

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

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NO. 1589

H.P. 1163 House of Representatives, May 15, 1987. Submitted by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative STANLEY of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Senator GILL of Cumberland and Representative BEGLEY of Waldoboro.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Amend the Maine Juvenile Code.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

5 15 MRSA §3304, sub-§5, as amended by PL Sec. 1. 6 1977, c. 664, §24, is further amended to read:

Service on parents of juvenile. If the person or persons to whom a summons is served are not the parents or guardian of the juvenile, the summons shall also be issued to the parents or guardian or both notifying them of the pendency of the cause and of the time and place set for hearing. The court may waive this requirement if it finds that the service 14 is not possible and explains this finding in writing, required by section 3314, subsection 1, except as paragraph C-1 or C-2.

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1 2	Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §3304, sub-§6-A, as amended by PL 1985, c. 439, §13, is further amended to read:
3 5 6 7 8 9 10	6-A. Effect of nonappearance of parent or custo- dian. The failure of a parent, guardian or legal cus- todian to appear in response to the summons or for a later hearing, or the inability to serve such a par- ty, shall not prevent the court from continuing with the proceedings against a juvenile who is before the court, except as provided required in section 3314, subsection 1, paragraphs D-and-E C-1 and C-2.
11 12	Sec. 3. 15 MRSA §3305, 2nd ¶, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 520, §1, is amended to read:
13 14 15 16 17 18	Upon the acceptance of such an answer, a disposi- tional hearing shall be set at the earliest practica- ble time that will allow for the completion of a predisposition study conducted pursuant to section 3311 and for service of notice as required by section 3314, subsection 1, paragraph C-1 or C-2.
19 20	Sec. 4. 15 MRSA §3312, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 520, §1, is amended to read:
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	2. Examination of adjudicated juvenile. The court may have the juvenile examined by a physician or psychologist, and may place the juvenile in a hospital or other suitable facility or nonresidential program for this purpose. The cost of such examinations and placements shall be paid by-the-court-or-dering-them in whole or in part by the juvenile's parents. The court shall pay the costs if it finds that the parents are unable to pay.
30 31	Sec. 5. 15 MRSA §3312, sub-§3, ¶A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 373, §5, is further amended to read:
32 33 34	A. The court may continue the dispositional hearing, either on its own motion or on the motion of any interested party:
35 36	(1) For a period not to exceed one month to receive reports or other evidence; o r
37 38	(1-a) For a period not to exceed one month to allow for service of notice as required

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in section 3314, subsection 1, paragraph C-1
or C-2; or

(2) For a period not to exceed 12 months in order to place the juvenile in a supervised work or service program or a restitution program, or for such other purpose as the court in its discretion deems appropriate. In the event a supervised work or service program or restitution program has been ordered, the court shall on final disposition consider whether or not there has been compliance with the program so ordered.

Sec. 6. 15 MRSA §3314, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1977, c. 664, §34, is further amended to read:

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A. The court may allow the juvenile to remain in the legal custody of his parents or a guardian under such conditions as the court may impose. Conditions may include participation by the juvenile, his parents or legal guardian in treatment services aimed at the rehabilitation of the juvenile and improvement of the home environment.

Sec. 7. 15 MRSA §3314, sub-§1, ¶C-1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 439, §16, is amended to read:

C-1. The court may commit a juvenile to the custody of the Department of Human Services when the court has determined that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the juvenile from his home and that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile. The court may not enter an order under this paragraph unless the parents have had notice and an opportunity to be heard at the dispositional hearing.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall not commit a juvenile to the custody of the Department of Human Services until-at least-10-days-have-elapsed-from-the-date-on-which service-pursuant-to-section-3304-was-effected unless that notice has been served on the parents, custodians and the Department of Human Services in accordance with District Court Civil Rules at

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1 least 10 days prior to the dispositional hearing. 2 party may waive this time requirement if the A 3 waiver is written and voluntarily and knowingly 4 executed in court before a judge. Department of Human Services shall provide 5 The for the care and placement of the juvenile as for 6 other children in the department's custody pursu-7 ant to the Child and Family Services and Child 8 9 Protection Act, Title 22, chapter 1071, subchap-10 ter VII. 11 Sec. 8. 15 MRSA §3314, sub-§4, as enacted by \mathbf{PL} 1983, c. 581, §2, is repealed and the following en-12 acted in its place: 13 14 Support orders. Orders for support shall be 4. 15 as follows. 16 A. Whenever the court commits a juvenile to the 17 Maine Youth Center, Department of Human Services, 18 Department of Corrections or to a relative or other person, the court shall make a determina-tion of the ability of each parent to provide 19 20 21 support for the juvenile and may order that either or both parents pay support, which includes 22 care for the juvenile pursuant to Title 23 health 24 19, section 302. Whenever the court orders conditions under 25 в. 26 this section which require participation by the juvenile or his family in diagnostic or treatment 27 28 services, the court may include in its order the requirement that either or both parents: 29 30 (1) Pay in part or in whole the cost of 31 these services; or 32 (2) Provide for a policy or contract for 33 the coverage of these expenses. If health 34 insurance coverage for the juvenile is 35 a group basis available to a parent on through his employment or other affiliation, 36 the court's order may include a provision requiring the parent to obtain and maintain 37 38 39 that coverage on behalf of the juvenile.

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C. When an order includes both parents, the order shall specify what each parent will pay or provide.

Sec. 9. 15 MRSA §3317, as amended by PL 1985, c. 439, §17, is further amended to read:

§3317. Disposition after return to Juvenile Court

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In instances of commitment of a juvenile to the Department of Corrections, the Department of Human Services or the Maine Youth Center, the commissioner of either department or the superintendent of the youth center following the commitment may for good cause petition the Juvenile Court having original jurisdiction in the case for a judicial review of the disposition, including extension of the period of commitment. In all cases in which a juvenile is returned to a Juvenile Court, the Juvenile Court may make any of the dispositions otherwise provided in section 3314. When reviewing a commitment to the Department of Human Services, the court shall consider efforts made by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Human Services to reunify the juvenile his parents or custodians, shall make a finding with regarding those efforts and shall return custody of juvenile to the a parent or legal custodian if the the return of the juvenile would not be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile. A petition for judicial review of a disposition committing the child to the Department of Human Services shall be served on the parents at least 7 days prior to the hearing.

STATEMENT OF FACT

These changes to the Maine Juvenile Code emphasize the integral role and the responsibilities of parents for the care, treatment and rehabilitation of 4 their children when these children are adjudicated of juvenile offenses. The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 15, section 3314, subsection 1, paragraph A, allows court to include, in the conditions of the а juvenile's remaining in the legal custody of his parents, the participation of a juvenile and his parents 1.1 in treatment services aimed at the rehabilitation of the juvenile and the improvement of the home environ-12 13 Title 15, section 3314, subsection 4, estabment. 14 lishes the court's authority to order financial support and to order support from a parent for medical 15 16 and other health and treatment expenses whether or not a parent is a legal custodian.

18 In addition, the notice required prior to any 19 disposition removing custody from parents and giving 20 custody to the Department of Human Services has been 21 clarified and expanded.

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