

(Governor's Bill) FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document No. 1671

S.P. 559

In Senate, May 26, 1987

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate Presented by Senator COLLINS of Aroostook. Cosponsored by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake,

Representative LISNIK of Presque Isle, Representative PINES of Limestone.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Establish the Aroostook Water and Soil Management Board. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004, sub-§8, §A, sub-§(1-Al)

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004, sub-§8, §A, sub-§(1-A1) is enacted to read:

<u>(1-A1</u>	<u>) Agri</u>	<u>culture</u>	and Mar	oostoo d Soil nageme ard		ter	Exp Onl	<u>enses</u> Y		<u>MRSA</u> 332
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Ŧ	PART 1-B
2	AROOSTOOK COUNTY WATER AND SOIL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
3	CHAPTER 11
4	AROOSTOOK COUNTY WATER AND SOIL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
5	§331. Legislative findings
6	The Legislature finds that:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1. Agriculture; unique component of economy. Agriculture, and particularly the production and mar- keting of potatoes, is a significant and unique com- ponent of the economy of the State as a whole and particularly the economy of northern Maine. A strengthened Aroostook agriculture benefits the en- tire State by enhancing the State's economy and en- couraging improvement and stabilization of our land and water resources for the benefit of the people of this State.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24 25 26 27 28	2. Decline of potato production. Maine led the nation in potato production until 1957. The loss of traditional markets due to changing consumer demands and increased competition from other areas, including the irrigated western United States, has resulted in a steady decline of potato production. Expanding marketing opportunities exist for both fresh and pro- cessed potatoes, but entry into these markets depends on production of a consistently high quality product at a competitive price. Improvements in quality and yields require improved conservation practices and management of water resources.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	3. Absence of appropriate conservation prac- tices. Of the 240,000 acres of cropland in Aroostook County, 194,000 acres are considered highly erodible. The absence of appropriate conservation practices on this highly erodible land results in polluted rivers, streams and lakes and potentially endangered water supplies, fish and wildlife. Poor conservation prac- tices also lead to decreasing soil productivity. 4. Technology of supplemental water application. There are many unanswered questions about the tech-

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nology of supplemental water application to row crops in the northeastern United States, including crop response to irrigation, economic returns from irrigation and the availability of and impact on ground and surface waters as a result of irrigation.

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5. Possible improvements. The United States Army Corps of Engineers completed a study of the St. John River Basin, including most of Aroostook County, which suggests that it is possible to improve both the agricultural industry and environmental quality through cropland irrigation and improved agricultural conservation practices.

6. Federal funds. The United States Congress has authorized the expenditure of \$3,400,000 in federal funds to implement a program of research and education in order to demonstrate the cropland irrigation and conservation techniques described in the Army Corps of Engineers' "Feasibility Report for Cropland Irrigation and Conservation Research/Demonstration Program." The United States Congress has required that an amount equal to 35% of available federal funds be provided from other sources to match any federal appropriation.

7. Coordinated approach. Maine will benefit from a coordinated approach to securing the funds necessary to match the Army Corps of Engineers' authorization and from working with the Army Corps of Engineers to implement this water and soil management program.

§332. Aroostook Water and Soil Management Board

1. Membership. The Aroostook Water and Soil Management Board, as established by Title 5, section 12004, subsection 8, shall consist of the following: The Chairman of the Maine Potato Board; one person designated by the Maine Potato Board who has experience with irrigation; a representative of the 3 Aroostook County Soil and Water Conservation Districts chosen jointly by the boards of supervisors of the 3 districts; the Director of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station; the Director of the University of Maine Cooperative Extension Service; the State Conservationist of the United States Department

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1	of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service; the Direc-
2	tor of the Maine Geological Survey; the Director of
3	the Northern Maine Regional Planning Commission; and
4	the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Re-
5	sources.
6	2. Terms. The member appointed by the Maine Po-
7	tato Board and the member appointed to represent the
8	Aroostook Soil and Water Conservation Districts shall
9	each serve for 4-year terms. All other members shall
10	serve ex officio.
11 12	3. Chairman. The board shall annually select one of its members to serve as chairman.
13	4. Compensation. Board members shall be compen-
14	sated in accordance with Title 5, chapter 379.
15	5. Responsibilities. The board shall coordinate
16	all state and local efforts with respect to implemen-
17	tation of the United States Army Corps of Engineers
18	Conservation Research/Demonstration Program. Coordi-
19	nation includes, but is not limited to:
20	A. Determining research priorities and informa-
21	tional needs relative to improved water and soil
22	management practices;
23	B. Entering into agreements with the United
24	States Army Corps of Engineers, the University of
25	Maine System, the United States Department of Ag-
26	riculture Soil Conservation Service, the United
27	States Department of Agriculture Agricultural Re-
28	search Service, local soil and water conservation
29	districts, state agencies, private organizations
30	and individuals to carry out research, demonstra-
31	tion and informational activities related to the
32	program;
33 34	C. Assuring that new information developed by the program is effectively disseminated; and
35 36	D. Evaluating progress of the program and making recommendations regarding its future direction.
37	6. Staff. Staff to the board shall be provided
38	by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Re-
39	sources.

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§333. Aroostook Water and Soil Management Fund

There is established a nonlapsing Aroostook Water and Soil Management Fund. The Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources may accept money for this fund from the Federal Government or any public or private source and make expenditures from this fund in order to carry out activities related to the program.

Sec. 3. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act. These funds may be expended only after the United States Congress appropriates money to implement a program of research and education with regard to water management practices in Aroostook County.

AGRICULTURAL, FOOD AND RURAL RESOURCES, DEPART-MENT OF Bureau of Agricultural Production Positions (2)(2) Personal Services \$44,694 \$49,029 All Other 32,706 42,971 14,600 Capital Expenditures

Total

\$92,000

1987-88

\$92,000

1988-89

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STATEMENT OF FACT

2 The United States Army Corps of Engineers recent-3 ly published a major study evaluating the feasibility 4 of combining water management practices with soil conservation measures in Aroostook County and concluded that adoption of water management practices in conjunction with soil conservation measures would enhance the yield and quality of potatoes, benefit al-9 ternative crop production and reduce water pollution. 10 Water management is the controlled addition of supplemental water and the provision of proper drainage 11 within the framework of sound soil-conserving agri-12 cultural practices. The Corps' report holds promise 13 14 for stabilizing and enhancing the future agricultural 15 viability of Aroostook County. Clearly defining and 16 establishing improved water management practices 17 will, however, require a coordinated research, demonand education effort involving agricultural 18 stration 19 producers, many state and federal agencies and the 20 University of Maine System.

21 The United States Congress has authorized 22 \$3,400,000 to implement such a research and demon-23 stration program in Aroostook County, although feder-24 al funds have not yet been appropriated for the pro-25 gram. This bill establishes an Aroostook Water and 26 Soil Management Board to be responsible for coordi-27 nating state and federal efforts to implement the re-28 search and demonstration program proposed in the Army 29 Corps' report.

30 The board is composed of 2 representatives of the 31 Maine Potato Board, one representative of the 3 32 Soil and Water Conservation Dis-Aroostook County 33 tricts, the Northern Maine Regional Planning Commis-34 the University of Maine Cooperative Extension sion, Service, the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, 35 36 the Maine Geological Survey, the Department of Agri-37 culture, Food and Rural Resources and United States Department of Agriculture's Soil Conservation Ser-38 39 vice. The board will be responsible for determining 40 research priorities, entering into memoranda of 41 agreements with the relevant agencies, coordinating 42 agency work plans and assuring that the information 43 developed is effectively disseminated. Ιt is

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envisioned that much of the actual work authorized by this program will be carried out by the University of Maine System.

The federal enabling legislation requires matching funds from the State to support 35% of the total cost of the project. This bill appropriates money from the General Fund to provide part of this match. These state funds may be expended only after Congressional approval of a federal appropriation to support this program. In addition to this proposed state appropriation, both cash and in-kind expenditures by the Maine Geological Survey, the Maine Potato Board, the University of Maine System and other federal and state agencies will be used to meet the federal matching requirements.

Irrigation is a standard practice in the western United States, where rainfall is predictably absent during much of the growing season. Relatively little is known about the ramifications of extensive supplemental irrigation in a region of the country in which rain generally falls during the growing season, but unpredictably. In addition, the western states have well-established water allocation systems, while no comparable systems are available in much of the eastern United States. The research and demonstration projects encompassed in this proposed program will address availability and access to water sources, economic feasibility of water management technology, management strategies to maximize crop quality and yield and conservation measures to compliment the use of water management. The scope of this work will be of benefit throughout Maine and can establish the University of Maine System as a leader in the field of water management in the Northeast.

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