MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 2087

H.P. 1533

8

House of Representatives, January 19, 1988

Reference to the Committee on Education suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative WEYMOUTH of West Gardiner. Cosponsored by Representatives O'GARA of Westbrook, WEBSTER of Cape Elizabeth and Senator ERWIN of Oxford.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

AN ACT to Encourage Conservation Investments by Electric Utilities.

- 4 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- 6 Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§6, as enacted by 7 PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:
 - 6. Electric plant. "Electric plant" includes

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all real estate, fixtures and personal property owned, 1 controlled, operated or managed in connection with or the production, generation, 3 facilitate conservation, load management, transmission, delivery 4 5 or furnishing of electricity for light, heat or power, 6 for public use, and all conduits, ducts or other 7 devices, materials, apparatus or property 8 containing, holding or carrying conductors used or to be used for the transmission of electricity for light, 9 heat or power for public use. "Electric plant" includes, but is not limited to, fixtures and personal 10 11 property paid for in whole or in part by the utility 12 on the premises of any of its customers as long this property has been found by the commission 13 14 constitute a cost-effective investment in conservation 15 or load management under sections 3152, 3153 and 3154. 16

17 Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §303, as enacted by PL 1987, 18 c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

§303. Valuation of property for fixing rates

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In determining just and reasonable rates, and charges, the commission shall fix a reasonable value upon all the property of a public utility and upon electric plants to the extent paid for by the utility on the premises of any of its customers, which is used or required to be used in its service to the public within the State and a fair return on that property. Ιn fixing a reasonable value, commission shall give due consideration to evidence of the cost of the property when first devoted to public use and the prudent acquisition cost to the utility, less depreciation on each, and any other material and relevant factors or evidence, but the other factors current value. not include Ιn making a 34 valuation, the commission may consult reports, records or other information available to it in the office of 36 any state office or board.

37 35-A MRSA §3154, sub-§6 is enacted to Sec. 3. 38 read:

39 Conservation investments in rate base. 40 petition by the public utility in any general rate change request pursuant to section 307 filed on or after July 1, 1988, the commission may in its discretion include in the utility's rate base, and permit a fair return on the utility's rate base, any electric plant to the extent paid for by the utility which constitutes a cost effective investment in conservation or load management and which was installed on the premises of a customer on or after January 1, 1988.

In recent years, the Public Utilities Commission

10 STATEMENT OF FACT

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12 has taken steps to ensure that electrical conservation 13 measures receive full consideration in utility power 14 supply planning. One of the most important of these steps is least-cost planning which under current commission regulations requires utility planners to 15 16 17 integrate demand reduction options, along generation supply options, in the utility's annual resource plan for the next 30 years. One key problem 18 19 20 remains in this integrated planning process: 21 generation investments, such as a new hydro-electric facility, are included in the utility's rate base and 22 23 earn a return for utility shareholders over 24 depreciable life of that investment, while to date 25 conservation investments have not received 26 rate-making treatment and consequently do 27 currently provide investment incentives for utility 28 shareholders. Adding this incentive for utility investments in electrical efficiency, particularly in 29 30 the industrial sector, will benefit all ratepayers 31 when the costs of these investments, including a 32 return to utility shareholders, are below the 33 utility's avoided costs of replacement power. of this incentive also strengthens the avoided costs of replacement 34 Enactment 35 accuracy of utility resource planning by ensuring traditional rate-making treatment of investments included in the resource plan, be they investments in 36 37

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generation or in conservation measures.