MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 2285

H.P. 1667 House of Representatives, February 17, 1988
 Approved for introduction by a majority of the
 Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 26.
 Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake. Cosponsored by Representative PARADIS of Augusta.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

AN ACT to Revise the Procedures for
Enforcing Money Judgments.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
<pre>Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §3125, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 184, §7, is amended to read:</pre>
2. Agreement. If the creditor or the debtor, at

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or prior to the disclosure hearing, presents the court with a written agreement for an order pursuant to section 3127 with affidavit signed by the judgment debtor on a form provided by the District Court, the court may enter an order for an installment payment in the amount agreed upon by the parties or a lessor lesser amount without the necessity of appearance by the parties. In determining whether to accept, reject or modify to a lessor lesser amount the agreement of the parties, the court shall apply the factors set forth in section 3128.

Sec. 2. 14 MRSA §3126, as amended by PL 1987, c. 184, §8, is further amended to read:

§3126. Fees and costs

discretion of the court.

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The disclosure subpoena, return of service and, if 15 judgment was entered in another court, the writ of 16 17 execution or an attested copy thereof shall be filed with the clerk, together with a filing fee as established by the Supreme Judicial Court pursuant to 18 19 20 Title 4, section 175. The fee and actual costs of service shall be added to the judgment, unless the 21 judgment creditor or his attorney fails to appear in accordance with section 3125 or unless the judge 22 23 24 orders otherwise. Costs of service incurred by the creditor, in addition to the filing fee and the service of the disclosure subpoena, may be imposed 25 26 27 upon the judgment debtor or the 3rd party at the

Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §3127-B, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 184, §11, is amended to read:

1. Order. When it is shown upon ex parte motion and affidavit that the judgment debtor has either failed to timely make 2 or more payments required by an installment order under section 3127 or when the judgment debtor has failed to appear, after having been subpoensed for a disclosure hearing provided for in this chapter, the court may approve the service of an order to withhold and answer on the judgment debtor's employer or other payor of earnings. The order shall state the amount owed on the judgment

- debt, interest and costs. If the court has previously determined an installment payment amount under section 3127, the order shall state that amount. The order shall demand an answer under oath listing the dollar amounts of all earnings owed or payable to the debtor and the calculation of the judgment debtor's disposable earnings. The order shall be served on the employer or other payor and on the judgment debtor within 60 days of the date of the order. A form answer shall be attached to the order when served on the employer or other payor of earnings.
- 12 Sec. 4. 14 MRSA §3134, as repealed and replaced 13 by PL 1987, c. 184, §17, is amended to read:

\$3134. Failure to appear

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- Issuance of civil order of arrest. judgment debtor fails to appear after being duly served with a subpoena under section 3123 and judgment creditor appears at the time and place named in that subpoena, the creditor may request the court to issue a civil order of arrest. The court issue a civil order of arrest upon the filing by request of the creditor of an affidavit stating that he knows of no infirmity, disability or good cause preventing the appearance of the debtor; which affidavit also sets forth. The creditor shall also state the address and telephone number where the creditor or his representative can be reached and the address of the debtor.
- Alternative method. Instead of requesting a civil order of arrest, the creditor may proceed by way a motion for contempt for failure to appear. This motion shall be under oath or accompanied by an affidavit and The court may issue a contempt subpoena ordering the debtor to appear, which shall be served the debtor with a contempt subpoena in manner set forth in section 3136. If the debtor, after being duly served with a contempt subpoena, fails to appear at the time and place named in the contempt subpoena, the court may find the debtor in civil contempt and shall issue a civil order of arrest under section 3136, subsection 4 or, at the creditor's

L .	request, shall issue an order for the debtor to appear
2	in court at a certain date and time for further
3	proceedings, which order shall be served upon the
4	debtor in hand by the sheriff who shall obtain from
5	the debtor his personal recognizance bond to appear in
5	court at the specified date and time.

STATEMENT OF FACT

8 The purpose of these changes in the recently 9 enacted law relating to enforcement of money judgments 10 is to correct errors and remove repetitive proceedings 11 in those enforcement actions.

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