# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

### ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

# Legislative Document

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follows:

NO. 2063

H.P. 1513 House of Representatives, January 14, 1988 Submitted by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative BRAGG of Sidney.
Cosponsored by Senators TUTTLE of York, BLACK of Cumberland and Representative NUTTING of Leeds.

### STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

AN ACT to Establish Appropriate and

Effective Penalty Levels for Violation of the

3				Pε	estic	ide Cont	trol	Law	s.			
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7 Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §616, sub-§1, as repealed and 8 replaced by PL 1977, c. 696, §65, is repealed.

9 Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §616, sub-§1-A is enacted to 10 read:

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1-A.	Vio	lation	S.	Any	per	son	violat	ing	any
provision									
this subc									
civil per			be	asse	ssed	acco	rding	to	the
following	schedu	ıle:							

A. For registrants and those persons who must be registrants under this subchapter, a penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for a first offense and not more than \$5,000 for subsequent offenses;

B. For commercial applicators, pesticide dealers and those persons who must be licensed in these capacities under Title 22, chapter 258-A, a penalty not to exceed \$1,500 for a first offense and not more than \$3,000 for subsequent offenses; and

C. For private applicators and any other persons who must be certified under Title 22, chapter 258-A, a penalty not to exceed \$750 for a first offense and not more than \$1,500 for subsequent offenses.

Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §1471-J, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 770, §§91 and 92, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

# §1471-J. Penalties

Any person who violates any provision of this chapter or any order, rule, decision, certificate or license issued by the board or who does any act constituting a ground for revocation, except as provided in section 1471-D, subsection 8, paragraphs A and H, shall be assessed a civil penalty according to the following schedule:

1. Persons licensed under Title 7, chapter 103, subchapter II-A. For registrants and those persons who must be registrants under Title 7, chapter 103, subchapter II-A, a penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for a first offense and not more than \$5,000 for subsequent offenses;

		· ·
)	1	2. Persons licensed under chapter 258-A. For
	2	commercial applicators, pesticide dealers and those
	3	persons who must be licensed in these capacities under
	4	chapter 258-A, a penalty not to exceed \$1,500 for a first offense and not more than \$3,000 for subsequent
~	5	
	6	offenses; and
	7	<ol> <li>Private applicators. For private applicators</li> </ol>
	8	under chapter 258-A and any other persons, a penalty
	9	not to exceed \$750 for a first offense and not more
	10	than \$1,500 for subsequent offenses.
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	11	STATEMENT OF FACT
	12	The current maximum penalty for an initial
	13	violation of the pesticide control laws is \$500. This
	14	contrasts with maximum penalties of \$10,000 for
	15	violation of the Department of Environmental
	16	Protection laws. Penalties for pesticide violations
	17	in all other New England states range from \$5,000 to
	18	\$10,000.
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~~~	19	The present penalty structure was adopted over 20
Ì	20	years ago and is no longer sufficient to serve as a
~	21 22	deterrent. This is especially true for large firms,
		but it is also the case for small operators who are
	23	frequently paying up to \$300 for a single gallon of
	24	pesticide product.
	25	This bill increases the penalties for violations
	26	of pesticide laws. Since the stated penalties are
	20. 27	maximums, actual fines appropriate to the nature of
	28	each particular violation would still be levied.
	40	each particular violation would still be levied.