MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

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follows:

NO. 2121

H.P. 1557 House of Representatives, January 22, 1988
Reported by Representative TARDY from the Committee on
Agriculture pursuant to Resolves 1987, Chapter 50.
Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and
printing ordered under Joint Rule 18.
EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

STATE OF MAINE

AN ACT to Improve the Regulation of

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

Pesticides.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as

6 Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §625 is enacted to read:

7 §625. Right-of-way spraying; no-spray agreements

Page 1-LR4591

public utility or the Department Transportation which maintains a right-of-way through municipality shall offer an optional no-spray agreement to the municipality for all or any part of that right-of-way within the municipality. As part of the no-spray agreement, the municipality shall either maintain the right-of-way to normal standards or reimburse the public utility or the Department of Transportation for any maintenance cost as a result of the agreement. If the municipality does not perform the agreed-upon maintenance, on schedule, the public utility or the Department of Transportation at its own option may spray the right-of-way or cut the brush and bill the municipality for the added cost. Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1471-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1985, c. 779, §60, is further amended to read: Board established. The Board of Pesticides

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Control is established by Title 5, section 12004, subsection 5, within the Department of Agriculture, 18 19 Food and Rural Resources. The Except as provided 20 in this chapter, the board shall be composed of 7 21 members, appointed by the Governor, subject to approval by the joint standing committee of the legislature having jurisdiction over the subject of 22 23 24 25 agriculture and confirmation by the Legislature. provide the knowledge and experience necessary for 26 carrying out the duties of the board, one person shall 27 28 appointed who has practical experience and knowledge in chemical use in the field of agriculture, 29 one who has practical experience and knowledge in 30 31 chemical use in the field of forest management, a

community, a scientist from the University of Maine System specializing in agronomy or entomology having 34 35 practical experience and knowledge of integrated pest 36 management and 2 persons appointed to represent the public. The public members 2 members appointed to represent the public shall be selected to represent 37 38 39 different economic Of. geographic areas of State. The term shall be for 4 years, except that of the initial appointees, 2 shall serve 4-year terms, 2 40 41

commercial applicator, a person from the medical

shall serve 3-year terms, 2 shall serve 2-year terms

- 1 and one shall serve a one-year term. Any vacancy 2 shall be filled by an appointment for the remainder of 3 the unexpired term. Sec. 3. 22 MRSA \$1471-M, sub-\$2, ¶A, as amended 5 by PL 1977, c. 694, §344, is repealed. 6 Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended 7 by PL 1981, c. 470, Pt. A, §69, is further amended to 8 read: 9 C. On its own or in cooperation with other 10 persons, publish such information as agencies or it deems appropriate, including information concerning injury which might result from improper 11 information 12 13 application or handling of pesticides, and methods 14 and precautions designed to prevent the injury; and 15 Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§3, as enacted by 16 PL 1983, c. 568, §2, is amended to read: substance identification. 17 3. Chemical Τo the 18 extent permitted under federal law, the board shall 19 have primary enforcement responsibility for inspection 20 of any workplace subject to the provisions of Title 21 26, chapter 22, solely because of the presence of a 22 pesticide. The board shall have primary enforcement responsibility for training programs to be provided by employers under Title 26, chapter 22, in those 23 24 25 where subject instances the employer is to the 26 provisions of that law solely because 27 presence or use of a pesticide. 28 board shall provide education and training 29 applicators and dealers to assist them in complying with the requirements for hazard communication under 30 31 federal law or chemical substance identification under 32 state law. This program shall be coordinated with
 - 35 Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§4 is enacted to 36 read:

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worker safety

Department of Labor.

Designation of critical areas. The board may

training assistance provided

by

the

- designate critical areas which shall include, but not be limited to, areas where pesticide use would 2 jeopardize endangered species or critical wildlife 3 4 habitat, present an unreasonable threat to quality of the water supply, be contrary to a master plan for the area where such area is held or managed by an agency 5 6 of the State or Federal Government, or would otherwise 7 result in unreasonable adverse effects on the public health, welfare or the environment of the area. The 8 9 10 designation of a critical area may prohibit pesticide use or may include such limitations on such use as the 11 board deems appropriate. The proceedings to designate a critical area under this section shall conform to 12 13 Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II; 14 15 The board, by rule, shall establish criteria for 16 designation of critical areas by March 1, 1989. In addition to the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, section 8001, 17 18 any municipality and, for the purpose of representing 19 unorganized territory, any county may petition the board for establishment of a critical area within 20 21 their boundaries. If the board designates a critical 22 area, the board shall develop criteria for pesticide 23 management for that area after receiving comments from the municipality or, for unorganized territory, the county; the volunteer medical advisory panel as 24 25 26 27 established through the board; local applicators; and other interested parties and agencies. 28
- 29 Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §§1471-U and 1471-V are enacted 30 to read:
- 31 §1471-U Municipal ordinances
- 1. Centralized listing. The Board of Pesticides
 Control shall maintain for informational purposes, for
 the entire State, a centralized listing of municipal
 ordinances that may affect pesticide storage,
 distribution or use.
- distribution of use.
- 37 <u>2. Existing ordinances. The clerk of any</u> 38 <u>municipality which, on the effective date of this</u> 39 <u>section, has an ordinance in operation that could</u>

)	1	affect pesticide storage, distribution or use shall
)	2 3	file a copy of that ordinance with the board by
	3	December 31, 1988.
	4	3. New ordinances. The clerk of the municipality
\	5	shall provide the board with notice and a copy of any
)	6	ordinance that may affect pesticide storage,
	7	distribution or use at least 7 days prior to the
	8	meeting of the legislative body or the public hearing at which adoption of the ordinance will be considered.
	9	at which adoption of the ordinance will be considered.
	10	The clerk shall notify the board within 30 days after
	11	adoption of the ordinance.
	12 13 14 15	4. Intent. It is the intent of this section to provide information on municipal ordinances. This section is not intended to affect municipal authority to enact ordinances.
	16 17	5. Failure to file. Any ordinance which is not filed with the board, with notice given to the board
	18	in accordance with this section, shall be considered
	19	void and of no effect after the deadline for filing
	20	and notice until the ordinance is properly noticed and
	21	filed with the board.

)	22	§1471-V. Local participation
/	23	For purposes of consideration of designation under
	24	section 1471-M of a critical area within any
	25	municipality, the municipal officers may designate a

resident of that municipality as an additional member 26 27 full powers the board, with and privileges, 28 including voting privileges. If all or part of the proposed critical area is in unorganized territory, 29 the county commissioners may designate an additional member to the board for consideration of that portion 30 31 of the proposed critical area. 32 The additional member of the county from the 33 a resident be 34 general area as the proposed critical area. 35 purposes of this section, if a proposed critical covers more than one municipality, the board 36 shall 37 take separate action on the portion each

39 Sec. 8. Pesticide storage. By July 1, 1989,

municipality.

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the Board of Pesticides Control shall adopt rules governing the storage of pesticides for longer than 60 days, pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, and 22, section 1471-0, Title 7, section subsection 2, paragraph B. Those rules shall provide for minimum state criteria for the siting, design and operation of pesticide storage areas.

STATEMENT OF FACT

9 This bill is a result of a study of pesticide 10 regulation by the Joint Standing Committee on 11 Agriculture.

Section l requires public utilities and the Department of Transportation to offer no-spray agreements to municipalities. This is now done on a voluntary basis. The bill requires the municipality to do the maintenance or pay the added cost for any no-spray portion not required by the State.

18 Sections 2 and 7 provide for adding a local member 19 to the Board of Pesticides Control for purposes of 20 designation of a critical area within the municipality.

Sections 3, 4 and 6 revise the authority of the Board of Pesticides Control to designate critical areas to emphasize the opportunity for local input.

Section 5 requires the board to provide education and training for pesticide applicators and dealers in complying with the new federal requirements for hazard communications under OSHA and community right-to-know under the Environmental Protection Agency. A companion bill provides funding for this activity.

Section 7 requires municipalities to file existing and new ordinances that may affect pesticide storage, distribution or use with the Board of Pesticides Control. The board would maintain a central file of them. This section is not intended to increase or decrease existing municipal authority, a matter which has been the subject of several recent court cases. This section also supplies details on the local board member for designating critical areas.

Section 8 requires the Board of Pesticides Control to adopt rules by July 1, 1989, governing pesticide storage. The board has this authority, but has not exercised it.