

(New Draft of H.P. 721, L.D. 972) FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 1686

- 44

H.P. 1234 Reported by Representative PRIEST from the Committee on Legal Affairs and printed under Joint Rule 2. EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Original bill sponsored by Representative RUHLIN of Brewer. Cosponsored by Senator BUSTIN of Kennebec, Representatives HALE of Sanford and GREENLAW of Standish.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Create Minimum Safety Standards for Firefighters.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

26 MRSA c. 27 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 27

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MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS FOR FIREFIGHTERS

§2101. Definitions

As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.

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1 2	1. Fire department. "Fire department" means a fire department funded by any municipality or any
3	volunteer fire association.
4 5 6 7 8	2. Firefighter. "Firefighter" means any person who aids in the extinguishment of fires or responds to emergencies as an employee or member of a fire de- partment, whether he is a paid career employee or member, on call or a volunteer.
9	§2102. Firefighter training
10 11 12	1. Training requirements. Each fire department shall provide a training program which meets the fire department's needs and includes the following:
13 14	A. Training in accordance with Title 30, section 3774;
15 16	B. Training in the use of protective equipment required by this chapter;
17 18 19	C. Training by the fire chief or his designee in accordance with National Fire Protection Associa- tion standards;
20 21	D. Training to prevent occupational accidents, deaths, injuries and illnesses;
22 23 24	E. Training for all firefighters commensurate with the duties that they are expected to per- form;
25 26 27	F. Training to ensure that the firefighters are able to perform their assigned duties in a manner safe to themselves and others;
28 29 30	G. Basic training covering all areas specified by this chapter provided to firefighters before performing interior structural fire fighting;
31 32 33 34 35	H. Training in the safe handling and use of haz- ardous substances for firefighters required to handle the substances. Training must include the potential hazards involved and the required per- sonal hygiene and protective measures; and

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1 2 3 4	I. Training in the care, use, inspection, main- tenance and limitations of the protective equip- ment assigned to fire department firefighters or available for their use.
5 6 7	2. Records. Each fire department shall maintain complete records of individual training for fire- fighters.
8	§2103. Standards for equipment and clothing
9 10	Any reference in this section to a standard is to the most recent standard in effect.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	1. Protective equipment. The fire department shall provide each firefighter with the appropriate equipment to protect the firefighter from the hazards of the work environment to which the firefighter is likely to be exposed. The firefighter shall use the protective equipment whenever exposed to the hazards for which that equipment is provided. Protective equipment must consist of:
19	A. Protective clothing;
20	B. Head protection;
21	C. Foot protection;
22	D. Hand protection;
23	E. Eye and face protection;
24	F. Hearing protection;
25	G. Self-contained breathing apparatus;
26	H. Personal alert safety system; and
27 28	I. Fire service life safety rope, harness and hardware.
29 30 31 32 33	2. Protective clothing. Protective clothing con- sists of a coat and trousers or a coverall designed to provide body protection from moisture, flames, radiant heat, contact with caustic or toxic materials and other harmful exposures to a firefighter. Pur-

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chases of new protective clothing by a fire depart-2 ment must meet or exceed the National Fire Protection 3 - j Association standards.

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3. Head protection. A firefighter's helmet must 4 be a light-colored, nonconductive material. Dark-colored, nonconductive helmets may be used if a 5 6 7 reflective tape is applied to the exterior sides of 8 the helmet. Purchases of new helmets by a fire department must meet or exceed 29 Code of Federal Regu-9 lations, Part 1910, General Industry Standards of the 10 11 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 12 subpart L.

13 4. Foot protection. All firefighters' boots must 14 have a puncture resistant, slip resistant sole. Purchases of new boots by fire departments must meet or 15 exceed the American National Standards Institute 16 17. Z89.1 and 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910, General Industry Standards of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 18 19

Hand protection. Hand protection consists of 5. heat insulating gloves or mittens which are not readily flammable. Purchases of new hand protection by a fire department must meet or exceed 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910, General Industry Standards of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration and National Fire Protection Association standards.

6. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Purchases 27 28 of new respiratory apparatus by a department must be 29 classified as pressure demand, self-contained and 30 have a minimum of 1/2 hour normal service life plus an additional 1/2 hour capacity in a spare cylinder. 31 32 The entire unit must meet the Maine Safety Health Ad-33 ministration, the National Institute for Occupational 34 Safety and Health and the National Fire Protection 35 Association standards.

36 Self-contained breathing apparatus must contain a minimum air supply of 80% of the rated capacity of 37 38 the cylinder to be considered in-service.

39	Purchases of new harnesses for respiratory apparatus
40	by a fire department must be constructed of aramid or
41	other fabric that provides thermal protection con-

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sistent with the minimum requirements for protective clothing. Harnesses must be certified by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

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7. Personal alert safety system. Purchases of new personal alert safety system, PASS, by a fire department must meet or exceed the National Fire Protection Association standards.

8. Fire service life safety rope, harness and hardware. Purchases of new fire service life safety rope, harness and hardware by a fire department must meet National Fire Protection Association standards.

<u>\$2104. Required provision and use of protective</u> equipment

1. Eye and face protection. Each fire department shall provide and each firefighter shall use eye and face protection when the firefighter is engaged in fire suppression and other operations involving hazards to the eyes and face at all times when the face is not protected by the full facepiece of self-contained breathing apparatus.

2. Hearing protection. Each fire department shall provide and each firefighter shall use hearing protection when the firefighter is operating or riding on fire apparatus and is subject to noise in excess of 90 decibels. Hearing protection must be provided and used when the firefighter is exposed to noise in excess of 90 decibels from power tools or equipment, except in situations when the use of the protective equipment would create an additional hazard to the user.

3. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Each fire department shall provide and each firefighter shall use self-contained breathing apparatus when the firefighter enters structural fires or when proximity hazards require that protection. Each fire department shall establish a program of maintenance and repair to ensure that self-contained breathing apparatus retains its original effectiveness as recommended by the manufacturer.

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1		4. Personal alert safety system. Each fire de-
2		partment shall provide a personal alert safety system
3		or PASS, with every self-contained breathing appara-
4		tus.
5		§2105. Inspection procedure
6		The Bureau of Labor Standards shall adopt an in-
7		spection procedure for self-contained breathing appa-
8		ratus. The procedure must include at least the fol-
9		ratus. The procedure must include at least the fol- lowing, as specified in the American National Stan-
10		dards Institute 288.5:
11	1	 All components, air supply and warning de-
12		vices. A complete inspection of all components, air
13		supply and warning devices to be performed after each
14		use and:
15		A. For volunteer associations and on-call fire
16		departments, every month; and
_		and a finance and a second
17		B. For full-time fire departments, every week;
18		2. Facepiece. Cleansing and sanitizing the
19		facepiece after each use; and
		<u>Interface area cach abe, and</u>
20		3. Record. A record of the date of each inspec-
21		tion and findings for each self-contained breathing
22		apparatus.
23		§2106. Inspection by and assistance of Bureau of La-
24		bor Standards
25		The Bureau of Labor Standards shall inspect each
26		fire department at least once every 2 years to deter-
27		mine compliance with this chapter. The bureau shall
28		assist fire departments in complying with this chap-
29		ter.
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30		§2106. Rules
31		The Bureau of Labor Chanderda aboll adont rules
32		The Bureau of Labor Standards shall adopt rules to carry out and enforce this chapter.
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33		§2107. Inconsistent rules

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Any rules or portions of rules adopted by the Department of Labor that are inconsistent with this chapter are void and unenforceable.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This new draft sets minimum safety standards for firefighter training and safety equipment that apply to all fire departments, whether volunteer or paid. To phase in the standards, firefighters can continue to use current equipment even if it does not meet the standards, with the exception of certain specifications for boots and helmets. When any fire department purchases new protective equipment, the standards must be met. This does not apply to departments' purchases of used protective equipment, nor does it apply to individual firefighters who purchase their own equipment, whether new or used. The standards do not apply to any equipment donated to a firefighter or fire department.

Training of firefighters will be done by the fire chief or his designee and must be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association standards.

The Bureau of Labor Standards shall adopt rules to carry out and enforce the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 26, chapter 27. Any rules, including those now in effect, which are inconsistent with Title 26, chapter 27 are void and cannot be enforced.

This new draft requires the Bureau of Labor Standards to inspect each fire department at least once every 2 years, which is their current practice. The bureau is also required to assist fire departments in complying with the standards.

The prevention and reduction of accidents, injuries and occupational injuries are the goals of this new draft and shall be primary considerations at all times.

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Nothing in this new draft is intended to restrict
 any jurisdiction from exceeding these minimum stan dards.

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