and Administrative Court original and exclusive jurisdiction for civil cases brought under Maine's environmental laws. These matters could be heard in Superior Court only on appeal. This will mean that many minor environmental infractions may be treated as a traffic ticket.

Sections 9 and 10 specify that game wardens may enforce environmental laws, including serving civil process on violators.

Sections 10, 11 and 14 specify that the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall name certain employees of the department to represent the department in court on enforcement work. These employees are authorized to issue summons and have powers similar to, but less than game wardens.

powers and duties of the Commissioner of Environmes Protection. The commissioner may enter into com agreements, issue administrative orders and appr approve with conditions or suspend processing license if enforcement action is pending against applicant. Sections 15 and 16 repeal the Maine Rev Statutes, Title 38, section 347, and replace it wi new sections. The first new section, Title section 347-A, gives the department, both the b and the commissioner, the authority to refer mat to the Attorney General at any time. Previously, matters had to be referred to the Attorney General the board. This section established proced guidelines such as the formal service of process appellate procedures of the departme administrative orders. Title 38, sections 347-B 347-C, incorporate provisions of the former sec 347. Section 17 restructures Title 38, section 348, provides enabling legislation for certified Departs			
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Fund.

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matters to District Court and Administrative Court.

Section 18 establishes that penalties collected as

The Maine Environmental Protection Fund is a

a result of violation of environmental laws shall be

apportioned as follows: Two-thirds to the General Fund and 1/3 to the Maine Environmental Protection

fund used to finance the licensing and compliance

activities of the department. This funding source

will provide resources necessary to ensure compliance with environmental laws. This effort will cost money,